Issued January 1, 1945 NCR-901-III. UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT AGENCY Washington, D. C. NORTH CENTRAL REGION 1945 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM ILLINOIS COMMITTEEMAN'S PRACTICE HANDBOOK The 1945 Farm Program is designed to assist the farmers of Illinois to the fullest possible extent in protecting their soils against damage from erosion and loss of fertility. The county committee, with the approval of the State committee, may designate those practices which will be approved for payment in the county in order that the farm allowance will be used most effectively to bring about increased conservation, or the county committee may specify for any group of farms a proportion of the farm allowance which may be earned only by carrying out certain designated practices which are very much needed. A. CONSERVATION PRACTIC ALLOWANCE The practice allowance is the maximum amount of payment that may be made for carrying out approved conservation practices on the farm. (1) Except as limited by the practice provisions, the allowance for the following special practices shall be the extent of such practices times the approved rates: Contouring Intertilled Crops, Contour Seeding, Establishing Contour Stripcropping, and Pasture Improvement. (2) The allowance for regular practices shall be the sum of the following, or \$15, whichever is greater: (a) 50 cents times the acreage classified as cropland. (b) The county rate per acre times the acreage classified as noncrop open (c) \$1.00 times the acreage classified as commercial orchards. B. CONSERVATION PRACTICES

The practices available for 1945 are those which are most needed in order to conserve and improve soil fertility, improve pasture land, prevent wind and water erosion, and promote conservation and better utilization of water. Assistance will be available through the conservation practice allowance for carrying out the following practices during the program year January 1, 1945, through December 31, 1945. To qualify for payment, each practice must be carried out in accordance with the specifications for that practice and be in keeping with good farming practices for the locality.

The total extent of any practice performed shall be reduced for purposes of payment by the percentage of the total cost of the practice which the county committee determines was furnished by a State or Federal agency. The extent of any practice shall not be reduced because a portion of the cost is represented by materials or services

furnished by the A. A. A., or equipment furnished by S. C. S., or materials or services furnished by an agency of a State or political subdivision thereof to another agency or political subdivision of the same State, or trees purchased from a Clark-McNary Cooperative State Nursery.

All special practices listed under this section are designated by asterisks (**). Practices not designated as special practices will be

considered as regular practices:

(1) **Contouring intertilled crops.—Contour farming of intertilled crops provided the crop stubble is left standing or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained. Credit will not be given for this practice on land which has a slope of less than 2 percent. If there is danger of erosion in waterways, such waterways must be permanently established in sod. No credit will be given for this practice for any acreage qualifying under the Contour Stripcropping practices.—\$1.50 per acre.

(2) **Contour seeding.—Contour seeding of small grain crops, sorghums, millet, and soybeans. All operations in connection with the seeding must be on the contour. If there is danger of erosion in waterways, such waterways must be permanently established in sod. No credit will be given for this practice for any acreage qualifying

under the Contour Stripcropping practices.—\$0.50 per acre.

(3) **Establishing contour stripcropping.—By growing alternate strips of intertilled crops with sown, close-drilled, or sod crops, on the contour: *Provided*, (1) The strips are approximately the same width; (2) the strips are not less than 3 rods nor more than 10 rods in width; and (3) the crop stubble is left standing or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained. Buffer strips must be at least 1 rod

in width.—\$2.50 per acre.

(4) Maintaining contour stripcropping.—Maintaining contour stripcropping previously established, by growing alternate strips of intertilled crops with sown, close-drilled, or sod crops, on the contour: Provided, (1) The strips are approximately the same width; (2) the strips are not less than 3 rods nor more than 10 rods in width; and (3) the crop stubble is left standing or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained. When in the normal course of crop rotation it is necessary to have two adjacent strips of sown, close-drilled, or sod crops, payment will be made for the entire field. Buffer strips must be at least 1 rod in width.—\$1 per acre.

(5) Field stripcropping to control wind erosion.—By growing alternate strips of intertilled crops with sown, close-drilled, or sod crops: *Provided*, (1) The strips are approximately parallel and are laid out at right angles to the prevailing winds or in a continuous S so that winds cannot blow parallel to the rows of crops; (2) the strips are not less than 3 rods nor more than 20 rods in width; and (3) the crop stubble is left standing or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained. Buffer strips must be at least 1 rod in width.—\$0.50

per acre.

(6) Standard terraces.—With the prior approval of the county committee, construction of standard terraces for which proper outlets are provided. The terraces should be constructed to conform with specifications for standard terraces for the area as recommended in Circular 513, University of Illinois.—\$1 per 100 lin. ft.

(7) Establishing sod waterways.—Establishing a permanent sod waterway on any cropland where a permanent vegetative cover is necessary in a waterway channel or terrace outlet, or in cultivated orchards. The channel of the waterway must be sufficiently wide to carry the run-off from the drainage area and must be at least 1 rod in width at the narrowest point. The channel must contain perennial grasses and a good vegetative growth must be obtained.-\$0.75 per 1,000 sq. ft.

(8) Maintaining sod waterways.—Maintaining an established sod waterway at least 1 rod wide at the narrowest point in a field which is devoted to intertilled crops or grain crops, by lifting the plow when the waterway is crossed, mowing, sodding or reseeding breaks in the sod, protecting from damage by livestock, and by use of other practices necessary to maintain a good vegetative cover. No credit will be given for this practice for any waterway for which credit is given under Practice (7).—\$0.25 per 1,000 sq. ft.

(9) **Pasture improvement.—With prior approval of the county committee improving pasture on land designated as noncrop open pasture land by carrying out all of the following operations. Credit will not be given for more than 20 acres per farm.—\$4 per acre.

(a) Application of the necessary amounts of liming materials or fertilizers, as determined by the county committee. Credit for the application of liming materials or fertilizer will be given under Practices (23) or (24).

(b) Tearing up the sod by use of a disk or a similar tool in such a manner as to mix the needed lime or fertilizer into the soil and to provide a seedbed for the new seeding.

(c) Making a seeding of not less than 15 pounds of a pasture mixture of adapted legumes and grasses. At least 50 percent of the mixture must con-

sist of perennial or biennial legumes.

(d) Delaying grazing until the new seedling has made a good growth, controlling grazing during the remainder of the season, and removing livestock early enough in the fall to permit the grasses and legumes to make a good growth before winter.

(e) Mowing weeds, if necessary, a sufficient number of times to prevent seed formation and to control growth. Credit for mowing will be given under

(10) Mowing weeds.—Mowing weeds on pasture land a sufficient number of times during the growing season to prevent weed seed formation and improve the stand of grasses or legumes, and by carrying out such other pasture improvements practices as the county committee may require. No hay or seed crop may be taken from the

acreage.—\$0.50 per mowing per acre.

(11) Dams and ponds for livestock water.—With prior approval of the county committee, construction of earthen, or masonry dams and ponds for the purpose of providing water for livestock. Earthen dams must be constructed with minimum slopes of 3 to 1 on the upstream side and 2 to 1 on the downstream side. Dams of 10 feet or less in height must have a minimum free board of 3 feet. Dams over 10 feet in height must have a minimum free board of 4 feet. Spillways must be of sufficient width to carry the expected overflow from the drainage area. The pond must be fenced to exclude livestock and the water must be piped out to a tank, or where this is impracticable, a small arm of the pond may be permitted to extend beyond the fenced area, or chutes or other means of making water available to livestock may be approved by the county committee provided such methods do not permit access of the livestock to the pond proper.

(a) For earth or other material moved for each development: Not over 2,000 cu. yds.—\$0.15 per cu. yd.
In excess of 2,000 cu. yds.—\$0.10 per cu. yd.

(b) For concrete or masonry.—\$9 per cu. yd.
(c) For rubble masonry.—\$6 per cu. yd.

(12) Go-down crops (applicable only in commercial orchards).—Protecting the soil from wind and water erosion by the use of go-down crops; *Provided*, A good vegetative growth is obtained and the crop is not pastured or harvested for grain, hay, seed, or forage, or otherwise taken from the land. The following crops will qualify under this practice: Sudan grass, millet, buckwheat, sweet sorghums, oats, barley, rye, wheat, or mixtures of any of these crops. Lespedeza seeded in the spring of 1945, soybeans or cowpeas.—\$1.50 per acre.

(13) Green manure crops.—Disking or plowing under a good stand and a good growth of the following crops. If the land is subject to erosion and the green manure crop is plowed down in the fall, the

land must be protected by a winter cover crop.—\$1.50 per acre:

(a) Sweet clover.

(b) Red clover turned under in the fall of 1945.

(c) Cowpeas.

(d) Lespedeza seeded in the spring of 1945, turned under in the fall, and followed by a winter cover crop.

(e) 1944 fall seedings of winter rye.

(14) Green manure crops in commercial orchards.—Turning under a good stand and a good growth of the following crops where such crops can be disked down or plowed under without promoting soil erosion. If the land is subject to erosion and the green manure crop is plowed down in the fall, the land must be protected by a winter cover crop.—\$1.50 per acre:

(a) Rye, wheat, and oats.

(b) Sweet clover, cowpeas, and soybeans.

(c) Red clover and alsike turned under in the fall.

(d) Lespedeza seeded in the spring of 1945, turned under in the fall, and followed by a winter cover crop.

(15) Green manure crops on commercial vegetable land.—Turning under a good stand and a good growth of oats, rye, or barley on land devoted to the production of commercial vegetables during 1945. If the land is subject to erosion and the green manure crop is plowed down in the fall, the land must be protected by a winter cover crop.—\$1.50 per acre.

(16) Harvesting hayseed.—Harvesting for seed an acreage of alfalfa, red clover, alsike, white clover, sweet clover, and bromegrass. Credit will not be given for more than 25 acres per farm.—\$3.50 per

acre.

(17) Weed control.—With prior approval of the county committee, eradication or effective control of seriously infested plots of Canada thistle, or bindweed. Payment for this practice may be approved only on farms where approved weed control measures are being carried out on all adjacent infested farms and contiguous land, where the infestation is limited to a single farm, or where the county com-

mittee determines that there is no likelihood of reinfestation from adjacent or contiguous land.

(a) By use of sodium chlorate or other chemicals.—\$0.10 per lb.

(b) By clean tillage.—\$10 per acre.

(18) Farm ditches.—With prior approval of the county committee, construction or cleaning out of farm ditches (except ditches constructed or maintained by a drainage district), including lateral and lead ditches, for which proper outlets are provided and adequate provision is made for entrance of water into and out of the ditches. An engineer's survey of grade and cross sections and a map of the area showing the ditches may be used to determine whether specifications have been met. When practice allowances are pooled under an approved pooling agreement, the \$5.00 per 100 linear feet limitation will be removed.—\$0.08 per cu. yd. and not to exceed \$5 per 100 lin. ft.

(19) Ditches for tile drainage.—With prior approval of the county committee, excavation for the purpose of installation of tile drains, *Provided*, The size of tile, outlets and gradient meet the specifications for standard drainage published by the U. S. Department of Agriculture, and the tile lines shall be used only for the draining of agricultural land. An engineers survey showing grades of tile lines and a map showing location may be used to determine whether specifi-

cations have been met.—\$0.40 per rod.

- of the tree must be obtained from the county committee. The plantings must be made in accordance with good tree culture, and protected from fire and grazing. The following varieties of trees may be approved for payment provided they are adapted to the particular soil type, climatic conditions, moisture conditions, and site: Shortleaf pine, eastern red cedar, walnut, butternut, mockernut hickory, shagbark hickory, white oak, red oak, black oak, tulip poplar, green ash, white ash, red gum, Virginia pine, yellow poplar, black walnut, black locust, sugar maple, hardy catalpa, and other hardwoods approved by the State Foresters.
 - (a) Planting for forest purposes or gully control.—\$1 per 100 trees but not in excess of \$7.50 per acre.

(b) Planting for windbreaks.—\$2 per 100 trees.

(21) Tree maintenance.—Maintaining for forest purposes a good stand of at least 500 trees per acre, or for windbreak purposes, a stand of at least 250 trees per acre, which have been planted between Jan. 1, 1940 and Jan. 1, 1945, by cultivating sufficiently to control other vegetation, protecting from fire and grazing, and replanting if necessary.—\$3 per acre.

(22) Mulching materials.—Application of straw in commercial orchards, in vineyards, on commercial vegetable land, on potato land,

or on strawberries or other small fruit.—\$4 per ton.

(23) Liming materials (credit rates are contained in NCR-901-Ill., Suppl. I).—Application of the following materials:

(a) One ton of agricultural ground limestone containing at least 80 percent calcium carbonate equivalent, and ground sufficiently fine so that 80 percent, including all of the finer particles obtained in the grinding process, will pass through an 8-mesh sieve. The moisture content at the time of

shipment must not exceed 8 percent. The specifications for calcium carbonate content and percent of material passing through an 8-mesh sieve must be such that the multiplication of these specifications will be equal to or in excess of 0.7200. If the ground limestone will not qualify with respect to either fineness or calcium carbonate content, or both, the county committee must require a correspondingly greater amount of material.

(b) One ton of byproduct of lead mines with the lead separated by the

watertable method and the sludge ground so that 90 percent will pass through an 8-mesh sieve and the product must contain a minimum of 80 percent

calcium carbonate.

(c) One ton of #2 limestone containing calcium and magnesium carbonate

equivalent to not less than 65 percent of calcium carbonate.

(d) One ton of calcium carbide refuse lime containing at least 80 percent of calcium carbonate and testing not more than 35 percent moisture at the shipping point. A correspondingly greater amount of material must be required if the material does not meet the specifications.

(e) One cubic yard of marl.

(f) One ton of blast furnace slag.

(g) One cubic yard of sugar beet refuse lime.
(h) One cubic yard of water-softening process lime.
(i) One ton of commercial burnt lime.

(i) One ton of hydrated lime.

(24) Fertilizers.—Application of superphosphate, rock phosphate, colloidal phosphate, or potash, when such material is applied (1) to new seedings of biennial or perennial legumes, perennial grasses, winter legumes, lespedeza, or permanent pasture (no credit will be given for materials furnished by the Agricultural Adjustment Agency applied to a seeding if wheat is used as a nurse crop); (2) to old stands of biennial and perennial legumes, perennial grasses or permanent pasture, provided the acreage on which such applications are made is not devoted to, cultivated for, or plowed for any other crop

during the program year; and (3) to green manure crops in orchards.

(a) Application of superphosphate or defluorinated phosphate rock.— \$4.75 per 100 lbs. of available P2O5.

(b) Application of rock phosphate or colloidal phosphate.-\$0.55 per 100 lbs.

(c) Application of potash.—\$3.25 per 100 lbs. of available K2O.

(d) 100 lbs. of 0-9-27___ \$1.30 (n) 100 lbs. of 2-12-6_ \$0.75 100 lbs. of 0-10-20___ 1.10 (o) 100 lbs. of 2-16-8____ 1.00 (f) 100 lbs. of 0-12-12___ (g) 100 lbs. of 0-14-7___ . 95 (p) 100 lbs. of 3-9-18__ 1.00 . 90 (q) 100 lbs. of 3-12-12___ . 95 100 lbs. of 0-14-14___ 1.10 (r) 100 lbs. of 3-18-9____ 1.15 100 lbs. of 0-18-0____ . 85 100 lbs. of 4-10-6_ (8) . 65 100 lbs. of 0-19-0____ . 90 (t)100 lbs. of 4-16-0____ . 75 (k) 100 lbs. of 0-20-0____ . 95 100 lbs. of 8-8-8__ (u). 65 100 lbs. of 0-20+10___ 1.25 (v) 100 lbs. of 10-6-4____ (m) 100 lbs. of 0-20-20___

C. DEFINITIONS

(1) Farm.—Farm means all adjacent or nearby farm land under the same ownership which is operated by one person, including also:

(a) Any other adjacent or nearby farm land which the county committee, in accordance with instructions issued by the Agricultural Adjustment Agency, determines is operated by the same person as part of the same unit with respect to the rotation of crops and with workstock, farm machinery, and labor substantially separate from that for any other lands; and

(b) Any field-rented tract (whether operated by the same or another person) which, together with any other land included in the farm, constitutes

a unit with respect to the rotation of crops.

(c) A farm shall be regarded as located in the county in which the principal dwelling is situated, or if there is no dwelling thereon, it shall be regarded as located in the county in which the major portion of the farm is located.

(2) Cropland.—Cropland means farm land which in 1944 was tilled or was in regular rotation, excluding any land which constitutes, or will constitute if such tillage is continued, a wind-erosion hazard to the community, and excluding also any land in commercial orchards.

(3) Noncrop open pasture land.—Noncrop open pasture land means pasture land (other than rotation pasture land) on which the predominant growth is forage suitable for grazing and on which the number or grouping of any trees or shrubs is such that the land could

not fairly be considered as woodland.

(4) Commercial orchards.—Commercial orchards means the acreage on the farm in planted or cultivated fruit trees, nut trees, vineyards, hops, or bush fruits (excluding nonbearing orchards and vineyards), from which the major portion of the production is normally sold.

(5) **Person.**—Person means an individual, partnership, association, corporation, estate, or trust, or other business enterprise or other legal entity, and, wherever applicable, a State, a political subdivision of a State, or any agency thereof.

(6) Producer.—Producer means any person who as landlord,

tenant, or sharecropper, participates in the operation of a farm.

D. NONCROP OPEN PASTURE RATES TO BE USED IN COMPUTING FARM ALLOWANCES

			D-t-		Dete
	Rate per acre		Rate per acre		Rate per acre
County:	(cents)	County:	(cents)	County:	(cents)
Adams	40	Gallatin	14	Macoupin	18
Alexander		Greene	40	Madison	18
Bond	-1 -10	Grundy	04	Marion	16
Boone	90	Hamilton		Marshall	20
Brown	40	Hancock	20	Mason	16
Bureau	40	Hardin	11	Massac	13
Calhoun		Henderson	15	Menard	19
Carroll	40	Henry	18	Mercer	
Cass	40	Iroquois	20	Monroe	
Champaign		Jackson	14	Montgomery	
Christian		Jasper		Morgan	
Clark		Jefferson		Moultrie	
Clay	16	Jersey		Ogle	
Clinton	40	Jo Daviess	18	Peoria	
Coles	00	Johnson		Perry	
Cook	19	Kane		Piatt	10
Crawford	18	Kankakee	16	Pike	
Cumberland		Kendall		Pope	
De Kalb	00	Knox		Pulaski	0.4
De Witt	22	Lake		Putnam	
Douglas	24	La Salle		Randolph	
Du Page	20	Lawrence		Richland	
Edgar		Lee	20	Rock Island	
Edwards	16	Livingston	19	- CO. OZODAZ	19
Effingham		Logan		Saline	15
Fayette	17	McDonough		Sangamon	
Ford		McHenry		Schuyler	
Franklin		McLean	00	Scott	
Fulton	19	Macon	22	Shelby	21

County:	Rate per acre (cents)		Rate per acre (cents)		Rate er acre cents)
Stephenson	21	Wabash Warren	19	Whiteside	17
Tazewell	19	Washington	18	Williamson	16
Union Vermillion	14	WayneWhite	15	Winnebago Woodford	

E. POOLING OF PRACTICE ALLOWANCE

Producers in any local area may agree in writing, with the approval of the State Committee, to combine all or any part of their farm allowances for the performance of practice No. (18), Farm Ditches, provided their farms are benefited by the construction of the ditches. For purposes of payment, the practice carried out under an approved written pooling agreement will be regarded as having been carried out on the farms of the producers who performed the practice.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D. C.

1945 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM

NORTH CENTRAL REGION

SUPPLEMENT 1 TO ILLINOIS COMMITTEEMAN'S PRACTICE HANDBOOK

1945 CREDIT RATES FOR LIMING MATERIALS—ILLINOIS

Following are the materials for which the credit rates are the same throughout the State:

Type of material	Credit rate
Calcium carbide refuse lime	\$1.40 per ton.
Water-softening process lime	\$0.70 per cu. yd.
Blast furnace slag	\$1.40 per ton.
Marl	\$0.90 per cu: yd.
Hydrated lime	\$4.00 per ton.
Sugar beet refuse lime	\$0.70 per cu. yd.
Commercial burnt lime	\$4.00 per ton.

The following are the credit rates per ton for the other liming materials for which credit will be given in your county:

ADA	M	S	CO.	UN	TY

ALEXANDER COUNTY-Cont.

ADAMS COUNTY		ALEXANDER COUR	111-0	ont.
Township	Lime- stone	Township		Lime- stone
	00 00	E. d. C. Cinadaan		\$2, 00
Beverly	\$2.00	East Cape Girardeau		
Burton		Elco Lake Milligan		
Camp Point	1. 90			1. 80
Clayton	2. 00	McClure		
Columbus	1. 90	MillerOlive Branch		
Concord	2. 00			
Ellington	1. 70	Sandusky Santa Fe		1. 80
Fall Creek	1. 80 1. 80	Tamms		
Gilmer		Thebes		1. 90
Honey Creek		Unity		
Keene Keene		Omby		1, 00
LibertyLima		BOND COUN	JTY	
McKee		BOND COCI		
Melrose			1	
Mendon		Township	Lime-	Lead mine
North East	1	Township	stone	refuse
Payson				
Richfield	1. 90		1	- 11 1.3
Riverside		Burgess	\$2. 00	\$1.90
Ursa		Central	2. 10	2. 00
		Lagrange	2. 10	2. 00
		Mills		2. 00
ALEXAN DER COUNT	Y	Mulberry Grove		2. 00
		Old Ripley Pleasant Mound	2. 10	2. 00
AND LONGING		Pleasant Mound	2. 10	2. 00
Beech Ridge		Shoal Creek	2. 10 2. 20	2. 00
Cache—Cairo	1. 90	Tamalco	2. 20	2.00

1. 60

Delta____

BOONE COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
William Francisco	
Belvidere	\$1.40
Bonus	1.30
Boone	
Caledonia	1. 20
Flora	1. 40
LeRoy	1. 30
Manchester	
Poplar Grove	
Spring	1. 30

BROWN COUNTY

Buckhorn	\$2.30
Cooperstown	2. 10
Elk Horn	2. 10
Lee	2. 30
Missouri	
Mt. Sterling	2. 30
Pea Ridge	
Ripley	2. 30
Versailles	2. 10
The state of the s	

BUREAU COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	No. 2 lime- stone
Arispie Berlin Bureau Clarion Concord Dover Fairfield Gold Greenville Hall Indiantown La Moille Leepertown Macon Manlius Milo Mineral Neponset Ohio Princeton	\$1. 90 1. 80 1. 80 1. 70 2. 00 1. 80 2. 00 2. 00 1. 80 2. 00 1. 30 1. 90 1. 80 1. 60 2. 10 2. 00 1. 90 2. 10 2. 20 1. 80 1. 80 1. 80	\$1. 50
Selby Walnut Westfield Wheatland Wyanet	1. 40 1. 80 1. 40 1. 80 1. 90	

CALHOUN COUNTY

1	Township	Lime- stone
Belleview_		\$2. 10
Carlin		1. 90
Gilead		1. 80
Hamburg		1. 90
Hardin		1. 80
Point		1. 80
Richwood		1. 80

CARROLL COUNTY

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Cherry Grove	\$1.40
Elkhorn Grove	1. 30
Fairhaven	1. 70
Freedom	1. 40
Lima	1. 40
Mt. Carroll	1. 60
Rock Creek	1. 40
Salem	1. 50
Savanna	1. 70
Shannon	1. 40
Washington	1. 70
Woodland	1. 40
Wysox	1. 50
York	1. 50

CASS COUNTY

	The state of the s
Arensville	\$2, 40
Ashland	2, 50
Beardstown	
Bluff Springs	
Chandlerville	2. 50
Hagener	2. 40
Newmansville	2 40
Panther Creek	2. 50
Philadelphia	
Sangamon Valley	2. 40
Virginia	2. 40
viiginia	2. 40

CHAMPAIGN COUNTY

Ayers	\$1. 50
Brown	1. 70
Champaign	1.70
Colfax	1. 90
Condit.	1. 70
Condit	1. 70
Crittenden	1. 70
East Bend	
Harwood	
Hensley	1. 70

CHAMPAIGN COUNTY—Continued | CLARK COUNTY—Continued

Township	Lime- stone
Kerr	\$1. 70
Ludlow	1. 70 1. 90
MahometNewcomb	1. 70
Ogden	1. 60
Pesotum	1. 80
Philo	1. 60
Rantoul	1. 70 1. 60
Raymond Sadorus	1. 90
St. Joseph	1. 60
Scott	1. 80
Sidney	1. 50 1. 70
SomerSouth Homer	1. 70
Stanton	1. 70
Tolono	1. 70
Urbana	1. 60

CHRISTIAN COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Lead mine refuse
Assumption Bear Creek Buckhart Greenwood Johnson King Locust May Mosquito Mt. Auburn Pana Prairieton Ricks Rosemond South Fork Stonington Taylorville	\$2. 20 2. 10 2. 00 2. 10 2. 20 2. 10 2. 20 2. 20 2. 20 2. 20 2. 10 2. 10 2. 20	\$2. 10 2 00 1. 90 2 00 2 10 2 00 2 10 2 10 2 10 2 10 2 1

CLARK COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
AndersonAuburn	\$1. 90
Auburn	1. 90
Casev	1. 80
CaseyDarwin	1. 70.
Dolson	1. 80
Douglas	1. 80
Johnson	1. 90
Marshall	1. 70
	1. 90
MartinsvilleMelrose	1. 90
Orange	2. 00

. Township	Lime- stone
Parker	\$2. 00
Wabash	1. 80
Westfield	1. 80
York	1. 80

CLAY COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Lead mine refuse
Bible Grove	2. 10 2. 30 2. 30 2. 20 2. 20 2. 30	\$2. 10 2. 10 2. 00 1. 90 2. 10 2. 00 2. 00 2. 10 2. 00 2. 00 2. 00 1. 90

CLINTON COUNTY

Breese	\$2.00	\$1.90
Brookside	2. 20	1. 70
Carlyle	2. 10	2.00
Clement	2. 10	2. 00
East Fork	2. 30	2. 20
Germantown	2. 00	1. 90
Irishtown	2. 10	2. 00
Lake	2. 10	1. 80
Looking Glass	1. 90	1. 80
Meridian	2. 20	1.80
St. Rose	1. 90	1. 80
Santa Fe	2. 10	2. 00
Sugar Creek	1. 90	1. 80
,Wade	2. 10	2. 00
Wheatfield	2. 00	1. 90

COLES COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
Ashmore	\$1. 80
Charleston	1 80
East Oakland	
Humboldt	180
Hutton	2, 10
Lafayette	2.00
Mattoon	2. 10
Morgan	2.00
North Okaw	2. 10
Paradise	2. 20

COLES COUNTY-Continued

DE KALB COUNTY Lime-Lime-Township Township Pleasant Grove \$2. 10 \$1.80 Clinton_____ 1.80 Seven Hickory 2,00 Cortland_____ 1, 90 DeKalb_____ 1.90 Franklin_____ 1.30 COOK COUNTY Genoa_____ 1.60 1. 50 1. 70 Kingston_____ Malta____ \$1.70 Barrington_____ Mayfield_____ 1.80 1.40 Bloom Milan_____ 1.50 1.30 Bremen_____ Paw Paw_____ 1.50 1.50 Calumet_____ Pierce_____ 1.90 Elk Grove 1.20 Sandwich_____ 1.70 1.40 Hanover_____ Shabbona_____ 1.40 Lemont Leyden Lyons Maine 1.40 Somonauk_____ 1.80 1.20 South Grove_____Squaw Grove_____ 1, 50 1.40 1.80 1.30 Sycamore 1.80 New Trier_____ 1.40 Victor_____ 1.80 Niles____North Field__ 1. 20 1.40 Norwood Park 1.20 DE WITT COUNTY Orland_____ 1.40 Palatine_____ 1, 50 Palos_____ 1.40 1.30 Barnett_____ Proviso_____ \$1.80 Clintonia_____ Rich____ 1.40 1.70 Schaumberg Creek_____ 1.80 1.60 DeWitt_____ 1. 70 1. 70 Stickney 1.40 Harp____ Nixon____ Thornton_____ 1.30 Wheeling_____ 1.40 Worth____ Rutledge____ 1.70 1.40 Santa Anna 1.70 Texas_____ 1.80 Tunbridge_____ 1.80 CRAWFORD COUNTY Wapella___ Waynesville____ 1.70 1. 80 1. 70 Wilson_____ Honey Creek_____ \$2.30 Hutsonville______ 2. 20 Lamotte_____ 2. 30 DOUGLAS COUNTY 2. 00 Licking_____ Martin_____ Montgomery_____ 2. 30 2. 50 Oblong____ Prairie_____ Arcola_____ 30 \$2,00 Bourbon____ 2.00 10 Robinson_____ Bowdre_____ 1. 90 2, 30 Camargo_____ Southwest 2. 30 2.00 2. 10 Garrett_____ Murdock____ 1. 80 Newman_____ 1.80 CUMBERLAND COUNTY Sargent _____ 1.80 Tuscola_____ 2, 00 Cottonwoo'd. _____Crooked Creek_____ \$1.90

1.70

1.80

2. 20

2. 20

1.90

1.80 2.00

Greenup_____

Neoga_

DU PAGE COUNTY

Bloomingdale_____ Downers Grove_____

Lisle

Milton

\$1.30

1. 40 1. 30

1. 40 1. 30

DU PAGE COUNTY—Continued

Township	Lime- stone
Naperville	\$1, 40
Wayne	1, 50
Winfield	1, 40
York	1, 30

EDGAR COUNTY

Brouillets Creek	\$2. 20
Buck	2. 00
Edgar	2. 10
Elbridge	1. 80
Embarrass	2. 00
Grandview	1. 90
Hunter	2. 10
Kansas	1. 80
Paris	2. 10
Prairie	2. 10
Ross	1. 90
Shiloh	2. 00
	2. 10
Stratton	1. 80
Symmes	1. 80
Young America	1. 00

EDWARDS COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Lead mine refuse
Albion	2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10	\$1. 80 2. 00 2. 00 2. 00 2. 00 2. 00 2. 10 2. 00

EFFINGHAM COUNTY

	00 00	00.10
Banner	\$2. 20	\$2. 10
Bishop	2. 10	2. 00
Douglas	2 . 00	1. 90
Jackson	2. 20	2. 10
Liberty	2. 20	2. 10
Lucas	2. 30	2. 20
Mason	2. 10	2. 00
Moccasin	2. 20	2. 10
Mound	2.00	1. 90
St. Francis-Teutopolis	2. 00	1. 90
Summit	2. 20	2. 10
Union	2. 20	2. 10
Watson	2. 10	2. 00
West	2. 00	1. 90
11 00022222222		

FAYETTE COUNTY

,		
Township	Lime- stone	Lead mine refuse
Avena_Bear Grove_Bowling Green_Carson_Hurricane_Kaskaskia_La Clede_Lone Grove_Louden_Otego_Pope_Ramsey_Sefton_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_South Hurricane_Vandalia_Wheatland_Wilberton_Seminary_Wheatland_Wilberton_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_South Hurricane_Vandalia_Wheatland_Wilberton_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_South Hurricane_Vandalia_Wheatland_Wilberton_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_South Hurricane_Vandalia_Wheatland_Wilberton_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_South Hurricane_Vandalia_Wheatland_Wilberton_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_South_Hurricane_Vandalia_Wheatland_Wilberton_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_South_Hurricane_Vandalia_Wheatland_Wilberton_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_South_Hurricane_Vandalia_Wheatland_Wilberton_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_South_Hurricane_Vandalia_Wheatland_Wilberton_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_South_Hurricane_Vandalia_Wheatland_Wilberton_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_South_Hurricane_Vandalia_Wheatland_Wilberton_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_South_Hurricane_Vandalia_Wheatland_Wilberton_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_South_Hurricane_Vandalia_Wheatland_Wilberton_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_South_Hurricane_Vandalia_Wheatland_Wilberton_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_South_Hurricane_Vandalia_Wheatland_Wilberton_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_South_Hurricane_Vandalia_Wheatland_Wilberton_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_Seminary_Sharon_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_Seminary_Shafter_Sharon_Seminary_Sharon_Seminary_Sharon_Seminary_Sharon_Seminary_Sharon_Seminary_Sharon_Seminary_Sharon_Seminary_Sharon_Seminary_Sharon_Seminary_Sharon_Seminary_Sharon_Seminary_Sharon_Seminary_Seminary_Seminary_Seminary_Seminary_Seminary_Seminary_Seminary_Seminary_Se	2. 20 2. 00 2. 20 2. 20 2. 20 2. 20 2. 10 2. 30	\$1. 90 1. 80 2. 00 2. 10 2. 10 1. 90 1. 90 1. 90 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 1. 90 2. 10 1. 90 2. 10 1. 90 2. 10 1. 90 2. 10 2. 10 1. 90 2. 10 2. 10 1. 90 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10
	1	

FORD COUNTY

Patton 1. 80 Peach Orchard 1. 80 Pella 1. 40 Rogers 1. 20 Sullivant 1. 60	Township	Lime- stone
Wall1.70	Button	1. 80 1. 90 1. 90

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Lead mine refuse
Barren	\$1. 90 1. 80 1. 90 1. 90 2. 00 2. 00 1. 80 1. 90 2. 00 2. 10 1. 90 1. 90	\$1. 70 1. 60 1. 60 1. 70 1. 80 1. 80 1. 80 1. 70 1. 90 1. 60 1. 70

FULTON COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
Astoria	\$2, 40
Banner	2. 40
Bernadotte	2, 60
Buckheart	2, 40
Canton	2. 30
Cass	2, 50
Deerfield	2. 50
Ellisville	2. 50
Fairview	2. 40
Farmer	2, 40
Farmington	2, 40
Harris	2. 40
Isabel	$\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{30}$
Joshua	2, 40
Kerton	2, 30
Lee	2. 30
Lewistown	2. 40
Liverpool	2. 40
Orion	2, 40
Pleasant	2. 50
Putman	2. 40
Union	2. 30
Vermont	2. 40
Waterford	2. 60
Woodland	2. 60
Young Hickory	2.00

GALLATIN COUNTY

Asbury	\$2, 30
Bowlesville	2. 30
Eagle Creek	2. 10
Equality	2 10
Gold Hill	2. 10
New Haven	2, 30
North Fork	2. 10
Omaha	2. 30
Ridgway	2. 00
Shawnee	2. 30
	2. 30

GREENE COUNTY

Athensville	\$2, 30
Bluffdale	1. 70
Carrollton	2. 10
Tr	1. 80
Kane	1, 90
Linder	1. 90
Pattorgon	
Patterson	1. 90
Rockbridge	2, 10
Roodhouse	2. 10
Rubicon	2. 10
Wollearville	
Walkerville	1. 80
White Hall	1. 80
Woodville	
Woodville	1. 80
Wrights	2, 00
	00

GRUNDY COUNTY

Township .	Lime- stone
Aux Sable	\$1. 30
Braceville	1. 40
Erienna	1. 50
Felix.	1. 40
Garfield	1. 30
Goodfarm	. 1. 50
Goose Lake	1. 40
Greenfield	1. 30
Highland	1. 50
Maine	1. 50
Mazon	1 50
Nettle Creek	1. 50
Norman	1. 70
Saratoga	1. 50
Vienna	1. 60
Wauponsee	1. 50

HAMILTON COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Lead mine refuse
Beaver Creek Crook Croueh Dahlgren Flannigan Knight Prairie McLeansboro Mayberry South Twigg Twigg	\$2. 30 2. 00 2. 00 2. 00 2. 10 1. 90 1. 80 2. 10 2. 20 1. 90	.\$2. 10 1, 90 1, 80 1, 90 2, 00 1, 80 1, 70 1, 90 2, 10 1, 80

HANCOCK COUNTY

HARDIN COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
Battery Rock Cave-in-Rock East Monroe East Rosiclare McFarlan Rock Creek West Monroe West Rosiclare	\$1. 70 1. 60 1. 70 1. 60 1. 70 1. 60 1. 60

HENDERSON COUNTY

Bald Bluff	\$1.70
Biggsville	1. 60
Carman	
Gladstone	1. 50
Lomax	1. 50
Media	1. 90
Oquawka	1. 60
Raritan	1. 80
Rozetta	1. 80
Stronghurst	
Terre Haute	

HENRY COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	No. 2 lime- stone
AlbaAndover	\$1. 90 1. 60	\$1. 40 1. 20
AnnawanAtkinson	2. 00 1. 80	1. 50 1. 30
BurnsCambridge	1. 80 1. 70	1. 30 1. 20
CloverColona	1. 80 1. 50	1. 30 1. 10
Cornwall Edford	1. 90 1. 60	1. 40 1. 20
GalvaGeneseo	1. 80 1. 70	1. 20 1. 20
HannaKewanee	1. 50 2. 00	1. 10 1. 50
LoraineLynn	1. 60	1. 20 1. 10
Osco	1. 70	1. 20
Oxford Phenix	1. 80	1. 30 1. 10 1. 20
Western	1. 80 1. 50 2. 00	1. 20 1. 10 1. 50
WethersfieldYorktown	1. 70	1. 20

IROQUOIS COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
Artesia	\$1.40
Ash Grove	1. 50
Ashkum	1. 20
Beaver	1. 30
Beaverville	1. 30
Belmont	1. 40
Chebanse	1. 10
Concord	1. 30
Crescent	1. 30
Danforth	1. 30
Douglas	1. 30
Fountain Creek	1. 50
Iroquois	1. 30
Loda	1. 40
Lovejov	1. 60
Martinton	1. 20
Middleport	1. 30
Milford	1, 40
Milks Grove	1. 10
Onarga	1. 30
Papineau	1. 20
Pigeon Grove	1. 60
Prairie Green	1. 60
Ridgeland	1. 40
Sheldon	1. 40
Stockland	1. 60

JACKSON COUNTY

Bradley.	\$1.60
Carbondale	1. 90
Degognia	1. 60
DeSoto	1. 90
Elk	2. 00
Fountain Bluff	1. 90
Grand Tower	1. 90
Kinkaid	1. 80
Levan	1. 90
Makanda	1. 90
Murphysboro	2.00
Ora	1. 80
Pomona	1. 90
Sand Ridge	1. 90
Somerset	2. 00
Vergennes	1. 90

JASPER COUNTY

Crooked Creek	\$1. 80
Fox	2. 10
Grandville	1. 80
Grove	2. 00
Hunt City	1, 90
North Muddy	2, 00
Ste. Marie	2.00
Smallwood	2. 00
South Muddy	
Wade	2, 00
Willow Hill	

JOHNSON COUNTY

JEFFERSON COUNTY

JEFFERSON COUNT	1	JOHNSON COUNTY	
Township Lime stone		Township	Lime- stone
Bald Hill \$2.00 Blissville 2.00 Casner 2.10 Dodds 2.10 Elk Prairie 2.00 Farrington 2.20 Field 2.20 Grand Prairie 2.00 McClellan 1.90	1. 80 1. 90 1. 90 1. 80 2. 10 2. 10 1. 90	Cache	1. 80 1. 40 1. 40 1. 60 1. 70 1. 70
Moores Prairie 2. 10	1. 90	TANTE COLLEGE	
Mount Vernon 2. 00 Pendleton 2. 10		KANE COUNTY	
Rome 2. 10		Aurora	\$1. 60
Shiloh 2, 10	1. 90	Big Rock	1. 70
Spring Garden 2. 20 Webber 2. 00		Blackberry	1. 70
W CDDe11111111111111111111111111111111111	1, 90	BurlingtonCampton	1. 80
JERSEY COUNTY		Dundee	1, 50
	1	Elgin	1, 50
Township	Isime- stone	Geneva—Batavia Hampshire	1. 50 1. 60
	50016	Kaneville	1. 70
Elsah	\$1. 70	Plato	1. 90
English	1. 90	Rutland St. Charles	1. 70
Fidelity	_ 1. 90	Sugar Grove	1. 50 1. 80
Jersey Mississippi	2. 00	Virgil	1. 80
Otter Creek	1. 80		
Piasa	1. 80	KANKAKEE COUNTY	
Quarry	1. 80	A	
Richwood Rosedale	1. 90 1. 90	Aroma Bourbonnais	\$1. 20
Ruyle	2. 10	Essex	1. 20 1. 20
		Ganeer	1. 20
JO DAVIESS COUNT	Y	Kankakee	1. 10
Apple River	P1 40	Limestone Manteno	1. 10 1. 10
Berreman	1 60	Momence	1. 30
Council Hill	1. 50	Norton	1. 10
Derinda	\perp 1. 60.	Otto Pembroke	1. 10 1. 40
Dunleith East Galena	1. 30	Pilot	1. 40
Elizabeth	1.40	Rockville	- 1. 20
Guilford	1. 70	St. AnneSalina	1. 40
Hanover Menominee		Sumner	1. 20 1. 30
Nora	1 30	Yellowhead.	1. 50
Pleasant Vallev	1. 50		
Rawlins	1. 70	KENDALL COUNTY	
Rice	1 20	Big Grove	\$1. 30
Scales Mound	1, 50	Bristol	1. 40
Stockton	1.50	Fox	1. 50
Thompson_ Vinegar Hill	$\begin{bmatrix} 1.80 \\ 1.40 \end{bmatrix}$	Kendall	1. 30
Wards Grove	1.60	Little Rock	1. 30 1. 60
Warren	1 40	Na-Au-Say	1. 50
West Galena Woodbine	1.80	Oswego	1. 60
Woodbine	1. 50	Seward	1. 30

KNOX COUNTY

LA SALLE COUNTY—Continued

Township	Lime- stone	Township	Lime- stone
Codon	\$1. 90	Hope	\$1. 60
CedarChestnut	2. 20	LaSalle	1. 30
Copley	2. 00	Manlius	1. 70
Elba	2. 00	Mendota	1. 90
Galesburg	1. 80	Meriden	1. 90
Haw Creek	2. 20	Miller	1. 60
Henderson	1. 90	Mission	1. 30
Indian Point	2. 00	Northville	1. 70
Knox	2. 00	Ophir	1. 80
Lynn	1. 80	Osage	1. 60
Maquon	2. 20	Ottawa	1. 30
Ontario	1. 90	Otter Creek	1. 50
Orange	2. 00 2. 10	Peru Richland	1. 30 1. 50
Persifer	1. 80	Rutland	1. 70
Rio Salem	2. 20	Serena	1. 50
Sparta	2. 00	South Ottawa	1. 50
Truro	2. 00	Troy Grove	1. 50
Victoria	2. 00	Utica	1. 20
Walnut Grove	2. 00	Vermilion	1. 50
		Wallace	1. 40
		Waltham	1. 30
LAKE COUNTY			
		LAWRENCE COUNTY	
Antioch	\$1. 90		
Avon	1. 90		00 00
Benton	1. 90	Allison	\$2. 20
Cuba	1. 90	Bond	2. 40 2. 30
Deerfield	1. 90	Christy-Bridgeport Dennison	2. 40
Ela	1. 90	Lawrence	2. 30
Fremont	1. 90	Lukin	2. 40
Grant	1. 90	Petty	2. 50
Lake Villa	1. 90 1. 90	Russell	2. 30
Libertyville	1. 90		l
Newport. Shields	1. 90	T TITL COTTANTI	
Vernon	1. 90	LEE COUNTY	
Warren	1. 90		
Wauconda	1. 90	Alto	\$1. 20
Waukegan	1. 90	Amboy	1. 20
West Deerfield	1. 90	Ashton	1. 50
		Bradford	1. 70
		Brooklyn China	1. 30
LA SALLE COUNTY		Dixon	1. 40
		East Grove	1. 90
Adama	\$1. 80	Hamilton	1. 80
AdamsAllen	1. 50	Harmon	1. 50
Brookfield	1. 60	Lee Center	1. 20
Bruce	1. 60	Marion	1. 50
Dayton	1. 50	May	1. 70
Deer Park	1. 40	Nachusa	1. 40
Dimmick	1. 30	Nelson	1. 20 1. 50
Eagle	1. 60	Palmyra	
Earl	1. 90	Reynolds South Dixon	1. 20
Eden	1. 50	Sublette	
Fall River	1. 50	Viola	
Farm Ridge	1. 50 1. 80	Willow Creek	1
Freedom		Wyoming	
Grand RapidsGroveland		, y y o mange = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	
Groveland	1, 00		

1. 30 1. 30

Township · · ·	Lime- stone
Amity	\$1. 10
Avoca	1. 30
Belle Prairie	1. 40
Broughton	1. 20
Charlotte	1. 40
Chatsworth	1. 60
Dwight	1. 20
Dwight Eppards Point	1. 10
Esmen	1. 10
Favette	1. 60
Forrest	1. 40
ForrestGermanville	1. 70
Indian Grove	1. 30
Long Point	1. 40
Nebraska	1. 50
Nevada	1. 20
Newtown	1. 20
Odell	1. 10
Owego	1. 10
Pike	1. 20
Pleasant Ridge	1. 50
Pontiac	1. 00
Reading	1. 40
ROOKS Creek	1. 00
Round Grove	1. 20
Saunemin	1. 20
Sullivan	1. 30
Sunbury	1, 20

LOGAN COUNTY

Waldo

Aetna	\$2, 00
Atlanta	2. 00
Broadwell	1. 80
Chester	
	1. 80
	1. 80
East Lincoln	1, 80
Elkhart	1. 80
Eminence	
Hurlbut	2. 00
Turibut	1. 80
Laenna	2, 00
Lake Fork	2.00
Mt. Pulaski	1. 90
Oran	
0	2. 00
Orvil	2. 00
Prairie Creek	2. 00
Sheridan	
West Lincoln	1. 80
West Lincoln	1. 80

McDONOUGH COUNTY

Bethel	1. 70 2. 00 1. 60
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LIVINGSTON COUNTY | McDONOUGH COUNTY—Continued

Township	Lime- stone
Eldorado Caracaga de La Caracaga de	
Emmet. Hire	
Industry Lamoine	2. 00 1. 90
Macomb Mound	1. 90 2. 10
New Salem Prairie City	2. 00 2. 00
SciotaScotland	1. 70 1. 80
TennesseeWalnut Grove	1. 60 1. 90
Wallet Glovozzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzz	1, 30

McHENRY COUNTY

Alden	\$1. 60
Algonquin	1. 60
Burton	2. 00
Chemung	1. 30
Coral	1. 30
Dorr	1. 70
Dunham	1. 20
Grafton	1. 40
Greenwood	1. 60
Hartland	1. 50
Hebron	1. 60
McHenry	1. 80
Marengo	1. 20
Nunda	1. 60
Richmond	2.00
Riley	1. 20
Seneca	1. 30

McLEAN COUNTY

Allin Anchor Arrowsmith	\$2, 00
Anghor	1. 70
Amount	
Arrowshitth	1. 80
Bellflower	2. 00
Bloomington	1. 80
Blue Mound	1. 80
Cheney Grove	1. 90
Chenoa	1. 20
Cropsey	1. 80
Dale	1. 80
Danvers	2. 00
Dawson.	2.00
Downs	2. 10
Dry Grove	1.70
Empire	2,00
Funks Grove	2. 00
Gridley	- 1. 50
Hudson	1. 80
Lawndale	1. 60
Lexington	1. 60
Martin	1. 80

Money Creek

McLEAN COUNTY—Continued

Township	Lime- stone
Mt. Hope	\$2. 10
Normal	1. 90
Old Town	1. 80
Randolph	1. 90
Towanda	1. 90
West	2.00
White Oak	1. 80
Yates	1. 30

MACON COUNTY

•	
Austin	\$1. 80
Blue Mound	1. 90
Decatur	1. 80
Friends Creek	1. 80
Harristown	1. 90
Hickory Point	1. 80
Illini	2. 00
Long Creek	2. 00
Maroa	1. 80
Milam	1. 80
Mt. Zion	1. 80
Niantic	1. 90
Oakley	1. 80
Pleasant View	2. 00
South Macon	1. 90
South Wheatland	1. 90
Whitmore	1. 80

MACOUPIN COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Lead mine refuse
Barr	\$2. 30	\$2. 20
Bird	2. 10	2. 00
Brighton	2. 00	1. 90
Brushy Mound	2. 10	2.00
Bunker Hill	2. 10	2.00
Cahokia	2. 10	2. 00
Carlinville	2. 10	2.00
Chesterfield	2. 10	2.00
Danahartan	2. 10	2.00
Gillespie	2. 10	2.00
Gillespie	2. 40	2. 30
HilyardHoney Point	2. 10	2.00
Honey Point	2. 10	2.00
Mt. Olive—Staunton	2. 10	-2. 00
Nilwood	2. 30	2. 20
North Otter	2. 40	2, 30
North Palmyra	2. 40	2. 30
Polk	2. 10	2. 00
Scottville	2. 40	2, 30
Shaw Point	1 2. 10	2. 00
Shipman	2. 10	2. 00
Shipman South Otter	2, 30	2. 20
South Palmyra	2.30	2. 20
Virden	2. 40	2. 30
Western Mound	2. 20	2. 10

MADISON COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
Alhambra	\$1.80
Chouteau	1. 90
Collinsville	1.80
Edwardsville	1. 80
Fort Russell	1:80
Foster	1. 80
Godfrey	1. 70
Harmel	1. 80
Helvetia	2.00
Jarvis	1. 80
Leef	1. 90
Marine	1. 80
Moro	1. 80
Nameoki	1. 80
New Douglas	1. 90
Olive	1, 90
OliveOmphghent	1. 90
Pin Oak	1, 80
St. Jacob	1. 90
Saline	2, 00
Venice	1. 80
Wood River	1. 80
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MARION COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Lead mine refuse
Alma Carrigan	\$2. 30	\$1. 90
Carrigan	2. 30	2. 00
Centralia	2. 20	1. 70
Foster	2. 40	2. 20
Haines	2. 30	2, 00
Iuka	2. 20	2.00
Kinmundy	2. 20	2, 00
Meacham	2, 20	2. 00
Odin-Sandoval	2. 10	1. 80
Omegai	2. 30	2. 10
Potoka	2. 20	2. 00
Raccoon	2. 30	2. 10
Romine	2. 40	2. 20
Salem	2, 20	1. 60
Stevenson	2. 30	1. 80
Tonti	2. 30	1. 80
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MARSHALL COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	No. 2 lime- stone
Bell Plain	\$2.00	
Bennington	1. 80	
Evans	1. 90	
Henry	2.00	\$1. 50
Hopewell	2. 10	
Lacon	2, 10	
La Prairie	2, 20	1, 50
Richland	2, 00	
	1. 90	
RobertsSaratoga_l	2, 00	1, 40
Steuben	2.00	1, 50
Whitefield		1. 50
W 111001101101	2. 10	1 2,00

MASON COUNTY

MONROE COUNTY

			X	
Township	Lime- stone	Township		Lime- stone
A11 C	01.00	Dive		01 10
Allen Grove		Bluff		\$1. 10
Bath	2. 10	Columbia		1. 20
Crane Creek	2. 10	Harrisonville		1. 10
Forest City	2. 20	Mitchie		1. 10
Havana	2.00	Moredock		1. 10
Kilbourne	2. 20	New Design		1. 20
Lynchburg	2. 30	New Hanover		1. 20
Manito	2. 10	Prairie Du Long		
Mason City	2.00	Renault		1. 10
Pennsylvania	1. 90	Waterloo		1. 20
Quiver	2. 20			<u> </u>
Salt Creek	2.00	MONTGOMERY (COUNT	v
Sherman	2.00	- Individual Entre		1
	(T 7
MASSAC COUNTY		Township	Lime- stone	Lead mine refuse
Benton	\$1.80	A	00 10	
Brooklyn	1. 70	Audubon		\$2.00
George's Creek	1. 70	Bois d'Arc	2. 00	1. 90
Grant	1. 80	Butler Grove	2. 00	1. 90
Hillerman	1. 70	East Fork	2. 00	1. 90
Jackson	1. 70	Fillmore	2. 00	1. 90
Lincoln		Grisham	2. 00	1. 90
Loren	1.70	Harvel	2. 00	1. 90
Logan	1. 60	Hillsboro	2. 10	2. 00
Washington	1. 80	Irving	2. 10	2. 00
		Nokomis	2. 10	2. 00
MENARD COUNTY		North Litchfield	1. 90	1, 80
		Pitman	2, 00	1. 90
Athana	00 00	Raymond	2. 00	1. 90
Athens	\$2.00	Roundtree	2 00	1. 90
Atterbury	2. 20	South Fillmore	2. 00	1. 90
Fancy Prairie	2.00	South Litchfield	1. 90	1. 80
Greenview	2. 00	Walshville	2. 00	1. 90
Indian Creek	2. 00	Witt	2. 00	1, 90
Irish Grove	2. 00	Zanesville	1, 90	1. 80
Oakford	2. 20	2201105 1110 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1, 90	1. 00
Petersburg	2.00			
Rock Creek	2. 20	MORGAN COU	NTY	
Sandridge	2. 20			
Sugar Grove	1. 90	Township		Lime
Tallula	2. 30			stone
MERCER COUNTY		Alexander		\$2.30
		Arcadia		2. 40
Abington	01 00	Centerville		2. 40
Duncan	\$1. 90	Chapin		2. 40
Flige	1. 60	Concord		2. 30
Eliza	1. 80	Franklin		2. 30
Greene	1. 70	Jacksonville		2. 40
Keithsburg	1. 80	Literberry		2. 40
Mercer	1. 60	Lynnville		2. 40
Millersburg	1. 80	Markham	i	2. 40
New Boston	1. 80	Meredosia	_	2. 30
North Henderson	1. 80	Murrayville		2. 40
Unio Grove	1. 90	Nortonville		2. 40
Perryton	1. 50	Pisgah		2. 40
Preemption	1. 60	Prentice		2. 40
Richland Grove	1. 70	Sinclair		2. 40
Rivoli	1. 70	Waverly		2. 40
Suez	1. 80	Woodson		2. 40
	2, 00	TI OOGBOIL		4. 40

MOULTRIE COUNTY

Lime-Township stone Dora_____East Nelson______Jonathan Creek_____ \$1.80 1. 90 1. 90 1.80 Lovington_____ Lowe_____ Marrowbone_____ 1.80 1.80 1. 80 2. 00 Sullivan_____ Whitley _____

OGLE COUNTY	
Brookville	\$1. 50
Buffalo	1. 50
Byron	1. 30
Dement	1.40
Eagle Point	1. 50
Flagg	1.40
Forreston	1. 50
Grand Detour	1. 50
Lafayette	1. 40
Leaf River	1. 40
Lincoln	1. 50
Lynnville	1.40
Marion	1. 30
Maryland	1. 30
Monroe	1.40
Mount Morris	1. 40
Nashua	1.40
Oregon	1. 50
Pine Creek	1. 30
Pine Rock	1. 30
Rockvale	1. 30
Scott	1. 40
Taylor	1. 30
White Rock	1. 30
Wangung	1 50

PEORIA COUNTY

Woosung_____

1. 30 1,50

Township	Lime- stone	No. 2 lime- stone
Akron	\$1. 90 2. 00 1. 70 2. 00 1. 80 1. 80 1. 80 2. 00 2. 00 1. 80 1. 90 1. 90 1. 80	\$1. 20 1. 40 1. 30 1. 50 1. 40 1. 40 1. 50 1. 50 1. 40 1. 50 1. 40 1. 50 1. 50

PEORIA COUNTY-Cont

Township	Lime- stone	No. 2 lime- stone
Rosefield Timber Trivoli	\$2. 00 1. 90 2. 10	\$1. 50 1. 50 1. 50

PERRY COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Lead mine refuse
4 - 1	\$1. 80	\$1. 50
4 - 2	1. 80	1. 50
4 - 3	1. 80	1. 50
4 - 4	1. 70	1. 40
5 - 1	1. 80	1. 50
5 - 2	1. 80	1. 50
5 - 3	1. 80	1. 50
5 - 4	1. 70	1. 40
6 - 1	1. 80	1. 50
6 - 2	1. 80	1. 50
6 - 3	1. 80	1. 50
6 - 4	1. 60	1. 40

PIATT COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
Bement	1. 80 1. 80 1. 70 1. 70

PIKE COUNTY

Atlas	\$2. 30
Barry	2. 00
Chambersburg	2. 50
Cincinnati	2. 10
Derry	2, 30
Detroit	2. 00
Fairmount	2. 10
Flint	2. 10
Griggsville	2. 10
Hadley	2. 10
Hardin	2. 00
Kinderhook	2. 20
Levee	2. 20
Martinsburg	2. 10
Montezuma	1. 90
Newburg	2.,00

\$1. 40 1. 40 1. 30

			J	.4			
PIKE COU	NTY-	-Contin	ued	RANDOLPH C	OUNT	Y—Cor	ntinuéd
Towns	hip		Lime- stone	Township	Lime- stone	No. 2 lime- stone	Lead mine refuse
New Salem			\$2.,10				
Pearl			1. 90	Ellis Grove	\$1. 20	\$0. 90	\$1. 10
Perry			2. 30	Evansville		. 90	1.00
Pittsfield			$\frac{2.10}{2.00}$	Kaskaskia	1. 30	1. 00	
Pleasant Hill Pleasant Vale			2. 30	Palestine		90	1. 10
Ross			2. 10 2. 40	PercyPrairiedu Rocher_	1. 50	1, 10	1.00
Spring Creek			2. 20	Redbud		1. 00	1. 20
opring Orcon			2. 20	Rockwood	1. 40	1. 00	1. 20
DODE	COTT	ATEMAY		Ruma	1. 20.	. 90	
POPE	COU	NTY		Sparta		1.00	1. 00
				Steeleville	1. 50	1. 10	1. 00
Alexander			\$1.80	Tilden	1. 50	1. 10	1. 20
Columbus			1. 60	Walsh	1. 30	1. 00	1. 00
Eddyville			1 70	Wine Hill	1. 50	1. 10	1. 10
Golconda			1. 50				
Grand Pier			1. 60	DIGHT	TD CO	TTATEMAZ	
Jackson			2.00	RICHLAN	AD CO	UNTY	
Jefferson			1. 90			1	
Logan			1. 80	Township		Lime-	Lead
Monroe			1. 40	Township		stone	mine refuse
Polk			1. 90				
Union			2. 10				
Washington			1. 70	Bonpas		\$2. 10	\$2.00
Webster			1. 70	Claremont		2. 10	2. 00
				Decker		2. 00	1. 90
PULASK	II COU	JNTY		Denver			1. 90
				German Madison		2. 10	2. 00
America			\$1. 80	Noble		2. 10	1. 90 1. 90
Grand Chain			1. 40	Olney			1. 90
Karnak			1. 40	Preston		2. 10	1. 90
Mound City			1. 80	110000111111111		2.10	1, 50
$Mounds_{\perp}$			1. 80	DOGTE TOT			
Ulmsted			1. 60	ROCK ISLA	AND C	OUNT	Y
Perks			1. 40			1	
Pulaski			1. 60	Townsh	nip		Lime- stone
Ullin			1. 50				Stone
Villa Ridge			1. 70				
Wetaug			1. 50	Andalusia			\$1. 50
DITTALA	/ COT	TATITITE	·	Blackhawk			1. 40
PUTNAN	M COL) IV.I. X		Bowling			1. 50
C '''				Buffalo Prairie			1. 60
Granville			\$1. 80	Canoe Creek			1. 40
Hennepin			2. 00	Coal Valley			1. 50
Magnolia			2. 00	CoeCordova			1. 30 1. 30
Senachwine			2. 10	Drury			
DANDOLI	DIT CO			Edgington			1. 60 1. 50
RANDOLI	PH CO	UNTY		Hampton			1. 50
				Port Byron			1. 30
Township	Lime-	No. 2	Lead	Rural			1. 40
томнопір	stone	stone	mine refuse	South Moline			1. 50
				South Rock Island	l		1. 30
Roldwin	01 00	01 00	01.00	Zuma			1. 50
Baldwin Blair	\$1. 30	\$1.00	\$1. 20				
Bromon	1. 30	1.00	1. 00	ST. CLAI	P COL	INTEX	
Bremen	1. 30	1.00	1. 00	BI. CLAI	11 000	TITLE	

Brewerville____

Central____

Chester_____ 1. 00 Coulterville____ 1. 50

1. 20

1.40

. 90 1. 00

. 90 1. 10

1.00

1. 00 | Canteen ______ | Caseyville ______ | 1. 00 | Centerville ______ |

SALINE COUNTY

Brushy	\$2. 10
Carrier Mills	2. 10
Cottage	2. 10
Eldorado	
Galatia	
Harrisburg	
Independence	2. 20
Long Branch	2. 30
Mountain	
Raleigh	2. 10
Rector	1 7 7
Stonefort	
Tate	2. 30
1ate	2. 00

SANGAMON COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Lead mine refuse
Auburn	\$2. 20 2. 10	\$2. 10 2. 00
BallBuffalo Hart	2. 10	
CartwrightChatham	2. 20 2. 20	2. 10
Clear Lake	2. 10 2. 20	2. 00 2. 10
Cotton HillCurran	2. 30 2. 20	2. 20 2. 10
Divernon	2. 30	2. 20
Fancy CreekGardner	2. 20	2. 10
IlliopolisIsland Grove	2. 20	2. 10
Lanesville Loami	2. 10	2, 10
Maxwell Mechanicsburg	2. 20	2. 10
New Berlin	2. 20 2. 20	2. 10 2. 10

ST. CLAIR COUNTY—Continued | SANGAMON COUNTY—Cont.

Township	Lime- stone	Lead mine refuse
RochesterSalisburySpringfieldTalkingtonWilliamsWoodside	2. 10	\$2. 10 2. 00 2. 20 2. 10

SCHUYLER COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
BainbridgeBirminghamBrooklynBrowningBuena VistaCamdenFrederick_HickoryHuntsvilleLittletonAllandRushville	\$2. 30 1. 90 1. 90 2. 40 2. 10 2. 40 2. 50 1. 90 2. 20 2. 40 2. 40 2. 40

SCOTT COUNTY

\$2. 20
2. 20
2. 30
2.40
2. 20
2. 20
2. 40
2. 30
2.30
2. 20
2. 30
2. 30
2. 20
2. 30
2. 20

SHELBY COUNTY

Ash Grove	\$2, 10
Big Spring	
Clarksburg	
Cold Spring	2. 10
Dry Point	2.00
Flat Branch	2. 00
Herrick	2. 00
Holland	
Lakewood	2. 10
Moweagua	2. 10

SHELBY COUNTY—Continued

Township	Lime- stone
Oconee Okaw Penn Pickaway Prairie Richland Ridge Rose Rural Shelbyville Sigel Todd Point Tower Hill	\$2. 10 2. 10
Windsor	2. 10

STARK COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	No. 2 lime- stone
Elmira_ Essex_ Goshen_ Osceola_ Penn_ Toulon_ Valley_ West Jersey_	\$2. 20 2. 00 2. 00 2. 20 2. 10 2. 00 2. 00 2. 20	\$1. 60 1. 50 1. 50 1. 60 1. 60 1. 50 1. 40 1. 60

STEPHENSON COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
Buckeye Dakota Erin Florence Harlem Jefferson Kent Lancaster Loran Oneco Ridott Rock Grove Rock Run Silver Creek Waddams West Point Winslow	\$1. 20 1. 20 1. 30 1. 30 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 20 1. 20 1. 20 1. 20 1. 20 1. 30 1. 20

TAZEWELL COUNTY

Boynton	\$1. 80
Cincinnati	1. 70
Deer Oleek	1. 00

TAZEWELL COUNTY—Continued

Township	Lime-
	5601.6
Delavan	\$1.80
Dillon	1. 70
Elm Grove	1. 80
Fondulac	1. 70
Groveland	1. 70
Hittle	1. 90
Hopedale	1. 80
Little Mackinaw	1. 80
Mackinaw	1. 80
Malone	1. 80
Morton	1. 80
Pekin	1. 70
Sand Prairie	1. 80
Spring Lake	2, 00
Spring LakeTremont	1. 80
Washington	1. 80
Washing con	1. 00

UNION COUNTY

Alto Pass	\$1.50
Anna	1. 30
Balcom	1. 40
Cobden	1. 50
Dongola	1. 40
Jonesboro	1. 40
Lick Creek	1. 50
Mill Creek	1. 40
Misenheimer	1. 50
Preston	1. 60
Reynoldsville	1. 50
Rich	1. 70
Saratoga	1. 40
Stokes	1. 40
Union 1	1. 50
Union 2	1. 60

VERMILION COUNTY

Blount	\$1. 80
Butler	1, 80
Carroll	1. 60
Catlin	1. 40
Danville	1, 70
Elwood	1. 80
Georgetown	1. 60
Grant	1. 80
Jamaica	1. 30
Love	1. 80
McKendree	1. 80
Middlefork	2. 00
Newell	
Oakwood	2. 00
	1. 60
Pilot	1. 90
Ross	1. 90
Sidell.	1. 50
South Ross	1. 90
Vance	1. 40

WABASH COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
Bellmont Coffee-Compton Friendsville Lancaster Lick Prairie Mount Carmel Wabash	2. 20

WARREN COUNTY

Berwick	\$1. 80
Coldbrook	1. 80
Ellison	1. 80
Floyd	1. 80
Greenbush	1. 90
Hale	1. 60
Kelly	1. 80
Lenox	1. 80
Monmouth	1, 60
Point Pleasant	1. 90
Roseville	1. 80
	1. 60
Spring Grove	1. 60
Sumner	
Swan	1. 50
SwanTompkins	1. 70

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Lead mine refuse
Ashley	1. 70 1. 70 1. 60 1. 80 1. 80	\$1. 50 1. 40 1. 50 1. 40 1. 60 1. 30 1. 40 1. 40 1. 30 1. 30 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 40
	1	

WAYNE COUNTY

Arrington	\$2, 20	\$2. 10
Barnhill Barnhill	2 20	2. 10
Barnnin	2. 10	2. 00
Bedford	2. 10	2. 10
Berry	2. 20	
Big Mound	2. 30	2. 10
Elm River	2. 20	2. 10

WAYNE COUNTY-Continued

Township	Lime- stone	Lead mine refuse
Four Mile Garden Hill Grover Hickory Hill Jasper Keith Lamard Leech Massilon Mount Erie Orehard Orel Zif	2. 10 2. 20 2. 10 2. 10 2. 20 2. 20 2. 30 2. 10 2. 10	\$2. 10 1. 90 2. 00 2. 00 2. 10 2. 00 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 20 2. 00 2. 00 2. 00
	1	

WHITE COUNTY

Burnt Prairie	\$2. 40	\$2. 20
Carmi	2. 30	2. 10
Emma		2. 20
Enfield	2. 30	2. 10
Grav		2. 20
Hawthorne	2. 50	2. 20
Heralds Prairie	2. 40	2. 20
Indian Creek	2. 30	2. 20
Mill Shoals		2. 10
Phillips		2. 10
Z zzerkou z z z z z z z z z z z z z z z z z z z		

WHITESIDE COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
Albany	\$1. 60
Clyde	1. 70
Coloma	1. 40
Erie	1. 60
Fenton	1. 50
Fulton	1. 40
Garden Plain	1. 50
Genesee	1. 70
Hahnaman	1. 80
Hopkins	1. 60
Hume	1. 50
Jordan	
Lyndon	
Montmorency	1. 50
Mount Pleasant	[-1, 50]
Newton	1.60
Portland	1. 70
Prophetstown	1.80
Sterling	1. 60
Tampico	. 1. 80
Union Grove	.[1. 50
Ustick	

WILL COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
Channahon	\$1. 30
Crete	1. 40
Custer	1. 30
Du Page	1. 50
Florence	1, 40
Frankfort	1. 50
Green Garden	1. 50
Homer	1. 50
Jackson	1. 40
Joliet	1. 30
Lockport	1. 50
Mannattan	1. 40
Monee	1. 30
New Lenox	1. 50
Peotone	1.40
Plainfield	1. 50
Reed	1. 40
Troy	1. 50
Washington	1. 60
Weslev	1. 30
Wheatland	1. 70
Will	1, 50
Wilmington	1. 50
Wilton	1. 50
	2.00

WILLIAMSON COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Lead mine refuse
Blairsville_Carterville_Corinth_Crab Orchard_Creal Springs_East Marion_Grassy_Herrin_Lake Creek_Southern_Stonefort_West Marion_	\$1. 80 1. 80 1. 90 1. 90 1. 90 1. 90 1. 80 1. 90 1. 90 2. 00 1. 90	\$1. 60 1. 60 1. 70 1. 70 1. 70 1. 70 1. 70 1. 50 1. 70 1. 70 1. 70 1. 70

WINNEBAGO COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
Burritt	\$1, 20 1, 40 1, 40 1, 10 1, 20 1, 30 1, 40 1, 10 1, 50 1, 20 1, 10 1, 10 1, 40 1, 20
Winnehago	1. 40

WOODFORD COUNTY

Cazenovia	\$2. 10
Clayton	1. 70
Cruger	1. 80
El Paso	1. 60
Greene	1. 70
Kansas	1. 80
Linn	
Mataura	1. 90
Metamora	1. 90
Minonk	1, 50
Montgomery	1, 80
U110	1. 80
Palestine	1. 70
Panola	1. 70
Pontridge	
Partridge	2. 10
Roanoke	1. 90
Spring Bay	2. 30
Worth	2. 10
	2. 10





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT AGENCY

Washington, D. C.

1945 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM

NORTH CENTRAL REGION

INDIANA COMMITTEEMAN'S PRACTICE HANDBOOK

The 1945 farm program is designed to assist the farmers of Indiana to the fullest possible extent in protecting their soils against damage

from erosion and loss of fertility.

The county committee, with the approval of the State committee, may designate those practices which will be approved for payment in the county in order that the farm allowance will be used most effectively to bring about increased conservation, or the county committee may specify for any group of farms a proportion of the farm allowance which may be earned only by carrying out certain designated practices which are very much needed.

A. CONSERVATION PRACTICE ALLOWANCE

The practice allowance is the maximum amount of payment that may be made for carrying out approved conservation practices on the farm.

(1) Except as limited by practice provisions the allowance for the following special practices shall be the extent of such practices times the approved rates: Contouring Intertilled Crops, Contour Seeding, Establishing Contour Stripcropping, Standard or Diversion Terraces, Establishing Sod Waterways, and Dams for Livestock Water.

(2) The allowance for regular practices shall be the sum of the fol-

lowing, or \$20.00, whichever is greater:

(a) 50 cents times the acreage classified as cropland.

(b) 50 cents times the acreage classified as noncrop open pasture.

(c) \$2.00 times the acreage classified as commercial orchards.

(d) 50 cents times the acreage classified as the normal commercial vegetable acreage for the farm.

B. CONSERVATION PRACTICES

The practices available for 1945 are those which are most needed in order to conserve and improve soil fertility, improve pasture land, prevent wind and water erosion, and promote conservation and better utilization of water. Assistance will be available through the conservation practice allowance for carrying out the following practices during the program year January 1, 1945, through December 31, 1945. To qualify for payment, each practice must be carried out in accordance with the specifications for that practice and be in keeping with good farming practices for the locality.

The total extent of any practice performed shall be reduced for purposes of payment by the percentage of the total cost of the practice which the county committee determines was furnished by a State or Federal agency. The extent of any practice shall not be reduced be-

cause a portion of the cost is represented by materials or services furnished by the A. A. A., or equipment furnished by S. C. S., or materials or services furnished by an agency of a State or political subdivision thereof to another agency or political subdivision of the same State, or trees purchased from a Clark-McNary Cooperative State Nursery.

All special practices listed under this section are designated by asterisks (**). Practices not designated as special practices will be

considered as regular practices:

(1) **Contouring intertilled crops.—Contour farming of intertilled crops, provided the crop stubble is left standing or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained. Credit will not be given for this practice on land which has a slope of less than 2 percent. If there is danger of erosion in waterways, such waterways must be permanently established in sod. No credit will be given for this practice for any acreage qualifying under the Contour Stripcropping practices.—\$1.50 per acre.

(2) **Contour seeding.—Contour seeding, by drilling, of small grain crops, sorghums, millet, and soybeans. If there is danger of erosion in waterways, such waterways must be permanently established in sod. No credit will be given for this practice for any acreage qualifying under the Contour Stripcropping practices. All tillage operations in connection with the seeding must be on the contour.—\$0.50

per acre.

(3) **Establishing contour stripcropping.—By growing alternate strips of intertilled crops with sown, close-drilled, or sod crops, on the contour: Provided, (1) The strips are approximately the same width; (2) the strips are not less than 3 rods nor more than 10 rods in width; and (3) the crop stubble is left standing or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained. Buffer strips must be at least 1 rod in width.—

\$2.50 per acre.

(4) Maintaining contour stripcropping.—Maintaining contour stripcropping previously established, by growing alternate strips of intertilled crops with sown, close-drilled or sod crops, on the contour: Provided, (1) The strips are approximately the same width; (2) the strips are not less than 3 rods nor more than 10 rods in width; and (3) the crop stubble is left standing or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained. When in the normal course of crop rotation it is necessary to have two adjacent strips of sown, close-drilled, or sod crops, payment will be made for the entire field. Buffer strips must be at least 1 rod in width.—\$1 per acre.

(5) Field stripcropping to control wind erosion.—By growing alternate strips of intertilled crops with sown, close-drilled, or sod crops: *Provided*, (1) The strips are approximately parallel and are laid out at right angles to the prevailing winds or in a continuous "S" so that wind cannot blow parallel to the rows of crops; (2) the strips are not less than 3 rods nor more than 15 rods in width; and (3) the crop stubble is left standing or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained. Buffer strips must be at least 1 rod in width.—\$0.50 per

acre.

(6) **Standard and diversion terraces.—With the prior approval of the county committee, construction of standard and diversion terraces for which proper outlets are provided. The terraces should be constructed to conform with specifications for the area as recommended by the U. S. Department of Agriculture.—\$1 per 100 lin. ft.

(7) Establishing sod waterways.—Establishing a permanent sod waterway on any cropland where a permanent vegetative cover is necessary in a waterway channel or terrace outlet, or in cultivated orchards. The channel of the waterway must be sufficiently wide to carry the run-off from the drainage area and must be at least 10 feet in width at the narrowest point. The channel must contain perennial grasses, and a good vegetative growth must be obtained.—\$0.75 per 1,000 sq. ft.

(8) Maintaining sod waterways.—Maintaining an established sod waterway at least 10 feet wide at the narrowest point in a field which is devoted to intertilled crops, by lifting the plow when the waterway is crossed, mowing, sodding or reseeding breaks in the sod, protecting from damage by livestock, and by use of other practices necessary to maintain a good vegetative cover. No credit will be given for this practice for any waterway for which credit is given under Practive (7).—

\$0.25 per 1,000 sq. ft.

(9) Seeding of depleted pasture on land designated as noncrop open pasture.—Credit will be given for this practice only if lime and fertilizers are applied in accordance with good pasture management, and the acreage to be reseeded has been disked or springtoothed to prepare a good seed bed.

(a) Seedings consisting solely of timothy, lespedeza, red top, sweet clover,

or mixtures of such crops.—\$0.10 per lb.

(b) Seedings consisting of adapted pasture grasses, perennial or biennial legumes (except sweet clover), or approved pasture mixtures.—\$0.25 per lb.

(10) Mowing weeds.—Mowing weeds on pasture land a sufficient number of times during the growing season to prevent weed seed formation and improve the stand of grasses or legumes, and by carrying out such other pasture improvement practices as the county committee may require. No hay or seed crop may be taken from the acreage. Credit will not be given for more than two mowings per

acre.—\$0.50 per mowing per acre.

- (11) **Dams for livestock water.—With prior approval of county committee, construction of earthen, concrete, or masonry dams and reservoirs for the purpose of providing water for livestock. Earthen dams must be constructed with minimum slopes of 3 to 1 on the upstream side and 2 to 1 on the downstream side. A top width of 5 feet shall be provided on dams up to 10 feet high and 6 feet on dams up to 15 feet high. Dams from 10 to 15 feet high must have a minimum free board of 4 feet. Free board will be considered the difference in height of the bottom of the spillway and top of the settled fill. A grassed spillway or sodded waterway at least 8 feet wide shall be provided for ponds with drainage areas up to 10 acres. For drainage areas from 10 to 25 acres the spillway width shall be increased in proportion. On dams over 15 feet high and with drainage areas in excess of 25 acres, design and construction must meet the specifications as recommended by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. No credit will be given unless the depth of the water is at least 4 feet in 20 percent of the pond area. Credit will not be given in an amount greater than \$100.00:
 - (a) For earth or other material moved for each development.—\$0.10 per

(b) For concrete or masonry.—\$9 per cu. yd. (c) For rubble masonry.—\$6 per cu. yd.

of county committee, construction of earthen, concrete, or masonry dams and reservoirs for the purpose of providing water for livestock. Earthen dams must be constructed with minimum slopes of 3 to 1 on the upstream side and 2 to 1 on the downstream side. A top width of 5 feet shall be provided on dams up to 10 feet high and 6 feet on dams up to 15 feet high. Dams of 10 feet or less in height must have a free board of 4 feet. Free board will be considered the difference in height of the bottom of the spillway and top of the settled fill. A grassed spillway or sodded waterway of at least 8 feet wide shall be provided for ponds with drainage areas up to 10 acres in size. For drainage areas from 10 to 25 acres, the spillway width shall be increased in proportion.

No credit will be given unless the following conditions have been met: The depth of the water is at least 6 feet in 20 percent of the pond; the water is piped out to a stockwater tank; a float valve is provided for regulating the flow of water to the stockwater tank; a trickle tube 6 inches below the spillway level and on the opposite side of the dam must be provided and should convey the excess water to stable grade below the dam; the entire area of the pond and dam must be protected from livestock by fencing; and the fill must be seeded with grass and legume seed. The top soil should be removed from the dam site before the fill is started and the dam should be reinforced with a clayey soil core at least 4 feet wide at the center of the dam running lengthwise. Credit will not be given in an amount

greater than \$100.00.

(a) For earth or other material moved:

Not in excess of 2,000 cu. yd.—\$0.15 per cu. yd.

In excess of 2,000 cu. yd.—\$0.10 per cu. yd.

(v) For concrete or masonry.—\$9 per cu. yd.(c) For rubble masonry.—\$6 per cu. yd.

(13) Go-down crops (applicable in commercial orchards).—Protecting the soil from wind and water erosion by the use of go-down crops, provided a good vegetative growth is obtained and the crop is not pastured or harvested for hay, grain, seed, forage, or otherwise taken from the land. The following crops will qualify under this practice; Sudan grass, millet, buckwheat, sweet sorghums, oats, barley, wheat, and rye or mixtures of any of these crops.—\$1.50 per acre.

(14) Green manure crops.—Disking or plowing under a good stand and a good growth of the following crops. If the land is subject to erosion and the green manure is plowed down in the fall, the green manure crop must be followed by a winter cover crop.—\$1.50 per acre.

(a) Sweet clover.

(b) 1944 fall seedings of winter rye, except that acreage for which a 1944 winter cover crop practice payment was made.

(c) Crimson clover, cowpeas, and winter vetch, except that acreage for which a 1944 winter cover crop practice payment was made.

(15) Open farm ditches.—With prior approval of the county committee, construction or cleaning out of farm ditches (except ditches constructed or maintained by a drainage district), including lateral and lead ditches, for which proper outlets are provided, and adequate provision is made for entrance of water into and out of the ditch.

The ditch must have adequate capacity to remove the normal excess surface water. When practice allowances are pooled under an approved pooling agreement, the \$5.00 per 100 lin. ft. limitation will be removed.—\$0.08 per cu. yd. of material moved, but not in excess of

\$5 per 100 lin. ft.

(16) Ditches for tile drainage.—With prior approval of the county committee, excavation for the purpose of installation of tile drains, provided the size of tile, outlets, and gradient meet the specifications for standard drainage as recommended by the U. S. Department of Agriculture; not less than 75 percent of the area to be drained is cropland; and no part of the tile lines is to be used for any other purpose than the draining of agricultural land.—\$0.40 per rod.

(17) Harvesting hayseed.—Harvesting for seed an acreage of alfalfa, red clover, alsike clover, white clover, sweet clover, and bromegrass. Credit will not be given for more than 25 acres per farm.—\$3.50

per acre.

- (18) Weed control.—With prior approval of the county committee, eradication or effective control of seriously infested plots of the following perennial noxious weeds: Canada thistle, and bindweed. Payment for this practice may be approved only on farms where approved weed control measures are being carried out on all adjacent infested farms and contiguous land, where the infestation is limited to a single farm, or where the county committee determines that there is no likelihood of reinfestation from adjacent or contiguous land:
 - (a) By use of sodium chlorate or other chemicals.—\$0.10 per lb.

(b) By clean tillage.—\$10 per acre.

- of the tree to be planted must be obtained from the county committee. The plantings must be made in accordance with good tree culture and the new planting must be protected from fire and grazing. The following varieties of trees may be approved for payment provided they are adapted to the particular soil type, climatic conditions, moisture conditions, and site: Shortleaf Pine, Virginia Pine, Pitch Pine, Eastern Red Cedar, Walnut, Butternut, Shagbark Hickory, Mockernut Hickory, White Oak, Red Oak, Black Oak, Tulip Poplar, Green Ash, White Ash, Yellow Poplar, Black Walnut, Black Locust, Sugar Maple, Hardy Catalpa, and other good hardwoods approved by the State foresters:
 - (a) Planting for forest purposes or gully control.—\$1 per 100 trees but not in excess of \$7.50 per acre.

(b) Planting for windbreak purposes.—\$2 per 100 trees.

(20) Tree maintenance.—Maintaining for forest purposes, a good stand of at least 300 trees per acre, or for windbreak purposes, a good stand of at least 250 trees per acre, which have been planted between Jan. 1, 1940 and Jan. 1, 1945, by cultivating sufficiently to control other vegetation, protecting from fire and grazing, and replanting if necessary.—\$3 per acre.

(21) Mulching materials.—Application of small grain straw, or crop residue obtained from harvesting legumes and grasses for seed, on commercial orchards, in vineyards, on commercial vegetable land, on potato land, or on strawberries or other small fruit.—\$5 per ton.

- (22) Liming materials (credit rates are contained in NCR-901-Ind., Suppl. I).—Application of the following materials:
 - (a) One ton of agricultural ground limestone containing at least 80 percent calcium carbonate equivalent, and ground sufficiently fine so that 80 percent, including all of the finer particles obtained in the grinding process, will pass through an 8-mesh sieve. The moisture content at the time of shipment must not exceed 8 percent. The specifications for calcium carbonate content and percent of material passing through an 8-mesh sieve must be such that the multiplication of these specifications will be equal to or in excess of 0.72. If the ground limestone will not qualify with respect to either fineness or calcium carbonate content, or both, the county committee must require a correspondingly greater amount of material.

(b) One ton of calcium carbide refuse lime containing at least 80 percent of calcium carbonate and testing not more than 35 percent moisture at the shipping point. A correspondingly greater amount of material must

be required if the material does not meet the specifications.

(c) One cubic yard of marl.

(d) One cubic yard of water-softening process lime.
(e) One ton of burnt lime waste.

(f) One ton of commercial burnt lime. (g) One ton of hydrated lime.

- (23) Fertilizers.—Application of superphosphate, rock phosphate, or potash, when such material is applied (1) to new seedings of biennial or perennial legumes, perennial grasses, winter legumes, lespedeza or permanent pasture (no credit will be given for materials furnished by the Agricultural Adjustment Agency applied to a seeding if wheat is used as a nurse crop); (2) to old stands of biennial and perennial legumes, perennial grasses, or permanent pasture provided the acreage on which such applications are made is not devoted to, cultivated for, or plowed for any other crop during the program year; and (3) to green manure crops in orchards.
 - (a) Application of superphosphate or defluorinated phosphate rock. \$4.70 per 100 lbs of available P₂O₅.

(b) Application of rock phosphate.—\$0.55 per 100 lbs. (c) Application of potash.—\$3.25 per 100 lbs of available K2O. (d) 100 lbs of 0-9-27_____ \$1.30 (e) 100 lbs of 0-10-20____ 1.10 (n) 100 lbs of 2-12-6____ \$0.75 (o) 100 lbs of 2–16–8____ 1.00 (f) 100 lbs of 0-12-12--- , 95 (p) 100 lbs of 3-9-18____ (q) 100 lbs of 3-12-12____ 1.00 (g) 100 lbs of 0-14-7____ . 90 .95 (h) 100 lbs of 0-14-14---(r) 100 lbs of 3-18-9___ 1. 10 1, 15 . 85 (s) 100 lbs of 4-10-6___ (i) 100 lbs of 0-18-0----. 65 (j) 100 lbs of 0-19-0---. 90 (t) 100 lbs of 4-16-0____ 75 . 95 (u) 100 lbs of 8-8-8____ (k) 100 lbs of 0-20-0____ . 65 1.25 (1) 100 lbs of 0-20-10____ (v) 100 lbs of 10-6-4____ (*m*) 100 lbs of 0-20-20___ 1.60

C. DEFINITIONS

(1) Farm.—Farm means all adjacent or nearby farm land under the same ownership which is operated by one person., including also:

(a) Any other adjacent or nearby farm land which the county committee, in accordance with instructions issued by the Agricultural Adjustment Agency, determines is operated by the same person as part of the same unit with respect to the rotation of crops and with work stock, farm machinery, and labor substantially separate from that for any other lands; and

(b) Any field-rented tract (whether operated by the same or another person) which, together with any other land included in the

farm, constitutes a unit with respect to the rotation of crops.

(c) A farm shall be regarded as located in the county in which the principal dwelling is situated, or if there is no dwelling thereon, it shall be regarded as located in the county in which the major portion of the farm is located.

(2) Cropland.—Cropland means farm land which in 1944 was tilled or was in regular rotation, excluding any land which constitutes, or will constitute if such tillage is continued, a wind-erosion hazard to the community, and excluding also, any land in commercial orchards.

(3) Noncrop open pasture land.—Noncrop open pasture land means pasture land (other than rotation pasture land) on which the predominant growth is forage suitable for grazing and on which the number or grouping of any trees or shrubs is such that the land could not fairly be considered as woodland.

(4) Commercial orchards.—Commercial orchards means the acreage on the farm in planted or cultivated fruit trees, nut trees, vineyards, hops, or bush fruits (excluding nonbearing orchards and vineyards), from which the major portion of the production is normally

sold.

(5) Normal commercial vegetable acreage.—The normal commercial vegetable acreage for the farm means that acreage of vegetable or truck crops of which the principal part of the production is sold to persons not living on the farm, including the acreage of sweet potatoes, tomatoes, sweet corn, melons, cantaloupes, strawberries, and commercial bulbs and flowers. The only vegetable or truck crops not included are peas or sweet corn for processing, artichokes for use other than vegetables, and Irish potatoes.

(6) Person.—Person means an individual, partnership, association, corporation, estate or trust, or other business enterprise or other legal entity, and wherever applicable, a State, a political subdivision of a

State, or any agency thereof.

(7) Producer.—Producer means any person who as landlord, tenant, or sharecropper, participates in the operation of a farm.

D. POOLING OF PRACTICE ALLOWANCES

Producers in any local area may agree in writing with the approval of the State committee, to combine all or any part of their farm allowances for the performance of practice No. (15), Farm Ditches, provided their farms are benefited by the construction of the ditches. For purposes of payment, the practice carried out under an approved written pooling agreement will be regarded as having been carried out on the farms of the producers who performed the practice.

CURRENT SLRIAL RECKO
FEB 23 1075

FEB 23 1075

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D. C.

1945 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM

MORTH CRN L REGION

IANA COMPANIS DEPART SUPPLEMENT 1 TO INDIANA COMMITTEEN

1945 CREDIT RATES FOR LIMING M

Following are the materials for which the credit throughout the State:

Type of material	Creati Tale
Calcium carbide refuse lime	\$1.40 per ton.
Water-softening process lime	\$0.70 per cu. yd.
Burnt lime waste	\$1.40 per ton.
Commercial burnt lime	
Hydrated lime	\$4.00 per ton.

The following are the credit rates for the other materials for which credit will be given in your county. The rates for limestone are on a ton basis and the rates for marl are on a cubic yard basis:

ADAMS COUNTY

ALLEN COUNTY-Continued

Township	Lime- stone	Township	Lime- stone
Blue Creek French Hartford Jefferson Kirkland Monroe Preble Root St. Marys Union Wabash Washington	\$1. 20 1. 20 1. 20 1. 00 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 40 1. 30 1. 50 1. 10 1. 30	Monroe_Perry_Pleasant_Scipio_Springfield_St. Joseph_Washington_Wayne_BARTHOLOMEW COUNT	\$1. 80 1. 80 1. 50 1. 80 1. 80 1. 80 1. 80 1. 60

ALLEN COUNTY

11212111 00011 = 1		Clifty
		Columbus
Aboite	\$1, 60	Flatrock
Adams	1 00	German
Cedar Creek	1 00	Harrison
Eel River	0 00	l Haw Creek
Jackson	1 60	Jackson
Jefferson	1 60	Ninevah
Lafavette	1 60	Ohio
Lake	1 00	l Rock Creek
Madison	1 00	Sand Creek
Marion	1 60	Union
Maumee	4 00	Wayne
Mal	1 00	

Clay	\$1. 30
Clifty	1. 30
Columbus	1. 40
Flatrock	1. 50
German	1. 50
Harrison	1. 50
Haw Creek	1. 50
Jackson	1. 60
Ninevah	1. 50
Ohio	1. 60
Rock Creek	1. 20
Sand Creek	1. 30
Union	1. 50
Wayne	1. 50

B	EN	TT	ON	C	OI	IN	TY

Lime-Lime-Township Marl Township Marl stone stone Bolivar____ \$2. 20 \$1.20 Jackson_____ \$1.80 \$0.80 . 80 1.80 1. 20 Jefferson_____ Center_____ 1.80 . 80 1. 20 Gilboa_____ 1.90 Liberty_____ 1.70 Grant_____ Hickory Grove_____ 1. 20 Madison_____ . 80 2.00 2.00 1. 20 1. 20 1. 20 1. 20 1. 20 1. 20 1. 20 1. 20 2. 10 2. 00 Monroe____ 80 Oak Grove 2. 10 Rock Creek 1.80 . 80 Parish Grove 1.80 . 80 Tippecanoe_____ 1. 50 Pine_____ 2. 20 1. 70 Washington____ . 80

BLACKFORD COUNTY

1.80

1.80

Richland_____ Union

York____

Township	Lime- stone
Harrison	\$1. 00 1. 20 1. 20 1. 10

BOONE COUNTY

Center	\$2, 90
Clinton	2, 80
Eagle	2 50
Harrison	2. 60
Jackson	2. 60
Jefferson	2. 50
Marion	2. 90
Perry	
Sugar Crook	2. 90 2. 90
Sugar Creek	00
Union	2. 50
WashingtonWorth	2. 50
worth	2. 50

BROWN COUNTY

	\$1. 90
Jackson	1. 90
Johnson Van Buren	1, 90
Washington	1. 90

CARROLL COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
Adams	1. 60	\$0. 80 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 80

CASS COUNTY

1. 50

CARROLL COUNTY-Continued

Township	Lime- stone
Adams Bethlehem Boone Clay Clinton Deer Creek Eel Harrison Jackson Jefferson Miami Noble Tipton Washington	\$1. 70 1. 70 1. 50 1. 40 1. 70 1. 60 1. 70 1. 60 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50

CLARK COUNTY

D 1111	
Bethlehem	\$1. 50
Carr	1. 30
Charlestown	1, 20
Jeffersonville	1. 00
Monroe	1. 30
Oregon	1. 30
Owen	1. 40
Silver Creek	1. 10
Union	1. 20
Utica	1. 10
Washington	1. 40
Wood	1, 50
	00

CLAY COUNTY

Washington 1. 60

Lime-stone

CLINTON COUNTY

Township

Center	\$1. 90	
Forest	2. 10	
Jackson	2. 00	
Johnson	2. 20	
'Kirklin	2. 10	
Madison	2. 20	
Michigan	1. 90	
Owen	2. 00	
Perry	2. 30	
Ross	2. 20	
RossSugar Creek	2. 30	
Union	2. 00	
Warren	1. 90	
Washington	2. 10	
Washing our	2. 20	
CRAWFORD COUNTY		
	60 10	
Boone	\$2. 10	
Jennings	1. 40	
Johnson	1. 80	
Liberty	1. 20	
Ohio	1. 70 1. 80	
Patoka	1. 80	
Sterling	1. 20	
UnionWhiskey Run	1. 70	
Whiskey Run	1. 30	
DAVIESS COUNTY		
Barr	\$2.40	
Bogard	2. 40	
Elmore	2. 30	
Harrison	2. 50	
Madison	2. 20	
Reeve	2. 50	
Steele	2. 40	
Van Buren	2. 20	
Veale	2. 50	
Washington	2. 50	
Washington		
DEARBORN COUNTY		
Caesar Creek	\$1. 80	
Center		
Clay	1. 80	
	1. 80	
Harrison	1. 70	
Hogan	1. 80	
Jackson	1 4 00	
Kelso	1. 80	
Lawrenceburg	1. 80	
Logan	1. 70	
Manchester	1 00	
Miller	1 = 00 [
Sparta	1. 80	
Washington	1. 80	
York	1. 00	

DECATUR COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
Adams Clay_ Clinton Fugit Jackson Marion Salt Creek Sand Creek Washington	\$1. 40 1. 50 1. 30 1. 60 1. 30 1. 60 1. 40 1. 40 1. 50	\$0. 80 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 80

DE KALB COUNTY

DELAWARE COUNTY

Center	\$1. 20	\$1. 20
Delaware	1. 10	1. 20
Hamilton	1. 20	1. 20
Harrison		1. 20
Liberty		1. 20
Monroe		1. 20
Mt. Pleasant		1. 20
Niles		1. 20
Perry		1. 20
Salem	1. 80	1. 20
Union		1, 20
Washington		1, 20
,, 6,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		

DUBOIS COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
Bainbridge	\$1. 90
Boone	1. 90
Cass	2. 40
Columbia	1. 60
Ferdinand	2. 40
HallHarbison	2. 10 1. 70

DUBOIS COUNTY—Continued

Township	Lime- stone
Jackson Jefferson	\$2. 00 1. 80
Madison	2. 00 2. 00
Patoka	2. 20

ELKHART COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
Baugo	\$2. 10 2. 10	\$0. 90 . 70 . 70 . 70 . 80 . 90 . 90 . 70 . 90 . 70 . 90 . 70

FAYETTE COUNTY

Columbia	\$2, 30	\$1, 30
Connersville	2, 30	1. 30
Fairview	1. 80	1. 30
Harrison	2. 20	1. 30
Jackson	2. 60	1. 30
Jennings	2. 50	1. 30
Orango	2. 10	00
Orange	2. 10	1. 30
Posey	2. 20	1. 30
Waterloo	2. 40	1. 30
	-	

FLOYD COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
Franklin	\$1. 10 1. 40 1. 40 1. 30 1. 00

FOUNTAIN COUNTY

Cain\$2. 20	
Davis 2. 50 Fulton 2. 10 Jackson 2. 00 Logan 2. 30 Mill Creek 2. 10 Richland 2. 60 Shawnee 2. 00 Troy 2. 10 Van Buren 2. 40	31. 60 1. 60 1. 60 1. 50 1. 50 1. 60 1. 60 1. 60 1. 60

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Township ,	Lime- stone
BathBlooming Grove	\$2. 20 2. 10
BrookvilleButler	2. 10 2. 00 1. 70
Highland	2. 30 1. 80
Laurel	2. 10 2. 10 2. 30
Salt Creek	1. 50 1. 80
Springfield Whitewater	1. 70 1. 90

FULTON COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
Aubbeenaubbee Henry Liberty Newcastle Richland Rochester Union Wayne	2. 50 1. 90	\$0. 80 . 80 1. 00 . 80 . 80 . 80 1. 00 1. 00

GIBSON COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
Barton	\$2. 10
Center	2. 10
Columbia	2. 10
Johnson	2. 20

GIBSON COUNTY-Continued

Township Lime-stone Montgomery \$2.40 Patoka 2.20 Union 2.20 Wabash 2.50 Washington 2.30 White River 2.30

GRANT COUNTY

Center Fairmount Franklin Green Jefferson Liberty Mill Monroe Pleasant Richland Sims	1. 20 1. 30 1. 40 1. 50 1. 50 1. 40 1. 10
Richland	1. 10 1. 10

GREENE COUNTY

Beach Creek	\$2.00
Cass	2. 10
Center	1, 90
Fairplay	2. 10
Grant	2. 10
Highland	2. 30
Jackson	1.80
Jefferson	1. 70
Richland	2.00
Smith	1. 80
Stafford	2, 20
Stockton	2. 20
Taylor	2. 20
Washington	2. 30
Wright	2.00

HAMILTON COUNTY

Adams	\$2. 50
Clay	2. 50
Delaware	1. 90
Fall Creek	1. 80
Jackson	2. 20
Noblesville	1. 90
Washington	2, 30
Wayne	
White River	1. 90

HANCOCK COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
Blue River	\$2. 40 2. 20 2. 40 2. 40 2. 20 2. 40 2. 40 2. 40 2. 40

HARRISON COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
Blue River	1. 20 1. 30 1. 40 1. 30 1. 50 1. 30 1. 40 1. 50 1. 40	\$0. 80 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 80

HENDRICKS COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
Brown Center Clay Eel River Franklin Guilford Liberty Lincoln Marion Middle Union Washington	\$2. 10 2. 10 1. 90 2. 10 1. 80 2. 10 1. 90 2. 10 1. 90 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10

HENRY COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
Blue River Dudley Fall Creek Franklin	\$2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10	\$1. 30 1. 70 1. 30 1. 50

HENRY COUNTY-Continued

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
Harrison Henry Jefferson Liberty Prairie Spiceland Stoney Creek Wayne	2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10	\$1. 50 1. 30 1. 30 1. 50 1. 20 1. 60 1. 30 1. 80

HOWARD COUNTY

Center	\$1. 70	\$0. 80
Clay	1. 80	. 80
Ervin		. 80
Harrison		. 80
Honey Creek	1. 90	. 80
Howard	1. 80	. 80
Jackson	1. 80	. 80
Liberty	1. 80	. 80
Monroe	1. 90	. 80
Taylor	1. 80	. 80
Union	1. 90	. 80

HUNTINGTON COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
Clear Creek Dallas Huntington Jackson Jefferson Lancaster Polk Rock Creek Salamonie Union Warren Wayne	\$1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 50 1. 40 1. 50 1. 40 1. 50 1. 40 1. 50

JACKSON COUNTY

Brownstown	\$1.70
Carr	2.00
Driftwood	1. 80
Grassy Fork	1. 50
Hamilton	1. 70
Jackson	1. 70
Owen	1. 90
Pershing	1. 90
Redding	1. 40
Salt Creek	1. 90
Vernon	1. 50
Washington	1. 50

JASPER COUNTY

Lime- stone	Marl
\$1. 40 1. 20 1. 80 1. 50	\$0. 80 . 80 . 80
1. 80 1. 50 1. 20	. 80 . 90 . 80 . 80
1. 20 1. 30 1. 60 1. 60	. 80 . 80 1. 10 1. 00
	\$1. 40 1. 20 1. 80 1. 50 1. 20 1. 80 1. 50 1. 20 1. 40 1. 20 1. 30 1. 60

JAY COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
Bear Creek Greene Jackson Jefferson Knox Madison Noble Penn Pike Richland Wabash Wayne	\$0. 90 1. 00 1. 10 1. 20 1. 30 1. 30 1. 20 1. 40 1. 20 1. 10 90 1. 00

JEFFERSON COUNTY

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JENNINGS COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl	
Bigger_Campbell_Center_Columbia_Geneva_LovettMarion_	\$1. 10 1. 10 0. 90 1. 20 1. 10 1. 10 1. 20	\$0. 80 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 80	

JENNINGS COUNTY—Continued

Lime-Marl Township stone \$1. 20 1. 00 1. 10 1. 00 Montgomery_____Sand Creek_____Spencer_____Vernon_____ \$0.80 . 80 . 80

JOHNSON COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	
All townships	\$2. 10	

KNOX COUNTY

Busseron	\$2. 40
Decker	2. 50
Harrison	
Johnson	2. 50
Palmyra	2. 40
Steen	
Vigo	2. 40
Vincennes	2. 40
Washington	2. 40
Widner	2. 40

KOSCIUSKO COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
Clay	\$2. 10	\$0. 90
Franklin	2. 10	. 90
HarrisonJackson	2. 10 1. 80 2. 10	. 90 . 80
Jefferson Lake Monroe	2. 00	. 80
PlainPrairie	2. 10	. 90
ScottSeward	2. 10 2. 10	. 90
TippecanoeTurkey Creek	2. 10 2. 10	90
Van Buren	2. 10 2. 00	. 70
Wayne	2. 10	. 90

LAGRANGE COUNTY

2377037777		
Bloomfield	\$2. 40	\$0. 80
Clay	2, 40	. 90
Clearspring	2. 40	. 90
Eden	2 40	. 90
Greenfield		. 90
Johnson	2. 40	. 90
Lima	2. 40	. 90
Milford	2. 40	. 80
Newbury	2. 40	. 90
Springfield		. 90
Van Ruren		. 90

LAKE COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
Calumet	\$1. 30
Cedar Creek	1, 40
Center	1. 30
Eagle Creek	1. 40
Eagle CreekHanover	1. 30
Hobart	1. 30
North	1. 30
Ross	1. 30
St. John	1. 30
West Creek	1. 40
Winfield	1. 30

LA PORTE COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl	
		Marl	
Cass	\$2. 10 2. 10	\$0. 90 . 80 . 80	

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
Bono Guthrie Indian Creek Marion Marshall Perry Pleasant Run Shawswick	\$1. 80 1. 90 1. 90 1. 90 1. 80 1. 80 1. 50 1. 80
Spice Valley	2. 00

MADISON COUNTY

MIAMI COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Township	Lime- stone	Marl
Adams Anderson Boone Duck Creek Fall Creek Green Jackson Jacks	\$1, 40 1, 40 2, 00 2, 00 1, 30 1, 40 1, 50 2, 00 2, 00 1, 30		1. 90	\$0. 86 . 86 . 86 . 86 . 86 . 86 . 86 . 86
Union	1. 40 2. 00	UnionWashington	1. 80 1. 70	, 80

MARION COUNTY

A11	townships	\$2. 40
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MARSHALL COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl	
Bourbon	\$2, 30 2, 10 2, 30 2, 10 2, 10 2, 10 2, 30 2, 10 2, 30 2, 10	\$1. 00 . 90 . 90 1. 00 . 90 . 90 1. 00 . 90 1. 10	

MARTIN COUNTY

Township									Lime- stone										
Brown	er se			-				est		_		_						\$2.	10
conter		2na					-										- 1		00
LEBIDOTE	D. O.		-															2.	0(
bost River_																		2.	10
vicumaneror																	- 1	2.	20
Mitcheltree	-1 (0)	501	m	m	808	illo	/ ==	400	203	-00	Ho	800	m	in.	m	_	00	2.	20
Perry	D 41	tte		ðы	0.0	m	Hits.	20	IIIs	224	in.	-	100	104	-	01	-	2.	()(
Rutherford.	80 20	£			-84	10	Dip.	-		100	-	203	žit.	100	80	84	45	2.	20

MONROE COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
Bean Blossom Benton Bloomington Clear Creek Indian Creek Marion Perry Polk Richland Salt Creek	\$1, 60 1, 50 1, 30 1, 40 1, 60 1, 60 1, 60 1, 50
Van Buren	1. 40 1. 40

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
Brown	\$1. 70 1. 80 2. 40 2. 30 2. 40 2. 30 1. 70 2. 50	\$1. 30 1. 30 1. 70 1. 70 1. 70 1. 70 1. 30 1. 70
South Union Walnut Wayne	2. 10 2. 00 2. 10 2. 10	1, 60 1, 50 1, 60 1, 60

MORGAN COU	FNTT		OWEN COUNTY-	-Continu	ied
Township		Lime- stone	Township		Lime
Adams		\$1, 80 1, 80 2, 10 2, 00 2, 00 2, 30 1, 80 2, 40 2, 40	Marion Mortgomery Morgan Taylor Washington Wayno		\$1, 90 1, 80 1, 80 1, 70 1, 80 1, 80 1, 60 1, 60
Jefferson		2. 10 2. 10	PARKE COU	INTY	
Madison Monroe Ray Washington		1, 80 1, 80 2, 00	Township	Lime- atone	Mart
NEWTON COL	INTY		Adams.	\$1. 80	\$1, 40
All townshipsNOBLE COUL		\$1, 50	Florida Greene Howard Jackson	1, 90 1, 60 1, 70	1. 40 1. 20 1. 30 1. 20
Township	Lime- stone	Marl	ldberty Penn Raccoon	2. 00 1. 80 1. 60	1, 50 1, 40 1, 20 1, 40
Allen Elkhart Green Jefferson Noble Orange	\$2, 30 2, 40 2, 10 2, 20 2, 10 2, 40 2, 60	\$1, 00 , 80 , 80 , 90 , 80 , 80	Roserve Sugar Creek Union Wabash Washington	1, 90 1, 60 1, 80 1, 80	1, 40 1, 40 1, 20 1, 40 1, 40
Perry Sparta Swan Washington Wayne York OHIO COUN	2, 40 2, 20 2, 20 2, 50 2, 50 2, 20	. 80 1. 20 . 80 . 80 . 80	Anderson Clark Leopold Oil Tobin Troy	\$1, 80 1, 90 1, 60 1, 60 1, 80 1, 80	\$0, 80 , 80 , 80 , 80 , 80 , 80
			Union	1, 60	, 80
I Made in	\$2, 10	\$0, 80	PIKE COUN		
ORANGE COU	NTY		Township		Lime- Blome
Township		Line- stone	Clay	30 to no. 16 to 12 do	\$2, 30 1, 90
French Lick Greenfield Jackson Northeast Northwest Orangeville		\$1, 30 1, 30 1, 50 1, 20 1, 50 1, 30	Lockhart Logan Madison Marion Mouroe Patoka	errent en	2, 30 2, 30 2, 30 2, 00 2, 30 2, 30
Orleans. Paoli Southeast.		1, 10 1, 10 1, 10	Washington	h	2. 00
Stampers Creek OWEN COU	NTY	1. 10	Township	Lime- stone	Mari
 Clay Franklin .		\$1. 70 1. 80	All townships		\$0, 80
Harrison Jackson Jefferson		1. 80 2. 20 2. 00	All townships	\$2. 20	\$1, 60

PULASKI COU	JNTY		RUSH COUNTY	
Township	Lime- stone	Marl	Township	Lime- stone
Beaver	2. 40 2. 50 2. 10 2. 00 2. 30 2. 30 2. 40 1. 60 2. 10	\$0. 80 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 80	Anderson Center Jackson Noble Orange Posey Richland Ripley Rushville Union Walker Washington	1. 80 1. 60 1. 70 1. 00 1. 50 1. 60 1. 80 1. 40 1. 20 2. 00
PUTNAM COU	INTV		ST. JOSEPH COUNTY	1
Township		Lime-	Township Lime-stone	Marl
Clinton Cloverdale Floyd Franklin Greencastle Jackson Jefferson Madison Marion Monroe Russell Warren Washington		\$1. 40 1. 30 1. 40 1. 30 1. 60 1. 40 1. 40 1. 40 1. 40 1. 40 1. 40 1. 40 1. 40 1. 40	Center \$2. 20 Clay-Harris 2. 10 German-Portage 2. 10 Greene 2. 10 Liberty 2. 00 Lincoln 2. 30 Olive 2. 00 Penn 2. 30 Union 2. 20 Warren 2. 10	\$1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00
RANDOLPH CO			Township	stone
Township	Lime- stone	Marl	All townships SHELBY COUNTY	\$1. 40
Green Greensfork Jackson Monroe Nettle Creek Stoney Creek Ward Washington Wayne West River White River RIPLEY COU	1. 00 2. 10 1. 90 2. 00 1. 90 1. 90 2. 10 1. 90 NTY	\$1. 40 . 70 1. 40 1. 40 1. 40 1. 40 1. 40 1. 40 1. 40 1. 40	Addison	\$2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 1. 80 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10
Brown Center Delaware Franklin Jackson Johnson Laughery Otter Creek Shelby Washington	1. 70 1. 30 1. 50 1. 60 1. 30 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 70 1. 70	. 80 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 80	Carter Clay Grass Hammond Harrison Huff Jackson Luce Ohio	\$2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 1. 90 2. 10 2. 10 2. 20 2. 10

STARKE COU	NTY		TIPPECANOE COU	NTY-	Con.
Township	Lime- stone	Marl	Township	Lime- stone	Marl
Center	2. 10 2. 30 2. 10 2. 10	\$0. 90 . 90 1. 10 . 80 1. 10 1. 30 . 70 1. 30	Shelby_ Tippecanoe_ Union Wabash Washington_ Wayne Wea_	2. 20 2. 50 2. 30 2. 40 2. 60 2. 40	\$1. 40 1. 40 1. 40 1. 40 1. 40 1. 40 1. 40
Wayne	2. 10	. 80	TIPTON COU	NIX	Lime-
STEUBEN COU	JNTY	<u> </u>	Township ,		stone
Clear Lake Fremont Jackson Jamestown Millgrove Otsego Pleasant Richland Salem	2. 50 2. 50 2. 50 2. 50 2. 50 2. 50 2. 50 2. 50 2. 50	\$0. 90 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 90 . 80 . 90 . 1. 10	Cicero		\$2. 00 2. 00 1. 70 1. 80 1. 70 1. 90
SteubenYorkSULLIVAN CO	2. 50 2. 50 2. 50 UNTY	. 90	Brownsville Center Harmony Harrison Liberty		\$2. 30 2. 00 2. 30 1. 80 2. 00
Township		Lime- stone	VANDERBURG ($\frac{2.00}{Y}$
CassCurryFairbankGill		\$2. 00 2. 30 2. 30 2. 20	Township	Lime- stone	Marl \$1. 80
HaddenHamilton		2. 20 2. 00	VERMILLION C	OUNTY	Z
Jackson		2. 30 2. 20 2. 20	Clinton Eugene Helt Highland Vermillion	2. 20 2. 20	\$1. 70 1. 50 1. 60 1. 30 1. 40
Cotton		\$2.00	VIGO COUN	1ŢY	
Craig		2. 00 2. 00 1. 90 2. 10	Township ,	\	Lime- stone
York		2. 10	FayetteHarrison		\$1. 90 1. 70
TIPPECANOE CO			Honey Creek		1. 80 1. 80
Township Fairfield Jackson Lauramie Perry Randolph Sheffield	2. 20	\$1. 40 1. 40 1. 40 1. 40 1. 40 1. 40	Lost CreekOtter CreekPiersonPrairie CreekPrairietonRileySugar Creek		1. 60 1. 70 1. 70 1. 80 1. 90 1. 80 1. 70 1. 90

Lagro 1. 50 . 80 Boston 1. 80	Marl
Lagro 1. 50 . 80 Boston 1. 80	
Lagro 1. 50 . 80 Boston 1. 80	\$1. 4 0
	1. 40
Liberty 1. 70 . 80 Center 2. 00	1. 40
Noble1. 80 .80 Clay2. 30	1. 40
Paw Paw	1. 40
Pleasant 1. 90 .80 Franklin 2. 10	1. 40
Waltz 1. 50	
Harrison 2. 10	1. 40 1. 40
WARREN COUNTY Jackson 2. 10	
WARREN COUNTY Jefferson 2. 10 2. 10	1. 40 1. 40
	1. 40
Adams \$2. 20 \$1. 60 Perry 2. 10 Jordan 2. 10 1. 60 Washington 2. 30	1. 40
Jordan 2. 10 1. 60 Washington 2. 30	1. 40
Kent 2. 00 1. 60 Wayne 1. 80	1. 40
Liberty 2. 10 1. 60 Webster 2. 00	1. 40
Medina 2. 40 1. 60 WELLS COUNTY	
1, 00 1, 00	
Pike 2. 00 1. 60	in a
1 III 4, 20 1, 00 10 WISHIP	Lime- stone
Frairie 2, 20 1, 60	
Steuben 2. 00 1. 60	
Warren 2. 20 1. 60 Chester 8	31. 30
Washington 2. 20 1. 60 Harrison	1, 20
Jackson	1, 50
Jefferson	1. 30
WARRICK COUNTY Lancaster	1. 10
Liberty	1. 20
Township Lime- Nottingham	1. 10
stone Rock Creek	1. 20
Union	1. 30
Anderson	1. 00
Boon 2. 10 WHITE COUNTY	
Campbell 2. 10	
	1. 60
Hart 2. 00 Cass	1. 70
Lane-Owen 2, 30 Honey Creek	1. 50
Ohio 2. 10 Jackson	1. 60
Pigeon 2. 30 Liberty	1. 60
Skelton 2. 30 Lincoln	
Z. 30 Mincon	1. 50 1. 30
WAGHINGTON CONTENTS	
	1. 60
Round Grove	1. 80
- Time TT ·	1. 90
Township Lime-stone Marl Union West Point	1. 60
West Fornt	1.80
Brown \$1.30 \$0.80 WHITLEY COUNTY	
Ψο. Ου	
Gibson 1.40 .80 Township Lime-	
	Marl
110waru 1. 10 . 80	
Jackson 1. 30 . 80	
Jefferson 1. 60 80 Cleveland \$1. 60 \$	0. 80
Madison 1. 10	. 80
Monroe 1. 60 80 Etna-Troy 1. 80	. 80
Pierce 1. 50 .80 Jefferson 1. 40	. 80
Polk 1. 50 . 80 Richland 1. 70	. 80
Posey 1. 10 . 80 Smith 1. 80	. 80
Vernon 190 Po The Carl	. 80
Vernon 1. 20 80 Thorn Creek 1. 70	
Vernon 1. 20 . 80 Thorn Creek	. 80



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT AGENCY

Washington, D. C.

1945 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM

NORTH CENTRAL REGION

IOWA COMMITTEEMAN'S PRACTICE HANDBOOK

The 1945 Farm Program is designed to assist the farmers of Iowa to the fullest possible extent in protecting their soils against damage

from erosion and loss of fertility.

The county committee, with the approval of the State committee, may designate those practices which will be approved for payment in the county in order that the farm allowance will be used most effectively to bring about increased conservation, or the county committee may specify for any group of farms a proportion of the farm allowance which may be earned only by carrying out certain designated practices which are very much needed.

A. CONSERVATION PRACTICE ALLOWANCE

The practice allowance is the maximum amount of payment that may be made for carrying out approved conservation practices.

(1) The allowance for the special Contouring Intertilled Crops practice shall be the extent of the practice times the approved rate.

(2) The allowance for the special Ditches for Tile Drainage practice shall be an amount equal to the regular allowance computed under item (3).

(3) The allowance for regular practices shall be the sum of the

following, or \$15.00, whichever is greater:

(a) 50 cents times the acreage classified as cropland.

(b) 50 cents times the acreage classified as noncrop open pasture.
(c) \$2.00 times the acreage classified as commercial orchards.

B. CONSERVATION PRACTICES

The practices available for 1945 are those which are most needed in order to conserve and improve soil fertility, improve pasture land, prevent wind and water erosion, and promote conservation and better utilization of water. Assistance will be available through the conservation practice allowance for carrying out the following practices during the program year January 1, 1945 through December 31, 1945. To qualify for payment, each practice must be carried out in accordance with the specifications for that practice and be in keeping with good farming practices for the locality.

The total extent of any practice performed shall be reduced for purposes of payment by the percentage of the total cost of the practice which the county committee determines was furnished by a State or Federal agency. The extent of any practice shall not be reduced because a portion of the cost is represented by materials or services furnished by the A. A. A., or equipment furnished by S. C. S., or materials or services furnished by an agency of a State or political

subdivision thereof to another agency or political subdivision of the same State, or trees purchased from a Clark-McNary Cooperative State Nursery.

All special practices listed under this section are designated by asterisks (**). Practices not designated as special practices will be considered as regular practices:

(1) **Contour farming intertilled crops.—Contour farming of intertilled crops, provided the crop stubble is left standing or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained. Credit will not be given for this practice on land which has a slope of less than 2 percent. If there is danger of erosion in waterways, such waterways must be permanently established in sod and buffer strips must be established if necessary. No credit will be given for this practice for any acreage qualifying under the Contour Stripcropping practices.—\$1.50 per acre.

(2) Contour seeding.—Contour seeding of small grain crops, sorghums, millet, and soybeans. All operations in connection with the seeding must be on the contour. If there is danger of erosion in waterways, such waterways must be permanently established in sod. No credit will be given for this practice for any acreage qualifying

under the Contour Stripcropping practices.—\$0.50 per acre.

(3) Establishing contour stripcropping.—By growing alternate strips of intertilled crops with sown, close-drilled, or sod crops, on the contour; *Provided*, (1) The strips are approximately the same width; (2) the strips are not less than 1 rod nor more than 20 rods in width; and (3) the crop stubble is left standing or a good stand of winter cover crop is obtained. Buffer strips must be at least 1

rod in width.—\$2.50 per acre.

(4) Maintaining contour stripcropping.—Maintaining contour stripcropping previously established by growing alternate strips of intertilled crops with sown, close-drilled, or sod crops, on the contour; Provided, (1) The strips are approximately the same width; (2) the strips are not less than 1 rod nor more than 20 rods in width; and (3) the crop stubble is left standing or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained. When in the normal course of crop rotation it is necessary to have two adjacent strips of sown, close-drilled or sod crops, payment will be made for the entire field. Buffer strips must be at least 1 rod in width.—\$1 per acre.

(5) Standard and diversion terraces—With prior approval of the county committee, construction of standard or diversion terraces for which proper outlets are provided. The terraces must be constructed to conform with the specifications for standard or diversion terraces as recommended by the U. S. Department of Agriculture.—

\$1 per 100 lin. ft.

(6) Establishing sod waterways.—Establishing a permanent sod waterway on any cropland where a permanent vegetative cover is necessary in a waterway channel or terrace outlet, or in cultivated orchards. The channel of the waterway must be sufficiently wide to carry the run-off from the drainage area and must be at least 10 feet wide at the narrowest point. The channel must contain perennial grasses and a good vegetative growth obtained.—\$0.75 per 1,000 sq. ft.

(7) Maintaining sod waterways.—Maintaining an established sod waterway at least 10 feet in width at the narrowest point in a field

which is devoted to intertilled crops, by lifting the plow when the waterway is crossed, moving, sodding or reseeding breaks in the sod, protecting from damage by livestock, and by use of other practices necessary to maintain a good vegetative cover. No credit will be given for this practice for any waterway for which credit is given under practice (6).—\$0.25 per 1,000 sq. ft.

(8) Seeding of depleted pasture on land designated as noncrop open pasture.—Lime or fertilizer must be applied as needed and the land must be disked or springtoothed sufficiently to prepare a good

seed bed:

(a) Seedings consisting solely of timothy, lespedeza, red top, sweet clover,

or mixture of these crops.—\$0.10 per pound.

(b) Seedings consisting of adapted pasture grasses, perennial or biennial legumes (except sweet clover) or approved pasture mixtures.—\$0.25 per

(9) Mowing weeds.—Mowing weeds on pasture land a sufficient number of times during the growing season to prevent weed seed formation and improve the stand of grasses and legumes, and by carrying out such other pasture improvement practices as the county committee may require. No hay or seed crop may be taken from the

acreage.—\$0.50 per acre per mowing.

- (10) Dams for livestock water or erosion control.—With prior approval of the county committee, construction of earthen, concrete, or masonry dams and reservoirs. Earthen dams must be constructed with minimum slopes of 3 to 1 on the upstream side and 2 to 1 on the downstream side, and must have a crown width of 1 foot for every foot in height of fill, but not more than 10 feet. Dams of 10 feet or less in height must have a minimum free board of 3 feet. Dams over 10 feet in height must have a minimum free board of 4 feet. ways must be of sufficient width to carry the expected overflow from the drainage area. To qualify for credit the ponds must have a minimum depth of 6 feet at the deepest point. The dam must be fenced to exclude livestock and the water must be piped to a stockwater tank, or where this is impracticable, a small arm of the pond may be permitted to extend beyond the fenced area, or chutes or other means of making the water available to livestock may be approved by the county committee provided such methods do not permit access of the stock to the pond proper. A protective strip of sod, 2 rods in width, must be established around the entire pond. Dams constructed solely for the purpose of erosion control need not be provided with a means of making the water available to livestock.
 - (a) For earth or other material moved Not over 2,000 cu. yds.—\$0.15 per cubic yard. In excess of 2,000 cu. yds.—\$0.10 per cubic yard.

 (b) For concrete or masonry.—\$9.00 per cubic yard.

 (c) For Rubble Masonry.—\$6.00 per cubic yard.
- (11) Green manure crops.—Disking or plowing under a good stand and a good growth of the following crops. If the land is subject to erosion and the green manure is turned under in the fall, the land must be protected by a winter cover crop.—\$1.50 per acre:
 - (a) Alsike or red clover seeded in the spring of 1944 and turned under in the fall of 1945.
 - (b) Mammoth clover seeded in the spring of 1945 and turned under in the fall.

(c) Winter rye seeded in the fall of 1944, except that acreage on which a 1944 winter cover crop payment was made.

(d) Sweet clover.

(12) Farm ditches.—With prior approval of the county committee, construction or cleaning out of farm ditches (except ditches constructed or maintained by a drainage district) including lateral and lead ditches, for which proper outlets are provided, and adequate provision is made for the entrance of water into and out of the ditches. The ditches must have sufficient capacity to remove the normal excess surface water. When practice allowances are pooled under an approved pooling agreement the \$5.00 per 100 lin. ft. limitation will be removed.—\$0.08 per cu. yard of material moved, but not in excess of \$5.00 per 100 lin. ft.

(13) **Ditches for tile drainage.—With prior approval of the county committee, excavation of ditches for the purpose of installation of tile drains, provided the size of tile, outlets and gradient meet the specifications for standard drainage as recommended by the United States Department of Agriculture. Not less than 75 percent of the area to be drained must be classified as cropland, and no part of the tile line is to be used for any purpose other than the draining of agri-

cultural land.—\$0.40 per rod.

(14) Harvesting hayseed.—Harvesting for seed an acreage of alfalfa, red clover, alsike clover, white clover, sweet clover, and brome grass. Credit will not be given for more than 25 acres per farm.—

\$3.50 per acre.

- (15) Weed control.—With prior approval of the county committee, eradication or effective control of seriously infested plots of the following perennial noxious weeds: Canada thistle, European bindweed, leafy spurge, perennial pepper grass, and perennial sow thistle. Payment for this practice may be approved only on farms where approved weed control measures are being carried out on all adjacent infested farms and contiguous land, where the infestation is limited to a single farm, or where the county committee determines there is no likelihood of reinfestation from adjacent or contiguous land.
 - (a) By use of sodium chlorate or other chemicals.—\$0.10 per pound.
 (b) By clean tillage.—\$10 per acre.
- (16) Tree planting.—Prior approval of the site and the variety of the tree to be planted must be obtained from the county committee. The plantings must be made in accordance with good tree culture and the new planting must be protected from fire and grazing. The following varieties of trees may be approved for payment provided they are adapted to the particular soil type, climatic conditions, moisture conditions, and site: Eastern white pine, eastern red cedar, white oak, red oak, black oak, walnut, shagbark hickory, white ash, green ash, red maple, red pine, yellow poplar, black walnut, black locust, osage orange, and hardy catalpa.
 - (a) Planting for forest purposes or gully control.—\$1 per 100 trees, but not in excess of \$7.50 per acre.

(b) Planting for windbreak purposes.—\$2 per 100 trees.

(17) Tree maintenance.—Maintaining a good stand of at least 300 forest trees per acre, or for windbreak purposes, a good stand of 250 trees per acre, planted between January 1, 1940, and January 1,

1945, by cultivating sufficiently to control other vegetation, protecting from fire and livestock and replanting if necessary.—\$3 per acre.

(18) Mulching.—Application of straw and hay in commercial orchards, in vineyards, on commercial vegetable land, on potato land, on strawberries or other small fruit.—\$3 per ton.

(19) Liming materials (credit rates are contained in NCR-901-Ia.; Supplement (1)).—Application of the following materials:

(a) One ton of agricultural ground limestone containing at least 80 percent calcium carbonate equivalent and ground sufficiently fine so that 80 percent including all of the finer particles obtained in the grinding process, will pass thru an 8-mesh sieve. The moisture content at the time of shipment must not exceed 8 percent. The specifications for calcium carbonate content and percent of material passing thru an 8-mesh sieve must be such that the multiplication of these specifications will be equal to or in excess of 0.72. If the ground limestone will not qualify with respect to either fineness or calcium carbonate content, or both, the county committee must require a correspondingly greater amount of material.

(b) One ton of calcium carbide refuse lime containing at least 85 percent calcium carbonate, and testing not more than 25 percent moisture at the shipping point. A correspondingly greater amount of material must be required if the material does not meet the specifications.

(c) One cubic yard of water-softening process lime.

(d) One cubic yard of calcareous clay.(e) One ton of button dust.

(t) One ton of hydrated lime.

- (20) Fertilizers. Application of superphosphate, colloidal phosphate, rock phosphate, or potash, when such material is applied (1) to new seedings of biennial or perennial legumes, perennial grasses, winter legumes, lespedeza, or permanent pasture (no credit will be given for materials furnished by the AAA applied to a new seeding if wheat is used as a nurse crop); (2) as a top dressing to old stands of biennial and perennial legumes, perennial grasses, or permanent pasture, provided the acreage on which such applications are made is not devoted to, cultivated for, or plowed for any other crop during the program year; (3) to green manure crops in orchards.
 - (a) Application of superphosphate or defluorinated phosphate rock.— \$5.25 per 100 lbs. of P_2O_5 .

(b) Application of rock phosphate or colloidal phosphate.—\$0.60 per 100 lbs.

(c) Application of potash.—\$3.35 per 100 lbs. of K₂O.

(d) 100 lbs. of 0-9-27	\$1.35	(n) 100 lbs of 2-12-6 \$0.	85
(e) 100 lbs. of 0-10-20	1.20	(o) 100 lbs. of 3-9-18 1.	05
(f) 100 lbs. of 0–12–12	1.05	(p) 100 lbs. of 3-12-12 1.	05
(g) 100 lbs. of 0-14-7	. 95	(q) 100 lbs. of 3-18-9 1.	25
(h) 100 lbs. of 0-14-14	1.20	(r) 100 lbs. of 4-10-6	70
(i) 100 lbs. of 0–18–0	. 95	(s) 100 lbs. of 4-12-4	75
(j) 100 lbs. of 0-19-0	1.00	(t) 100 lbs. of 4-16-0	85
(k) 100 lbs. of 0-20-0	1.05	(u) 100 lbs. of 4-16-4	95
(1) 100 lbs. of 0-20-10	1.40	(v) 100 lbs. of 10-6-4	45
(m) 100 lbs. of 0-20-20	, 1.70		

C. DEFINITIONS

- (1) Farms.—Farm means all adjacent or nearby farm land under the same ownership which is operated by one person, including also:
 - (a) Any other adjacent or nearby farm land which the county committee, in accordance with instructions issued by the Agricultural Adjustment Agency, determines is operated by the same person as part of the same unit with

respect to the rotation of crops and with workstock, farm machinery, and

labor substantially separate from that for any other lands; and

(b) Any field-rented tract (whether operated by the same or another person) which, together with any other land included in the farm, constitutes a unit with respect to the rotation of crops.

(c) A farm shall be regarded as located in the county in which the principal dwelling is situated, or if there is no dwelling thereon, it shall be regarded as located in the county in which the major portion of the farm is

(2) Cropland.—Cropland means farm land which in 1944 was tilled or was in regular rotation, excluding any land which constitutes, or will constitute if such tillage is continued, a wind-erosion hazard

to the community, and excluding also, any land in commercial orchards.

(3) Noncrop open pasture land.—Noncrop open pasture land means pasture land (other than rotation pasture land) on which the predominant growth is forage suitable for grazing and on which the number or grouping of any trees or shrubs is such that the land could not fairly be considered as woodland.

(4) Commercial orchards —Commercial orchards means the acreage on the farm in planted or cultivated fruit trees, nut trees, vineyards, hops, or bush fruits (excluding nonbearing orchards and vineyards), from which the major portion of the production is normally sold.

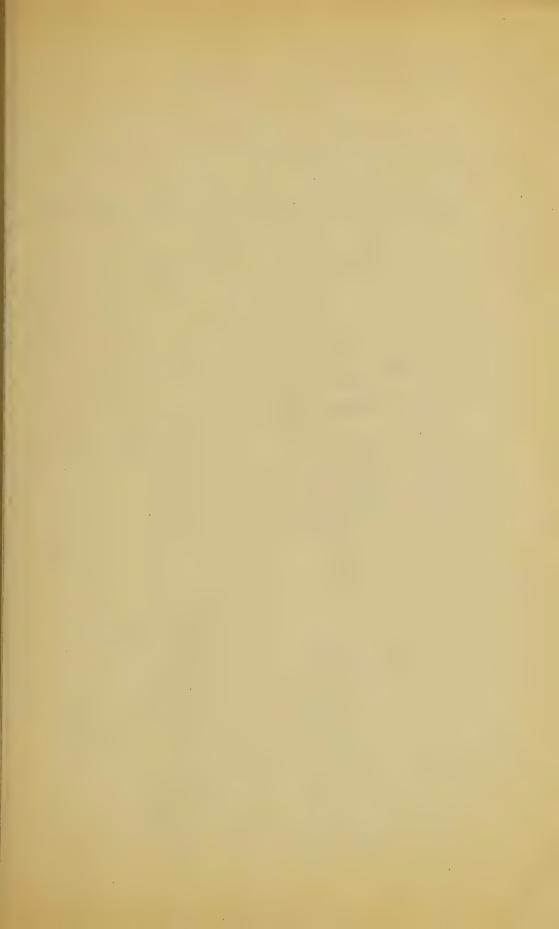
(5) Person.—Person means an individual, partnership, association, corporation, estate, or trust, or other business enterprise or other legal entity, and wherever applicable, a State, a political subdivision of a State, or any agency thereof.

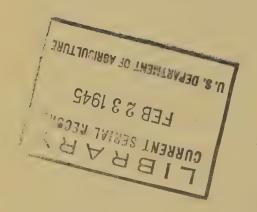
(6) Producer.—Producer means any person who as landlord, ten-

ant, or sharecropper, participates in the operation of a farm.

D. POOLING OF PRACTICE ALLOWANCES

Producers in any local area may agree in writing with the approval of the State Committee to combine all or any part of their farm allowances for the performance of practice No. (12), Farm Ditches, provided their farms are benefited by the construction of the ditches. For purposes of payment the practice carried out under an approved written pooling agreement will be regarded as having been carried out on the farms of the producers who performed the practice.





2

19

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D. C.

1945 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM

NORTH CENTRAL REGION

SUPPLEMENT 1 TO IOWA COMMITTEEMAN'S PRACTICE HANDBOOK

1945 CREDIT RATES FOR LIMING MATERIALS—IOWA

Materials for which credit rates are the same throughout the State

Type of material	Credit rate
Calcium carbide refuse lime	\$1.40 per ton
Water-softening process lime	.70 per cu. yd.
Calcareous clay	.50 per cu. yd.
Button dust	1.90 per ton
Hydrated lime	4.00 per ton

CREDIT RATES PER TON FOR GROUND LIMESTONE BY COUNTY AND TOWNSHIP

AND TOWNSHIT									
ADAIR COUNTY	APPANOOSE	BENTON COUNTY—							
	COUNTY—Continued	Continued							
Eureka \$1. 80	T. 1 01 00	1711							
Grand River 1. 70	Lincoln \$1. 60	Eldorado \$1. 80							
Grove 1. 40	Pleasant 1. 60	Florence 1. 70							
Harrison 1. 50	Sharon 1. 50	Fremont 1. 60							
Jackson 1. 90	Taylor 1. 60	Harrison 1. 50							
Jefferson 1. 50	Udell 1. 60	Homer 1. 60							
Lee 1. 60	Union 1. 70	Iowa 2. 00							
Lincoln 1. 60	Vermillion 1. 40	Jackson 1. 40							
Orient 1. 90	Walnut 1. 50	Kane 1. 80							
Prussia 1. 60	Washington 1. 60	LeRoy 2. 00							
Richland 2. 00	Wells 1. 70	Monroe 1. 50							
Summerset 1. 80		Polk 1. 50							
Summit 1. 90	AUDUBON	St. Clair 1. 90							
Union 1. 90	COUNTY	Taylor 1. 40							
Walnut 1. 70		Union							
Washington 2. 10	Audubon \$1. 80	BLACK HAWK							
	Cameron 2. 30								
ADAMS COUNTY	Douglas 2. 30	COUNTY							
ADAMS COUNTI	Exira 1. 90	Barclay \$1. 30							
All townships \$2. 20	Greeley 1. 90	Bennington 1. 40							
	Hamlin 2. 00	Big Creek 1. 30							
	LeRoy 2. 20	Black Hawk 1. 50							
ALLAMAKEE COUNTY	Lincoln 2. 50	Cedar 1. 30							
	Melville 2. 10	Cedar Falls 1. 30							
All townships \$1. 30	Oakfield 2. 10	Eagle 1. 30							
	Sharon 2. 10	East Waterloo 1, 40							
APPANOOFF.	Viola 2. 20	Fox							
APPANOOSE		Lester 1. 40							
COUNTY	BENTON COUNTY	Lincoln 1. 50							
Bellair \$1. 50	DENTON COUNTY	Mt. Vernon 1. 30							
Caldwell 1. 60	Benton \$1.50	Orange 1. 40							
Chariton 1. 70	Big Grove 1. 50	Poyner 1. 20							
Douglas 1. 50	Bruce 1. 50	Spring Creek 1. 50							
Franklin 1. 70	Canton 1. 60	Union 1. 10							
Independence 1. 40	Cedar 1. 50	Washington 1. 10							
Johns 1. 60	Eden 1. 50	West Waterloo 1. 40							
Johns	Liden	11 050 11 2001100 1. 10							

BOONE COUNTY	BUENA VISTA	CEDAR COUNTY		
Amaqua \$2. 30	COUNTY—Continued	Cass \$1. 50		
Beaver 2. 30	Newell \$2. 40	Center 1. 40		
Cass 2. 20	Nokomis 2. 70	Dayton 1. 50		
Colfax 1. 80	Poland 2. 20	Fairfield 1. 50		
Des Moines 1. 80	Providence 2. 50	Farmington 1. 60		
Dodge 2. 00	Scott 2. 50	Fremont 1. 60		
Douglas 2. 00	Washington 2. 60	Gower 1. 40		
Garden 1. 80 Grant 2. 30	BUTLER COUNTY	Inland 1. 50		
Harrison 1. 80		Iowa 1. 50 Linn 1. 60		
Jackson 1. 60	Albion \$1. 40	Linn 1. 60 Massillon 1. 60		
Marcy 2. 10	Beaver 1. 20	Pioneer 1. 60		
Peoples 2. 20	Bennezette 1. 40	Red Oak 1. 50		
Pilot Mound 2. 20	Butler 1. 20	Rochester 1. 50		
Union 2. 30	Coldwater 1. 30	Springdale 1.50		
Worth	Dayton 1. 30 Fremont 1. 40	Springfield 1.60		
Yell 2. 10	Jackson 1. 40	Sugar Creek 1. 60		
	Jefferson 1. 40	G7777 G G777 G		
BREMER COUNTY	Madison 1. 40	CERRO GORDO		
Dowton 91 40	Monroe 1. 30	COUNTY		
Dayton \$1. 40 Douglas 1. 30	Pittsford 1. 30	Bath \$1. 50		
Franklin	Ripley 1. 40	Clear Lake 1. 60		
Frederika 1. 40	Shell Rock 1. 30	Dougherty 1. 50		
Fremont 1. 40	Washington 1. 30	Falls 1. 40		
Jackson 1. 10	West Point 1. 40	Geneseo 1. 30		
Jefferson 1. 30	CATHOLIN COLUMNS	Grant 1. 50		
Lafayette 1. 00	CALHOUN COUNTY	Grimes 1. 80		
LeRoy 1. 50	Butler \$2. 10	Lake 1. 50		
Maxfield 1. 40	Calhoun 2. 30	Lime Creek 1. 40		
Polk 1. 30	Cedar 2. 00	Lincoln 1. 50		
Sumner 1. 50	Center 2. 10	Mason 1. 40 Mount Vernon 1. 60		
Warren 1. 20 Washington 1. 20	Elm Grove 2. 40 Garfield 2. 40	Owen 1. 50		
washington 1. 20	Greenfield 2. 00	Pleasant Valley 1. 50		
BUCHANAN COUNTY	Jackson 2. 40	Portland 1. 40		
	Lake Creek 2. 30	Union 1. 70		
Buffalo \$1. 40	Lincoln 1. 90			
Byron 1. 40	Logan 2. 10	CHEROKEE COUNTY		
Cono 1. 40 Fairbank 1. 30	Reading 2. 30	All townships \$2.60		
Fairbank 1. 30 Fremont 1. 40	Sherman 2. 00	An townships \$2.00		
Hazelton 1. 40	Twin Lakes 2. 30	CHICKASAW		
Homer 1. 40	Union 2. 30	COUNTY		
Jefferson 1. 50	Williams 2. 30			
Liberty 1. 30	CARROLL COUNTY	Bradford \$1. 20		
Madison 1. 30		Chickasaw 1. 20		
Middlefield 1. 40	All townships \$2. 30	Dayton 1.30		
Newton 1. 40	CASS COUNTY	Deerfield 1. 40		
Perry 1. 20		Dresden 1. 50 Fredericksburg 1. 50		
Sumner 1. 20 Washington 1. 40	Bear Grove \$2. 20			
Westburg 1. 30	Benton 2. 00	New Hampton 1. 50		
1. 00	Brighton 2. 30	Richland 1. 40		
BUENA VISTA	Cass 2. 00	Stapleton 1, 30		
COUNTY	Edna 2. 20	Utica 1, 30		
Barnes \$2. 50	Franklin 1. 90	Washington 1. 40		
Brooke 2. 60	Grant 1. 80 Grove 2. 00			
Coon 2. 40	Lincoln 1. 80	CLARKE COUNTY		
Elk 2, 70	Massena 1. 90	Doyle \$1. 60		
Fairfield 2, 10	Noble 2. 00	Franklin 1. 90		
Grant 2. 50	Pleasant 1. 90	Fremont 1. 50		
Hayes 2. 60	Pymosa 2. 20	Green Bay 1, 80		
Lee 2, 40	Union 2. 10	Jackson 1. 70		
Lincoln 2. 30	Victoria 2. 10	Knox 1, 70		
Maple Valley 2. 70	Washington 2. 20	Liberty 1. 80		

CLARKE COUNTY— Continued	DALLAS COUNTY— Continued	DELAWARE COUNTY —Continued
Madison \$1. 60	Boone \$1. 70	Richland \$1. 30
Osceola 1. 50	Colfax 1. 80	South Fork 1. 30
Troy 1. 60	Dallas 2. 30	Union 1. 30
Ward 1. 50	Des Moines 2. 20 Grant 2. 10	DES MOINES COUNTY
Washington 1. 50	Grant 2. 10 Lincoln 2. 10	
CLAY COUNTY	Linn 2. 00	Augusta \$1. 60
	Spring Valley 2. 10	Benton 1. 70
All townships \$2. 50	Sugar Grove 2. 10	Concordia 1. 60 Danville 1. 60
CLAYTON COUNTY	Union 1. 70	Danville 1. 60 Flint River 1. 50
	Van Meter 1. 70 Walnut 2. 10	Franklin 1. 60
Boardman \$1. 20	Walnut 2. 10 Washington 2. 00	Huron 1. 80
Buena Vista 1. 50 Cass 1. 30	vi asining von 2. 00	Jackson 1. 80
Cass 1. 30 Clayton 1. 50	DAVIS COUNTY	Pleasant Grove 1. 50
Cox Creek 1. 20	Clld #1 90	Tama 1. 50 Union 1. 50
Elk 1. 40	Cleveland \$1. 80 Drakesville 1. 80	Union 1. 50 Washington 1. 80
Farmersburg 1. 40	Fabius 1. 70	Yellow Springs 1. 80
Garnavillo 1. 50	Fox River 1. 70	1
Giard 1. 30 Grand Meadow 1. 40	Grove 1. 80	DICKINSON COUNTY
Highland 1. 20	Lick Creek 1. 80	All townships \$2. 60
Jefferson 1. 50	Marion 1. 70	An townships \$2.00
Lodomillo 1. 30	Perry 1. 80 Prairie 1. 70	DUBUQUE COUNTY
Mallory 1. 30	Roscoe 1. 80	·
Marion 1. 20	Salt Creek 1. 60	Cascade \$1. 30 Center 1. 20
Mendon 1. 50	Soap Creek 1. 90	Center 1. 20 Concord 1. 30
Millville 1. 40 Monona 1. 40	Union 1. 60	Dodge 1. 40
Read 1. 40	West Grove 1. 70	Dubuque 1. 20
Sperry 1. 40	Wyacondah 1. 80	Iowa 1. 40
Volga 1. 30	DECATUR COUNTY	Jefferson 1. 40
Wagner 1. 20		Liberty 1. 40 Mosalem 1. 40
CLIMBON COUNTY	Bloomington \$1. 60	New Wine 1. 50
CLINTON COUNTY	Burrell 1. 50 Center 1. 70	Peru 1. 40
Bloomfield \$1. 50	Center 1. 70 Decatur 1. 50	Prairie Creek 1. 50
Brookfield 1. 50	Eden 1. 80	Table Mound 1. 30
Camanche 1. 50	Fayette 1. 80	Taylor 1. 40
Center	Franklin 1. 80	Vernon 1. 50 Washington 1. 30
DeWitt 1. 50	Garden Grove 1. 90	Whitewater 1. 40
Eden 1. 50	Grand River 1. 60 Hamilton 1. 90	7711100772001212121212121212121212121212
Elk River 1. 50	High Point 1. 80	EMMET COUNTY
Grant 1. 50	Long Creek 1. 60	A11 4 annual bina 69 50
Hampshire 1. 50	Morgan 2. 10	All townships \$2. 50
Liberty 1. 50 Lincoln 1. 50	New Buda 1. 70	FAYETTE COUNTY
Olive 1. 50	Richland 1. 50 Woodland 2. 10	FAIETTE COUNTT
Orange 1. 50	Woodland 2. 10	Auburn \$1. 20
Sharon 1. 50	DELAWARE COUNTY	Banks 1. 40
Spring Rock 1. 60		Bethel: 1. 40
Spring Valley 1. 50 Washington 1. 50	Adams \$1. 30	Center 1. 30
Washington 1. 50 Waterford 1. 50	Bremen 1. 30 Coffins Grove 1. 30	Clermont
Welton 1. 50	Coffins Grove 1. 30	Eden 1. 20
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Delaware 1. 30	Fairfield 1. 20
CRAWFORD COUNTY	Delhi 1. 30	Fremont1. 40
All townships \$2. 50	Elk 1. 40	Harlan 1. 30
	Hazel Green 1. 30	Illyria 1. 30 Jefferson 1. 40
DALLAS COUNTY	Honey Creek 1. 30 Milo 1. 30	Jefferson 1. 40 Oran 1. 40
Adams \$1. 50	North Fork 1. 30	Pleasant Valley 1. 30
Adel 1. 90	Oneida 1. 30	Putnam 1. 30
Beaver 2. 10		
,		

FAYETTE COUNTY— Continued		HARDIN COUNTY— Continued
Smithfield \$1. 20	Baker \$2.00	
Union 1. 30	Bear Grove 2. 10	
Westfield 1. 20	Beaver 1. 66 Cass 2. 10	1
Windsor 1. 30	Dodge 2. 20	
Windsof 1. 50	Grant 1. 90	1 1 2 2 2
FLOYD COUNTY	Highland 2. 30	
FLOID COUNTY	Jackson 1. 80	The same of the sa
All townships \$1.40	Orange 2. 40	
co.,	Penn-Stuart 1. 60	1 4 77 1
FRANKLIN COUNTY	Richland 2. 30	
FIGHT COUNTY	Seely 2. 10	
Geneva \$1. 50	Thompson 1. 80	
. Grant 1. 50	Union 2. 20	Daitimore \$1. 60
Hamilton 1. 60	Valley 1. 80	Canaan 1. 80
Ingham 1, 50	Victory 2. 00	Center. 1. 50
Lee 1. 50		Jackson 1. 50
Marion 1. 60	HAMILTON COUNTY	Jefferson 1. 90
Morgan 1. 70	Dist	Marion 1. 70
Mott 1 50	Blairsburg\$1.80	
· Oakland 1. 60	Clear Loke	
Osceola	Clear Lake 2.00 Ellsworth 1.80	
Reeve 1. 50		
Richland 1. 70	Fremont 2. 20 2. 20	
Ross 1. 60		
Scott 1. 70 West Fork 1. 50	Hamilton 2. 20 Independence 2. 30	
West Fork 1. 50	Liberty 2. 00	
Wisner 1. 80	Lincoln 2. 00	Arton \$1. 30
EDEMONIA COMPA	Lyon 2. 00	Albion 1. 30
FREMONT COUNTY	Marion 2. 20	Chester 1 30
Benton \$1. 80	Rose Grove 1. 80	Forest City 1. 20
Fisher 1. 80	Scott 1. 90	Howard 1 30
Green 1. 60	Webster 2. 30	Howard Center 1.30
Locust Grove 2. 00	Williams 1. 60	Jamestown 1. 30
Madison 1. 90	1.00	New Oregon 1, 30
Monroe 1. 80	HANCOCK COUNTY	Oak Dale 1. 40
Prairie 1 80		Paris 1. 30
Riverside 1. 80	Amsterdam \$2.00	Saratoga 1. 30
Riverton 1. 80	Avery 1. 80	
Scott 1 50	Ringham 1. 90	TITINGO O T TO COTTATEST
Sidney No. 1	Boone 2. 10	
Sidney No. 2 1. 80	Britt1.80	A vorv
Walnut 1, 80	Concord 1. 60 Crystal 1. 80	Register 2 00
Washington 1. 80	Crystal 1. 80 Ell 1. 70	Corinth 1, 80
	Ellington 1. 60	Delana 1. 90
GREENE COUNTY	Erin 1. 90	Grove 2 00
433	Garfield 1. 70	Humboldt 2. 20
All townships \$2. 30	Liberty 1. 80	Lake 2. 20
	Madison 1. 70	Norway 2 20
GRUNDY COUNTY	Magor 2. 20	Rutland 1. 80
Poorron	Orthel 2.00	vernon 2.30
Beaver 1. 50	Twin Lakes 1. 80	wacousta 1.70
Black Hawk 1. 40		Weaver 1. 50
Clay 1, 40	HARDIN COUNTY	TDA COUNTRY
Colfax 1. 50 Fairfield 1. 40	A1-1	IDA COUNTY
Felix	Alden\$1.40	All townships \$2. 50
German 1. 30	Buckeye 1. 50	
Grant 1. 50	Clay 1.60	IOWA COUNTY
Lincoln 1. 50	Concord 1. 90 Eldora 1. 50	Davitan
Melrose 1. 40		
Palermo 1. 40	Etna 1. 40	
Pleasant Valley 1. 40	Grant 1. 70	
Shiloh 1, 40	Hardin 1. 20	177
	Jackson 1. 40	Hartford 2. 20 Hilton 2. 00
	1. 10	111100111111111111111111111111111111111

IOWA COUNTY—C	on.	JOHNSON COUL	NTY	KOSSUTH COUN	TY—
Honey Creek\$ 2		Big Grove		Continued	
	. 80	Cedar	1. 60	Fenton	
	. 80 2. 20	Clear Creek East Lucas	1. 30 1. 30	Garfield	1. 80
Marengo 2	2. 10	Fremont	1. 60	GermanGrant	2. 10 2. 40
Pilot	2. 00	Graham	1. 40	Greenwood	2. 40
	. 20	Hardin	1. 50	Harrison	2, 40
Troy		Jefferson	1. 60	Hebron	2. 40
	2. 00	Liberty	1. 40	Irvington	2. 20
York	l. 80	Lincoln	1. 50	Ledyard	2. 30
JACKSON COUNT	Y	Madison Monroe	1. 30 1. 60	Lincoln Lotts Creek	2. 20 2. 20
Bellevue\$1		Newport	1. 40	Luverne	2. 40
	l. 60	Oxford	1. 50	Plum Creek	2. 20
Butler	l. 60	Penn	1. 30	Portland	2. 20
Fairfield	L. 60	Pleasant Valley	1. 50	Prairie	2. 20
	l. 60	Scott	1. 40	Ramsey	2. 20
Iowa	l. 60	SharonUnion	1. 40 1. 30	Riverdale	2. 00
	L 60	Washington	1. 60	SenecaSherman	2. 50 2. 20
	1. 40 1. 40	West Lucas	1, 30	Springfield	2. 40
	1. 50			Swea	2. 50
Perrv	1. 60	JONES COUN	TY	Union	2. 20
Prairie Springs	1. 30	Cass	\$1. 50	Wesley	2. 10
Richland	1. 60	Castle Grove		Whittemore	2. 10
	1. 40	Clay			
Tete Des Morts	1. 40	Fairview	1. 40	LEE COUNT	Y
	1. 40 1. 40	Greenneid	1. 00	Cala	01 00
	1. 40	Hale		CedarCharleston	\$1. 50
Washing voil = = = = =	1. 10	Jackson	1. 50	Denmark	1. 70 1. 50
JASPER COUNT	Y	Lovell Madison	1. 40 1. 50	Des Moines	1. 80
Buena Vista\$	1. 90	Oxford		Franklin	1. 50
	2. 20	Richland	1. 40	Green Bay	1. 80
Des Moines	2. 00	Rome	1. 50	Harrison	1. 60
	1. 70	Scotch Grove	1. 50	Jackson	1. 90
Fairview	2. 00	Washington	1. 40	Jefferson Marion	1. 80 1. 50
	1. 70 2. 30	Wayne	1. 50 1. 40	Montrose	1. 80
	2. 10	Wyoming	1. 40	Pleasant Ridge	1. 50
Lynn Grove	1. 80	KEOKUK COU	NTY	Van Buren	1. 80
	2. 10			Washington	1. 60
Mariposa	1. 90	Adams		West Point	1. 60
	2. 10	Benton Clear Creek			
	2. 20 2. 10	East Lancaster		LINN COUNT	Y
	2. 10	English River		D /	A 10
Richland	2. 30 1. 90	Jackson	1. 90	Bertram	\$1.40
Rock Creek	2. 00	Lafayette	1. 90	BoulderBrown	1. 50
Sherman	2. 30	Liberty	1. 80	Buffalo	1. 60
Washington	2. 20	Plank Prairie	2. 00 1. 90	Clinton	1. 40
TEREPROST COIL	T/1737	Richland	1. 80	College	1. 60
JEFFERSON COUN	Y.T. Y	Sigourney		Fairfax	1. 50
	1. 80	Steady Run	1. 80	Fayette	1. 50
	1. 80	Van Buren	1. 90	Franklin	1. 60
ent .	1. 70 1. 70	Warren	1. 70	GrantJackson	1, 50 1, 40
	1. 60	Washington		Linn	1. 60
	1. 50	West Lancaster	1, 90	Maine	1. 50
	1. 90	KOSSUTH COU	NTY	Marion	1. 40
Locust Grove	1. 70			Monroe	1. 40
Penn	1.80	Buffalo		Otter Creek	1. 50
Polk	1. 80	Burt	0 00	Putnam	1. 50
	1. 80	CrescoEagle	2. 20	Spring Grove Washington	1. 40 1. 50
Walnut	1. 70	Lingit	2.00	1 Habiting ton	1. 00

LOUISA COUNTY		MARION COUN	ITY	MONROE COUN	TY—
				Continued	
	. 80	Clay	\$1.40	T1	@1 CO
	. 80	Dallas	2. 10	Jackson	
	. 80	East Knoxville	1. 60 2. 10	Mantua	
	. 80	Franklin		Monroe	1. 80 1. 50
	. 80	Indiana Lake Prairie	1. 60	Pleasant	1. 80
	. 90		1. 30	Troy	1.80
	. 90	Liberty	1. 50	Union	1. 90
	. 80	Perry Pleasant Grove	2. 00 1. 90	Urbana	1. 80
	. 80	Polk	1. 60	Wayne	1. 00
	, 80	Red Rock	1. 70	MONTGOME	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{Y}$
	. 80	Summit	1. 50	COUNTY	
Wapenon d.	. 00	Swan	2. 00		
LUCAS COUNTY		Union	1. 70	Douglas	\$1. 90
Benton \$1.	70	Washington	1. 90	East	2. 10
	00	West Knoxville	1. 80	Frankfort	1. 80
	10	VV COO ILLICIA VIIICE	1. 00	Garfield	1. 70
	80	MARSHALL COU	NTY	Grant	1. 90
	10			Lincoln	1. 50
	.00	Bangor	\$1. 50	Pilot Grove	1. 70
Otter Creek 2.	00	Eden	2. 00	Red Oak	1. 60
	20	Greencastle	1. 40	Scott	2. 00
Union2.	00	Iowa	1. 60	Sherman	
	00	Jefferson	1. 70	Washington	
	60	LeGrand	1. 30	West	1. 80
	00	Liberty	1. 60	MUSCATINE CO	TTATONA
		Linn	1. 40	MUSCATTNE CO	UNIY
LYON COUNTY		Liscomb	1. 60 1. 90	Bloomington	\$1.50
All townships \$2.	80	Logan Marietta		Cedar	1. 70
		Marion	1. 60 1. 40	Fruitland	1. 60
MADISON COUNT	Y	Minerva	1. 80	Fulton	1. 40
Crawford\$1.	60	State Center	1. 80	Goshen	1. 60
	60	Taylor	1. 40	Lake	1. 60
	00	Timber Creek	1. 50	Montpelier	1. 30
	70	Vienna	1. 40	Moscow	1. 40
	60	Washington	1. 60	Orono	1, 80
Lee 1.	80			Pike	1. 80
Lincoln1.	70	MILLS COUNT	Y	Seventy-Six	1.60
Madison 1.	40	All townships	\$1 80	Sweetland	1. 50
Monroe 1.	70			Wapsinonoc	1. 70
Ohio 1.	70	MITCHELL COU	NTY	Wilton	1. 50
Penn 1.	60		\$1. 30		
	60	Cedar		O'BRIEN COUI	NTY
South1.	70	Douglas	1. 30 1. 30	All Assessed to a	en 70
Union 1.	40	East Lincoln	1. 30	All townships	Φ4. 1U
	40	Jenkins	1. 40	OSCEOLA COU	MTV
Webster1.	80	Liberty	1. 30	OBOLIOLA COU	14 1 1
MAHASKA COUNT	$_{\mathbf{v}}$	Mitchell	1. 30	All townships	\$2, 80
Adams \$1.		Newburg	1. 40		
	50	Osage	1. 20	PAGE COUNT	ΓY
	70	Otranto	1. 40		
	80	Rock	1. 30	Amity	
0 0 1 1	70	St. Ansgar	1. 30	Buchanan	2. 20
	80	Staceyville	1. 40	Colfax	2. 20
	70	Union	1. 40	DouglasEast River	2. 20
	50	Wayne	1. 40	From ont	2. 20
	50	West Lincoln	1. 40	FremontGrant	2. 20 2. 00
Monroe 1.	70	MONONA COUN	T0737	Harlan	2. 30
Pleasant Grove 1.	80	MONONA COUN	III	Lincoln	2. 20
Prairie1.	70	All townships	\$2.60	Morton	2. 10
Richland1.	60			Nebraska	2. 10
Scott 1.	60	MONROE COUN	TY	Nodaway	2. 20
Spring Creek 1.	60	Bluff Creek	\$1. 70	Pierce	2. 00
Union 1.	70	Cedar	$\frac{1}{2}$. 00	Tarkio	2. 20
West Des Moines 1.	80	Franklin	1, 70	Valley	2. 30
White Oak 1.	70	Guilford	1. 80	Washington	2. 20

PALO ALTO COUNTY	EAST POTTAWATTA-	SCOTT COUNTY
Booth \$2, 30	MIE COUNTY—Con.	Allens Grove \$1. 60
Ellington 1. 90	Layton \$2. 10	Blue Grass 1. 30
Emmetsburg 2. 40	Lincoln 2. 00	Buffalo 1. 20
Fairfield 2. 20	Macedonia 1. 50	Butler 1. 30 Cleona 1. 50
Freedom 2. 30	Pleasant 2. 10	Cleona 1. 50 Davenport 1. 40
Freedom 2. 30 Great Oak 2. 20	Valley 1. 90	Hickory Grove 1. 40
Highland 2. 60	Washington 1. 70 Waveland 1. 70	Le Claire 1. 60
Independence 2. 30	Wright 1. 90	Liberty 1. 50
Lost Island 2. 60		Lincoln 1. 40
Nevada 2. 10	WEST POTTAWATTA-	Pleasant Valley 1. 50
Rush Lake 2. 00	MIE COUNTY	Princeton 1. 40
Silver Lake 2. 40	All townships \$2. 00	Rockingham
Vernon 2. 40 Walnut 2. 50	POWESHIEK COUNTY	Sheridan 1. 50 Winfield 1. 60
Walnut 2. 50 West Bend 1. 80		
	Bear Creek \$2. 20 Chester 1. 60	SHELBY COUNTY
PLYMOUTH COUNTY	Deep River 2. 20	Cass \$2. 10
All townships \$2.70	Grant 2. 00	Center 2. 00
	Jackson 2. 00	Clay 2. 30 Douglas 2. 20
POCAHONTAS	Jefferson 2. 10	Douglas 2. 20 Fairview 2. 10
COUNTY	Lincoln 2. 20	Greeley 2. 40
Bellville \$1, 80 Cedar 2, 10	Madison 2. 00	Grove 2. 50
Cedar 2. 10 Colfax 1. 90	Malcom 2. 10	Jackson 2. 00
Cummins 1. 90	Pleasant	Jefferson 2. 50
Des Moines 1. 60	Sheridan 1. 80	Lincoln 2. 00
Dover 2. 20	Sugar Creek 1. 90	Monroe 2. 20 Polk 2. 30
Garfield 1. 40	Union 1. 90	101111111111111111111111111111111111111
Grant 1. 90	Warren 2. 20	Shelby 2. 20 Union 2. 40
Lake 1. 50	Washington 2. 10	Washington 2. 30
Lincoln 1. 60	RINGGOLD COUNTY	Westphalia 2. 20
Lizard 1. 70 Marshall 2. 00		SIOUX COUNTY
	Athens \$1. 80	SIOUX COUNTI
Powhatan I. (U	Donton 2 20	A 11 / L 1 @0 00
Powhatan 1. 70 Roosevelt 1. 50	Benton 2. 20	All townships \$2. 80
Roosevelt 1. 50 Sherman 1. 70	Clinton 2. 30	STORY COUNTY
Roosevelt 1. 50	Clinton 2. 30 Grant 2. 20	
Roosevelt 1. 50 Sherman 1. 70 Swan Lake 2. 10	Clinton 2. 30 Grant 2. 20 Jefferson 1. 90 Liberty 1. 80	STORY COUNTY Collins \$2.00 Franklin 1.40
Roosevelt	Clinton 2. 30 Grant 2. 20 Jefferson 1. 90 Liberty 1. 80 Lincoln 2. 20	STORY COUNTY Collins
Roosevelt	Clinton 2. 30 Grant 2. 20 Jefferson 1. 90 Liberty 1. 80 Lincoln 2. 20 Lotts Creek 2. 00	STORY COUNTY Collins \$2.00 Franklin 1.40 Grant 1.60 Howard 1.70
Roosevelt	Clinton 2. 30 Grant 2. 20 Jefferson 1. 90 Liberty 1. 80 Lincoln 2. 20 Lotts Creek 2. 00 Middle Fork 2. 20	STORY COUNTY Collins \$2.00 Franklin 1.40 Grant 1.60 Howard 1.70 Indian Creek 2.00
Roosevelt	Clinton 2. 30 Grant 2. 20 Jefferson 1. 90 Liberty 1. 80 Lincoln 2. 20 Lotts Creek 2. 00 Middle Fork 2. 20 Monroe 1. 70	STORY COUNTY Collins \$2.00 Franklin 1.40 Grant 1.60 Howard 1.70 Indian Creek 2.00 Lafayette 1.60
Roosevelt	Clinton 2. 30 Grant 2. 20 Jefferson 1. 90 Liberty 1. 80 Lincoln 2. 20 Lotts Creek 2. 00 Middle Fork 2. 20 Monroe 1. 70 Poe 2. 00	STORY COUNTY Collins \$2.00 Franklin 1.40 Grant 1.60 Howard 2.00 Indian Creek 2.00 Lafayette 1.60 Lincoln 1.80
Roosevelt	Clinton 2. 30 Grant 2. 20 Jefferson 1. 90 Liberty 1. 80 Lincoln 2. 20 Lotts Creek 2. 00 Middle Fork 2. 20 Monroe 1. 70 Poe 2. 00 Rice 2. 10	STORY COUNTY Collins \$2.00 Franklin 1.40 Grant 1.70 Howard 2.00 Indian Creek 2.00 Lafayette 1.60 Lincoln 1.80
Roosevelt	Clinton 2. 30 Grant 2. 20 Jefferson 1. 90 Liberty 1. 80 Lincoln 2. 20 Lotts Creek 2. 00 Middle Fork 2. 20 Monroe 1. 70 Poe 2. 00 Rice 2. 10 Riley 1. 90 Tingley 1. 80	STORY COUNTY Collins \$2.00 Franklin 1.40 Grant 1.60 Howard 1.70 Indian Creek 2.00 Lafayette 1.60 Lincoln 1.80 Milford 1.40 Nevada 1.80 New Albany 2.00
Roosevelt	Clinton 2. 30 Grant 2. 20 Jefferson 1. 90 Liberty 1. 80 Lincoln 2. 20 Lotts Creek 2. 00 Middle Fork 2. 20 Monroe 1. 70 Poe 2. 00 Rice 2. 10 Riley 1. 90 Tingley 1. 80 Union 1. 60	STORY COUNTY Collins \$2.00 Franklin 1.40 Grant 1.60 Howard 1.70 Indian Creek 2.00 Lafayette 1.60 Lincoln 1.80 Milford 1.40 Nevada 1.80 New Albany 2.00 Palestine 1.80
Roosevelt	Clinton 2. 30 Grant 2. 20 Jefferson 1. 90 Liberty 1. 80 Lincoln 2. 20 Lotts Creek 2. 00 Middle Fork 2. 20 Monroe 1. 70 Poe 2. 00 Rice 2. 10 Riley 1. 90 Tingley 1. 80 Union 1. 60 Washington 2. 00	STORY COUNTY Collins \$2.00 Franklin 1.40 Grant 1.60 Howard 1.70 Indian Creek 2.00 Lafayette 1.60 Lincoln 1.80 Milford 1.40 Nevada 1.80 New Albany 2.00 Palestine 1.80 Richland 1.60
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TAMA COUNTY-	-Con.	WARREN COUN	TY	WEBST COUNTY	NACY S
Otter Creek	\$1.50	Continued		Continued	17/
Perry	1. 60	Liberty	\$2. 20		
Richland	1. 60	Linn	2. 00	Roland	Q 2. 00
Salt Creek	1. 80	Otter	2. 30	Washington	×2500
Spring Creek	1. 30	Palmyra	2. 30	Washington Webster Yell WINNERAG	2. 10
Tama	1. 30	Richland	2. 40	Yell	2. 10
Toledo	1. 30	Squaw	2. 00	11/4	3/10
York	1. 60	Union	2. 30	WINNEBAC COUNTY Buffalo	3711
TANIOD COTTO	renar	Virginia	1. 80	COUNTY	ME
TAYLOR COUN		West Lincoln	2. 00	Buffalo	Se on
All townships	\$2. 20	White Breast	2. 20	Center	1. 70
		White Oak	2. 20	Eden	2. 00
UNION COUN'		WASHINGTO	NT.	Forest	1. 70
Dodge		COUNTY	IN	Grant	1. 90
Douglas	2. 20		04 =0	King	1. 80
Grant	2. 00	Brighton		Lincoln	2, 20
Highland	2. 20	Cedar		Linden	1. 80
Jones	1. 80	Chay	1. 60	Logan	1. 90
Lincoln	2. 10	Crawford Dutch Creek	2. 00	Mount Valley	1. 60
New Hope	1. 80	English River	1. 60	Newton	1. 80
Platte	2. 20	Franklin	1. 60 1. 50	Norway	1. 80
Pleasant	1. 60	Highland	1. 80		
Sand Creek	1. 80	Towa	1. 60	WINNESHIE	EK
SpauldingUnion	2. 10 2. 00	Jackson	1. 80	COUNTY	
Omon	2. 00	Lime Creek	1. 50	Bloomfield	\$1, 30
VAN BUREN COL	TATOW	Marion	1. 80	Bluffton	1. 30
	III	Oregon	1. 80	Burr Oak	1. 30
Bonaparte	\$1.70	Seventy-six	1. 80	Calmar	1. 30
Cedar	1. 60	Washington	1. 60	Canoe	1, 30
Chequest	1. 40		1, 00	Decorah	1. 20
Des Moines	1. 60	WAYNE COUN	ITY	Frankville	1, 40
Farmington	1. 80	Benton	\$1. 90	Fremont	1. 30
Harrisburg	1. 60	Clay		Glenwood	1. 40
Henry	1. 60	Clinton	2. 10	Hesper	1. 40
Jackson Lick Creek	1. 60	Corydon	1. 80	Highland	1. 40
Union	1. 40 1. 60	Grand River	2. 10	Jackson	1. 20
Van Buren	1. 50	Howard	2. 00	Lincoln	1. 20
Vernon	1. 70	Jackson	1. 90	Madison	1. 30
Village	1. 30	Jefferson	2. 20	Military	1. 30
Washington	1. 60	Monroe	1. 90	OrleansPleasant	1. 30
		Richman	2. 00	Springfield	1. 30 1. 30
WAPELLO COUN	YTY	South Fork	1. 60	Sumner	1. 20
Adama	e1 en	Union	1. 70	Washington	1, 20
AdamsAgency		Walnut	1. 80	Washing von 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1, 20
Cass	1. 90 1. 40	Warren	2. 20	WOODBURY CO	UNTY
Center	1. 80	Washington Wright	1. 80		
Columbia	1. 40	1118110	1. 50	All townships	\$2. 60
Competine		WEBSTER COU	NTV	WODELL GOTT	-
Dahlonega	1. 90			WORTH COUN	ALA
Green	2. 00	Badger		Barton	\$1.60
Highland	1. 80	Burnside	2. 10	Bristol	1. 50
Keokuk	1. 90	Clay	1. 90	Brookfield	1 50
Pleasant	2. 00	Colfax	1. 90	Danville	1.40
Polk	1. 60	Cooper	1. 50	Deer Creek	1. 30
Richland.	1. 60	Deer Crook	2. 10	Fertile	1. 30
Washington	1. 60	Deer Creek Douglas	1. 60	Grove	1, 60
	TENT	Elkhorn	1. 50 1. 60	Hartland	1. 60
WARREN COUN	TY	Fulton	1. 80	Kensett	1. 50
Allen	\$2, 30	Gowrie	2. 20	Lincoln	1. 40
Belmont	2. 30	Hardin	2. 10	Silver Lake	1. 60
East Lincoln	2. 20	Jackson	1. 60	Union	1. 50
Greenfield	2. 20	Johnson	1. 70	TITO TO TTO	
Jackson	1. 90	Lost Grove	2. 00	WRIGHT COU	NTY
Jefferson	1. 80	Newark		All townships	\$1.90
				vo ii monifica	ψ1. 90

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT AGENCY

Washington, D. C.

1945 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM

NORTH CENTRAL REGION

MICHIGAN COMMITTEEMAN'S PRACTICE HANDBOOK

The 1945 Farm Program is designed to assist the farmers of Michigan to the fullest possible extent in protecting their soils against dam-

age from erosion and loss of fertility.

The county committee, with the approval of the State Committee, may designate those practices which will be approved for payment in the county in order that the farm allowance will be used most effectively to bring about increased conservation, or the county committee may specify for any group of farms a proportion of the farm allowance which may be earned only by carrying out certain designated practices which are very much needed.

A. CONSERVATION PRACTICE ALLOWANCE

The practice allowance is the maximum amount of payment that may be made for carrying out approved conservation practices.

(1) The allowance for the following special practices shall be the extent of such practices times the approved rates: Establishing Cross-Slope Stripcropping, Cross-Slope Farming of Row Crops, Cross-Slope Seeding, Establishing Sod Waterways, and Establishing Permanent Pasture.

(2) The allowance for regular practices shall be the sum of the

following or \$20.00, whichever is greater:

(a) 60 cents times the acreage classified as cropland.

(b) \$2.00 times the acreage classified as commercial orchards.

B. CONSERVATION PRACTICES

The practices available for 1945 are those which are most needed in order to conserve and improve soil fertility, improve pasture land, prevent wind and water erosion, and promote conservation and better utilization of water. Assistance will be available through the conservation practice allowance for carrying out the following practices curing the program year January 1, 1945, through December 31, 1945. To qualify for payment, each practice must be carried out in accordance with the specifications for that practice and be in keeping with good farming practices for the locality.

The total extent of any practice performed shall be reduced for purposes of payment by the percentage of the total cost of the practice which the county committee determines was furnished by a State or Federal agency. The extent of any practice shall not be reduced because a portion of the cost is represented by materials or services

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furnished by the A. A. A., or equipment furnished by S. C. S., or materials or services furnished by an agency of a State or political subdivision thereof to another agency or political subdivision of the same State, or trees purchased from a Clark-McNary Cooperative State Nursery.

All special practices listed under this section are designated by asterisks (**). Practices not designated as special practices will be considered as regular practices.

(1) Liming materials (credit rates are contained in NCR-901-

Mich., Suppl. I).—Application of the following materials:

(a) One ton of agricultural ground limestone containing at least 80 percent calcium carbonate equivalent, and ground sufficiently fine so that 80 percent, including all of the finer particles obtained in the grinding process, will pass through an 8-mesh sieve. The moisture content at the time of shipment must not exceed 8 percent. The specifications for calcium carbonate content and percent of material passing through an 8-mesh sieve must be such that the multiplication of these specifications will be equal to or in excess of 0.72. If the ground limestone will not qualify with respect to either fineness or calcium carbonate content, or both, the county committee must require a correspondingly greater amount of material.

committee must require a correspondingly greater amount of material.

(b) One ton of calcium carbide refuse lime containing at least 85 percent of calcium carbonate, and testing not more than 25 percent moisture at the shipping point. A correspondingly greater amount of material must be re-

quired if the material does not meet the specifications.

(c) One cubic yard of marl.

(d) One cubic yard of sugarbeet refuse lime.

(e) One cubic yard of water-softening process lime.(f) One cubic yard of paper-mill refuse lime.

(g) One cubic yard of wood ashes containing at least 70 percent calcium carbonate equivalent.

(h) One ton of hydrated lime.

(m) 100 lbs. of 0-20-20---

(2) Fertilizer—Southern Peninsula.—Application of superphosphate, rock phosphate, colloidal phosphate, or potash, when such material is applied (1) to new seedings of biennial or perennial legumes, perennial grasses, winter legumes, or permanent pasture (no credit will be given for materials furnished by the Agricultural Adjustment Agency applied to a seeding if wheat is used as a nurse crop); (2) to old stands of biennial and perennial legumes, perennial grasses, or permanent pasture; *Provided*, The acreage on which such applications are made is not devoted to, cultivated for or plowed for any other crop during the program year; and (3) to green manure crops in orchards.

(a) Application of superphosphate or defluorinated phosphate rock.—\$4.70 per 100 lbs. of available P₂O₅.

(b) Application of rock phosphate or colloidal phosphate.—\$0.60 per

00	lbs	š						· .						:	. 2.	
- ((c)	Appl	ication	of p	otash-	-\$3.30	per :	100	lbs.	of a	ıvaila	able	K₂O.			
- 1	(d)	100	lbs. of	9-9-	27	\$1.30			(n)	100	lbs.	of 2	-12-6		\$0.75	
	(e)	-1001	bs. of (0-10-2	20	1. 15			(o)	100	lbs. c	of 2-	16-8		1.00	
- ((f)	100 1	bs. of (0-12-1	12	. 95			(p)	100	lbs.	of 3-	-9-18-		1.00	
- ((g)	100	lbs. of	0-14	-7	90	201		(q)	100	lbs o	of 3-	12-12.		795	
- ((h)	100	lbs. of	0-14	-14111	1. 10	. [, .		(r)	10 0	lbs o	of 3-	18-9	14.2	1. 15	
- 1	(i)	100 1	bs. of	0-18-	-0====:	85			(8)	100	lbs 6	of 4-	10-6	- Land	. 65	
					0								-16-0_			
((k)	100	lbs. of	0-20-	-0	95	w = 1.		(u)	100	lbs.	of 4	-16-4.	-	: 90	
					10								8-8:			

(w) 100 lbs. of 10-6-4.

(2a) Fertilizers—Northern Peninsula.—Application of superphosphate, or potash, when such material is applied (1) to new seedings of biennial or perennial legumes, perennial grasses, winter legumes, or permanent pasture (no credit will be given for materials furnished by the Agricultural Adjustment Agency applied to a seeding if wheat is used as a nurse crop); (2) to old stands of biennial and perennial legumes, perennial grasses, or permanent pasture: Provided, The acreage on which such applications are made is not devoted to, cultivated for or plowed for any other crop during the program year; and (3) to green manure crops in orchards.

(a) Application of superphosphate.-\$5.25 per 100 lbs. of available P2O5.

i	b)	Application of potash.	-\$3.35	per	: 100 lbs. of available K_2O .	
7	(a)	100 lbs. of 0-9-27	\$1.35	•	(m) 100 lbs. of 2–12–6 \$0.85	5
- 2	d)	100 lbs. of 0-10-20	1.20		(n) 100 lbs. of 2-16-8 1.10	
- >	0)	100 lbs. of 0-12-12	4.00		(o) 100 lbs. of 3-9-18 1.05	5
	#)	100 lbs. of 0-14-7	95	100	(p) 100 lbs of 3-12-12 1.25	
		100 lbs. of 0-14-14			(q) 100 lbs. of 4-10-670)
		100 lbs. of 0-18-0			(r) 100 lbs. of 4-16-085	
				100	(8) 100 lbs. of 4-16-495	
		100 lbs. of 0-19-0			(t) 100 lbs. of 8-8-8 70	
		100 lbs. of 0-20-0		× ×	(1) 100 100. 01 0 0	
		100 lbs. of 0-20-10			(u) 100 lbs. of $10-6-4$,
- (7.	100 lbs of 0-20-20	1.70			

(3) Harvesting hayseed.—Harvesting for seed an acreage of alfalfa, red clover, alsike clover, white clover, sweet clover, bromegrass, and Reed's canary grass. Credit will not be given for more than 25 acres per farm.—\$3.50 per acre.

(4) **Establishing permanent pasture.—With prior approval of the county committee, establishment of pasture on land designated as noncrop open pasture by carrying out all of the following prac-

tices.—\$4 per acre:

(a) Plowing during late May followed by a thorough seedbed preparation. (b) Application of the necessary amounts of liming materials or fertilizer. Credit for the application of liming materials or fertilizer under Practices (1), (2), and (2a).

(c) Making a seeding of not less than 15 pounds of an alfalfa-smooth brome-

grass mixture in August, or on muck or overflow land a seeding of not less than 10 pounds of Reed's canary grass per acre.

- (5) Green manure crops.—Disking or plowing under a good stand and a good growth of the following crops. If the land is subject to erosion and the green manure crop is plowed down in the fall, the land must be protected by a winter cover crop.—\$1.50 per acre.
 - (a) Winter rye, seeded in the fall of 1944, except that acreage for which a 1944 winter cover crop practice payment was made.

(b) Sweet clover or sweet clover-rye grass mixture.

- (6) Go-down crops or green manure crops in commercial orchards and vineyards.—Protecting the soil from wind and water erosion by the use of go-down crops and green manure crops, provided a good vegetative growth is obtained and the crop is not pastured or harvested for hay, grain, seed, or forage, or otherwise taken from the land. If the land is subject to erosion and a green manure crop is plowed down in the fall, the land must be protected by a winter cover crop.—\$1.50 per acre:
 - (a) Millet, buckwheat, Sudan grass, oats, barley, rye, and wheat.

(b) Biennial or annual legumes.

(7) Mulching materials.—Application of small grain straw or legume and grass hay in commercial orchards, in vineyards, on commercial vegetable land, on potato land, or on strawberries or other

small fruit.—\$5 per ton.

- (8) Weed control.—With prior approval of the county committee, eradication or effective control of seriously infested plots of the following perennial noxious weeds: Canada thistle, creeping Jenny, perennial sow thistle, and quack grass. Payment for this practice may be approved only on farms where approved weed control measures are being carried out on all adjacent infested farms and contiguous land, where the infestation is limited to a single farm, or where the county committee determines that there is no likelihood of reinfestation from adjacent or contiguous land.
 - (a) By use of sodium chlorate or other chemicals.—\$0.10 per lb.

(b) By clean tillage (except quack grass).—\$10 per acre.

(c) By clean tillage of quack grass.—\$5 per acre.

(9) Farm ditches.—With prior approval of the

(9) Farm ditches.—With prior approval of the county committee, construction or cleaning out of farm ditches (except ditches constructed or maintained by a drainage district), including lateral and lead ditches, for which proper outlets are provided, and adequate provision is made for entrance of water into and out of the ditches. The ditches must have sufficient capacity to remove the normal excess surface water.—\$0.08 per cu. yd. of material moved, but not in excess of \$5 per 100 lin. ft.

(10) Ditches for tile drainage.—With prior approval of the county committee, excavation for the purpose of installation of tile drains, provided the size of tile, outlets, and gradient meet the specifications for standard drainage, as recommended by the U. S. Department of Agriculture; not less than 75 percent of the area to be drained is cropland; and no part of the tile lines is to be used for any other purpose than the draining of agricultural land.—\$0.40 per rod.

(11) **Cross-slope farming of row crops.—Growing row crops as nearly as possible on the contour. Contour lines must be run and the base contour lines permanently marked every 300 feet. All tillage operations in connection with the seeding must also be approximately on the contour. No credit will be given for this practice for any acreage qualifying under the Stripcropping practice.—\$1 per acre.

(12) **Cross-slope seeding.—Seeding of small grain crops as nearly as possible on the contour. Contour lines must be run and the base contour lines permanently marked every 300 feet. All tillage operations in connection with the seeding must also be approximately on the contour. No credit will be given for this practice for any acreage qualifying under the Stripcropping practice.—\$0.35 per acre.

(13) **Establishing cross-slope stripcropping.—By growing alternate strips of row crops with sown, close-drilled, or sod crops, as nearly as possible on the contour, provided: (1) the strips are approximately the same width; (2) the strips are not less than 3 rods nor more than 10 rods in width; (3) the crop stubble is left standing or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained; (4) contour lines are run and the base contour lines are permanently marked every 300 ft. Buffer strips must be at least 1 rod in width.—\$1.50 per acre.

(14) **Establishing sod waterways.—Establishing a permanent sod waterway on any cropland where a permanent vegetative cover is necessary in a waterway channel or terrace outlet, or in cultivated orchards. The channel of the waterway must be sufficiently wide to carry the run-off from the drainage area and must be at least 10 feet in width at the narrowest point. The channel must contain perennial grasses, and a good vegetative growth must be obtained.—\$0.75 per 1,000 sq. ft.

(15) Maintaining sod waterways.—Maintaining an established sod waterway at least 10 ft. wide at the narrowest point in a field which is devoted to row crops, by lifting the plow when the waterway is crossed, mowing, removing all loose clippings, sodding or reseeding breaks in the sod, protecting from damage by livestock, and by use of other practices necessary to maintain a good vegetative cover. No credit will be given for this practice for any waterway for which

credit is given under practice 14.-\$0.25 per 1,000 sq. ft.

(16) Tree planting.—Prior approval of the site and of the variety of the tree to be planted must be obtained from the county committee. The plantings must be made in accordance with good tree culture and must be protected from fire and grazing. The following varieties of trees may be approved for payment provided they are adapted to the particular soil type, climatic conditions, moisture conditions, and site: Red pine, jack pine, eastern white pine, white spruce, black spruce, northern white cedar, sugar maple, yellow birch, basswood, white ash, white pine, Norway spruce, cottonwood, yellow poplar.

(a) Planting for forest purposes or gully control.—\$1 per 100 trees, but not in excess of \$7.50 per acre.

(b) Planting for windbreak purposes.—\$2 per 100 trees.

(17) Planting muck land windbreaks.—With prior approval of the county committee, planting of willow cuttings on muck land. The cuttings must be spaced not less than 18 inches apart in parallel rows not more than three hundred feet apart.—\$1.00 per 100 cuttings.

CUT-OVER AREA PRACTICES

The cut-over area includes the following counties: Alcona, Alger, Alpena, Antrim, Arenac, Baraga, Benzie, Charlevoix, Cheboygan, Chippewa, Clare, Crawford, Delta, Dickinson, Emmet, Gladwin, Gogebic, Grand Traverse, Houghton, Iron, Iosco, Kalkaska, Keweenaw, Lake, Leelanau, Luce, Mackinac, Manistee, Marquette, Mason, Menominee, Midland, Missaukee, Montmorency, Mecosta, Muskegon, Newaygo, Oscoda, Otsego, Oceana, Ogemaw, Osceola, Ontonagon, Presque Isle,

Roscommon, Schoolcraft, and Wexford.

(18) Clearing farm land now unsuited for tillage, on farms with less than 60 acres of cropland.—Prior approval by the county committee must be obtained in all cases.—All loose stone, stumps, underbrush, and forest tree growth must be removed and hummocks leveled. No credit will be given for clearing land which is now supporting a stand of merchantable timber. However, approval must not be given where it is clear that water erosion hazards will result or where the soils of the land to be cleared are not equal to or superior to the soils now under cultivation on the farm. Land on which it

appears that it would be necessary to remove stones annually in large quantities should not receive the approval of the committee. Land which must be drained before being put into cultivation must not be approved unless the county committee is assured that adequate draining facilities will be provided by the farmer before the end of the program year. No credit will be given for this practice if the cost of

clearing the land is less than \$20.00 per acre.—\$10 per acre.

(19) Improving pastures.—With prior approval of the county committee, improvement of noncrop open pasture land which the county committee determines will, when improved, be capable of carrying at least one animal unit for each two acres during a pasture season of at least 4 months. Improvement shall include uprooting and removal of shrubs, leveling hummocks, carrying out an adequate system of mowing, and removing loose stones. Payment will not be made unless sufficient liming materials, fertilizers, and seed, where needed, are applied to obtain a good stand of grasses and legumes. \$5 per

C. DEFINITIONS

(1) Farm.—Farm means all adjacent or nearby farm land under the same ownership which is operated by one person, including also:

(a) Any other adjacent or nearby farm land which the county committee, in accordance with instructions issued by the Agricultural Adjustment Agency, determines is operated by the same person as part of the same unit with respect to the rotation of crops and with work stock, farm machinery, and labor substantially separate from that for any other lands:

(b) Any field-rented tract (whether operated by the same or another person) which, together with any other land included in the farm, constitutes a unit with respect to the rotation of crops.

(c) A farm shall be regarded as located in the county in which the principal dwelling is situated, or if there is not a dwelling thereon, it shall be regarded as located in the county in which the major portion of the farm

(2) Cropland.—Cropland means farm land which in 1944 was tilled or was in regular rotation, excluding any land which constitutes, or will constitute if such tillage is continued, a wind-erosion hazard to the community, and excluding also, any land in commercial orchards.

(3) Noncrop open-pasture land.—Noncrop open-pasture land means pasture land (other than rotation pasture land) on which the predominant growth is forage suitable for grazing and on which the number of grouping of trees or shrubs is such that the land could not

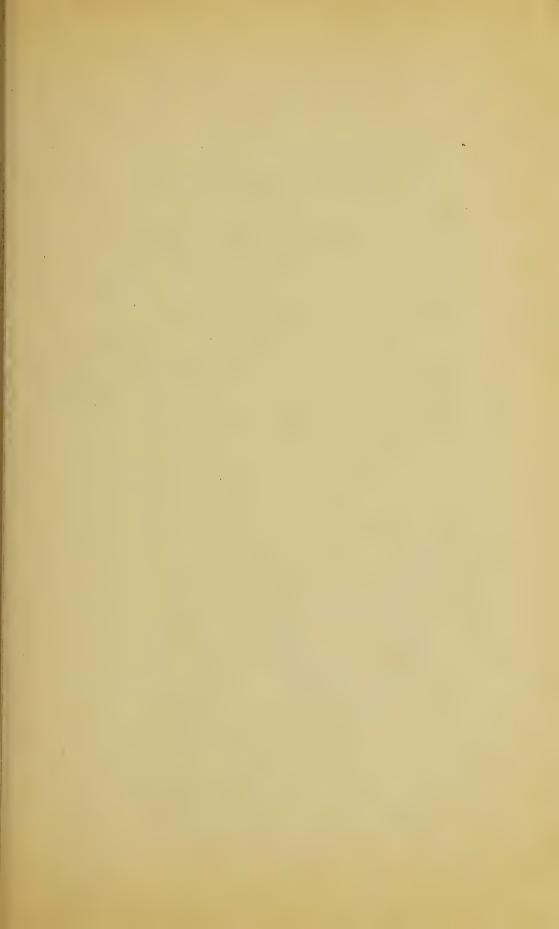
fairly be considered as woodland.

(4) Commercial orchards.—Commercial orchards mean the acreage on the farm in planted or cultivated fruit trees, nut trees, vineyards, hops, or bush fruits (excluding nonbearing orchards and vinevards) from which the major portion of the production is normally sold.

(5) Person.—Person means an individual, partnership, association, corporation, estate, or trust, or other business enterprise or other legal entity, and, wherever applicable, a State, a political subdivision of a State, or any agency thereof.

(6) Producer.—Producer means any person who as a landlord,

tenant, or sharecropper, participates in the operation of a farm.



BARAGA COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Carbide refuse
ArvonBaraga	\$5. 00 5. 00 5. 00 5. 00	\$1.30 1.10 1.10
Spurr	5. 00	

BARRY COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
Assyria_Baltimore_BarryCarlton_Castleton_Hastings_Hope_Irving_Johnstown_Maple Grove_Orangeville_Prairieville_Rutland_Thornapple_Woodland_Yankee Springs	\$2. 30 2. 40 2. 40 2. 40 2. 40 2. 40 2. 40 2. 30 2. 40 2. 30 2. 40 2. 40	\$0. 90 . 80 . 90 . 90 . 70 . 80 . 90 . 70 . 80 . 90 . 70 . 80 . 90 . 90

BAY COUNTY

Beaver 70 Frankenlust 70 Frazer 70 Garfield 70 Gibson 80 Hampton 70 Kawkawlin 70 Merritt 70 Monitor 60 Mount Forest 80 Pinconning 80 Portsmouth 70	Township	Sugar- beet refuse
	Beaver Frankenlust Frazer Garfield Gibson Hampton Kawkawlin Merritt Monitor Mount Forest Pinconning Portsmouth	\$0. 60 . 70 . 70 . 70 . 70 . 70 . 80 . 70 . 70 . 60 . 80 . 80 . 70 . 70

BENZIE COUNTY

Township	Marl
Almira_Benzonia_Blaine_Colfax_Crystal Lake_Gilmore_	\$0. 70 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 80

BENZIE COUNTY—Continued

Township	Marl
Homestead Inland Joyfield Lake Platte Weldon	

BERRIEN COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
Bainbridge Baroda Benton Berrien Bertrand Buchanan Chickaming Coloma Galien Hagar Lake Lincoln New Buffalo	\$2. 20	\$0. 80 1. 00 1. 00 1. 10 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 10 1. 10 1. 10
Niles Oronoko Pipestone Royalton St. Joseph Sodus Three Oaks Watervliet Weesaw	2. 40 2. 30 2. 30 2. 20 1. 90 2. 20 2. 40 2. 30 2. 30	1. 10 1. 10 . 90 1. 10 1. 10 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00

BRANCH COUNTY

Algansee	\$2. 50	\$1.00
Batavia	2. 50	1. 10
Bethel	2. 50	1. 00
Bronson	2, 50	1. 00
Butler	2. 50	1. 10
California	2, 50	1. 10
Coldwater	2, 50	1. 00
Gilead	2. 50	1, 10
Girard	2, 50	1, 00
Kinderhook	2,50	1, 00
Matteson	2. 50	. 80
Noble	2, 50	1. 00
Ovid	2. 50	1. 10
Quincy	2, 50	1. 00
Sherwood	2. 50	. 90
Union	2, 50	1. 00
O 111011	₩. 00	1.00

CALHOUN COUNTY

Albion	\$2. 50	\$0.90
Athens		. 80
Battle Creek	2. 30	. 80

. 80

. 90

. 90

2. 50

2.50

Lime-Township Marl stone Bedford_____\$2, 30 \$0.80 Burlington_____ 2.50 . 80 Clarence____ 2.50 . 90 2. 50 . 90 Clarendon____ Convis_ Eckford_____ 2. 30 . 90 2. 50 2. 50 2. 30 2. 50 2. 50 . 90 Emmett_____ Fredonia_____ . 80 . 90 Homer____ .90 2. 50 2. 30 Lee_____ . 90 . 90 LeRoy_____ 2. 50 2. 50 2. 30 2. 30 2. 30 . 90 . 90 Newton_____ . 80

CASS COUNTY

Pennfield_____

Sheridan_____

Tekonsha....

Calvin	\$2. 50	\$1. 10
Howard	2. 50	1. 10
Jefferson	2. 50	1. 10
LaGrange	2. 50	1, 10
Marcellus	2. 50	1. 10
Mason	2. 50	1. 10
Milton	2. 50	1. 10
Newberg	2. 50	1. 10
Ontwa	2. 50	1. 10
Penn	2. 50	1. 10
Pokagon	2. 50	1. 10
Porter	2. 50	1. 10
Silver Creek	2. 50	1. 10
Volinia	2. 50	1. 10
Wayne	2. 50	1. 10

CHARLEVOIX COUNTY

Bay	\$1.80	\$1.40
Boyne Valley	2. 10	1. 40
Chandler	2. 30	1.40
Charlevoix	1. 80	1. 40
Evangeline	1. 80	1.40
Eveline	2. 10	1. 40
Hayes	1.80	1. 40
Hudson	2. 30	1.40
Marion	2. 30	1. 40
Melrose	2. 10	1. 40
Norwood	2. 30	1. 40
Peaine		1. 40
Saint James		1. 40
South Arm	2. 30	1.40
Wilson	2. 10	1.40
•	*	

CHEBOYGAN COUNTY

AlohaBeaugrandBenton	\$1. 60	\$0. 80
Beaugrand	1. 60	. 80
Benton	1. 60	. 80

CALHOUN COUNTY-Continued | CHEBOYGAN COUNTY-Continued

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
BurtCheboygan City	\$1. 50	\$0.70
Ellis	1.60	1. 00
ForestGrant	1. 60	1. 00 1. 00
HebronInverness	1. 60 1. 60	. 80
Koehler Mackinaw	1. 60 1. 60	. 80 1. 00
Maple Grove Mentor	1. 80 1. 40	1. 00
Mullet Munro	1. 50 1. 60	70
Nunda Tuscarora	1. 80 1. 40	1. 00 . 80
WalkerWaverly	1. 80 1. 60	1. 00 1. 00
Wilmot	1. 60	1, 00

CHIPPEWA COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Carbide refuse
Bay Mills Bruce Chippewa Dafter Hulbert Kinross Pickford Raber Rudyard Soo Sugar Island	\$3. 00 2. 80 3. 00 2. 80 3. 00 2. 60 2. 50 3. 00 2. 50 2. 40 2. 80	\$2. 10 1. 90 2. 30 2. 60 2. 80 2. 40 1. 40 2. 30
Superior Trout Lake	2. 80 2. 80	1. 80

CLARE COUNTY

Township ,	Marl
Arthur	\$0. 80
Franklin	. 80
Freeman	. 80
Frost	. 90
Garfield	. 80
Grant	. 80
Greenwood	. 90
Hamilton	. 80
Hatton	. 80
Hayes	. 90
Lincoln	. 80
Redding	. 90
Sheridan	. 80
Summerfield	. 90
Surrey	. 80
Winterfield	1. 00

CLINTON COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl	Sugar- beet refuse
BathBengal	\$2. 50 2. 50	\$0. 90 . 90	\$0. 90 . 90
Bingham Dallas	2. 40	. 90	. 90
DeWitt Duplain	2. 50 2. 50 2. 40	. 90	. 90
Eagle Essex Greenbush	2. 50 2. 50	. 90	90
Lebanon Olive	2. 50 2. 50	. 90	. 90
Ovid Riley Victor	2. 50 2. 50 2. 50	90	. 90
Watertown Westphalia	2. 40 2. 50	. 90	. 90

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
All townships	\$2. 50	\$1. 20

DELTA COUNTY

Township	Sugar- beet refuse
Baldwin Bark River	\$1. 40 1. 20
Bay de NocBrampton	1. 70 1. 30
Cornell Ensign	1. 30 1. 60
EscanabaFairbanks	1. 20 2. 00
Ford River	1. 20 2. 00
Maple Ridge Masonville	1. 40 1. 40
Nahma Wells	1. 80 1. 20

DICKINSON COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
All townships	\$3. 30	\$2. 50

EATON COUNTY

Bellevue \$2. 5 Benton 2. 4 Brookfield 2. 5	0 90

EATON COUNTY-County

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
Carmel Chester Delta Eaton Eaton Rapids Hamlin Kalamo Oneida Roxand	\$2. 40 2. 40 2. 40 2. 40 2. 50 2. 50 2. 50 2. 40 2. 40	\$0. 90 . 90 1. 00 . 90 1. 00 . 90 1. 00 . 90
Sunfield Vermontville Walton Windsor	2. 40 2. 50 2. 50 2. 40	. 90 . 90 . 90 1. 00

EMMET COUNTY

Bear Creek	\$1. 20	
Bliss	1. 60	\$0. 90
Carp Lake	1. 50	1. 00
Center	1. 50	1. 00
Cross Village	1. 60	. 80
Friendship	1. 40	1. 00
Little Traverse	1. 30	. 90
Littlefield	1. 40	. 80
McKinley	1. 40	
Maple River	1. 40	. 90
Pleasant View	1. 50	
Readmond	1. 60	1.00
Resort	1. 20	
Springvale	1. 40	
Wa-Watam	1. 80	
West Traverse	1. 40	

GENESEE COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl	Sugar- beet refuse
Argentine Atlas Burton Clayton Davison Fenton Flint Flushing Forest Gaines Genesee Grand Blanc Montrose Mount Morris Mundy Richfield Thetford	\$2. 50 2. 50	\$0. 70 . 70 . 70 . 70 . 70 . 70 . 70 . 70	\$0. 90 . 90 . 80 . 80 . 90 . 90 . 90 . 80 . 90 . 80 . 80 . 80
Vienna	2. 50	. 70	. 80

GLADWIN COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
Beverton	\$2. 50 2. 50	\$0. 80 1. 10 . 90 . 70 . 80 . 70 . 70 . 70 1. 10
Grout Hay Sage Secord Sheridan	2. 50 2. 50 2. 50 2. 50 2. 50	. 70 . 90 . 70 . 80 . 70
ShermanTobacco	2. 50 2. 50	. 70

GRAND TRAVERSE COUNTY

Township	Marl
Acme	\$0. 80 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 70 . 70 . 80 . 80 . 80
Peninsula Union Whitewater	. 90

GRATIOT COUNTY

Bethany Elba 1. Emerson Fulton 1. Hamilton 1. Lafayette Newark New Haven North Shade 1. North Star Pine River Seville Sumner Washington 1.	Township	Sugar- beet refuse
Washington 1.	Bethany Elba Emerson Fulton Hamilton Lafayette Newark New Haven North Shade North Star Pine River Seville	\$0. 70 . 80 1. 10 . 70 1. 00 1. 00 . 90 . 90 1. 10 . 90 . 70 . 70 . 70
	Washington	1. 10

HILLSDALE COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
All townships	\$2. 50	\$1. 10

INGHAM COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl	Sugar- beet refuse
Alaiedon	\$2. 00 2. 00 2. 00 2. 00 2. 00 2. 10 2. 10 1. 90 2. 10 2. 10 1. 90 2. 20	\$0. 70 . 70 . 70 . 70 . 70 . 70 . 70 . 70	\$0. 70 . 70 . 70 . 70 . 70 . 70 . 70 . 70
Vevay Wheatfield White Oak Williamston	2. 00 2. 10 2. 20 2. 10	70 . 70 . 70 . 70	. 70 . 70 . 70 . 70

IONIA COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
Berlin	\$2. 50	\$0. 90
Boston	2. 50	. 80
Campbell	2. 50	. 90
Danby	2. 50	. 90
Easton=	2. 50	. 80
Ionia	2. 50	. 90
Keene	2. 50	. 90
Lyons	2. 50	. 90
North Plains	2. 50	. 90
Odessa	2, 50	. 80
Orange		. 90
Orleans		. 90
Otisco		90
Portland	2. 50	. 90
Ronald	2. 50	. 90
Schowe	2 50	00

ISABELLA COUNTY

Township	Marl	Sugar- beet refuse
Broomfield Chippewa Coe	\$0. 70 . 90 . 90	\$1. 00 1. 00 1. 00
Coldwater	00	1 00

ISABELLA COUNTY—Continued

Township	Marl	Sugar- beet refuse
Deerfield Denver Gilmore Isabella Rolland Sherman Union Vernon	. 90	\$1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00
Wise	70	1. 00

JACKSON COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
BlackmanColumbia	\$1. 90 2. 00	\$0. 90 . 90
Concord Grass Lake Hanover	2. 00	90 90 90
Henrietta Leoni	1. 90 2. 00	. 90
Liberty Napoleon Norvell	2.00	. 90 . 90 . 90
ParmaPulaskiRives*	2. 00 2. 20	90 90 90
SandstoneSpring Arbor	2. 00 2. 00	. 90
Springport Summit Tompkins	$\downarrow 2.00$. 90 . 90 . 90
Waterloo	2. 00	. 90

KALAMAZOO COUNTY

Alamo	\$2. 50	\$0.70
Brady	2. 50	. 60
Charleston	2, 50	. 80
Climax	2. 50	. 80
Comstock	2. 50	. 70
Cooper	2. 50	. 80
Kalamazoo		. 80
Oshtemo	0 =0	. 90
Pavilion		. 70
Portage		. 70
Prairie Ronde		. 90
Richland	2. 50	. 70
Ross	0 50	: . 80
Schoolcraft	2. 50	70
Texas	0 = 0	. 80
Wakeshma		. 80

KALKASKA COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
Blue Lake Boardman Clearwater Cold Springs Excelsior Garfield Kalkaska Oliver Orange Rapid River Springfield Wilson	2. 20 2. 30 2. 20 2. 30 2. 20 2. 20	\$1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 10 1. 10 1. 00 1. 10 1. 00 1. 10 1. 00 1. 10 1. 00
		Į.

KENT COUNTY

			,
Township	Lime- stone	Marl	Carbide refuse
Ada	\$2. 60 2. 70 2. 60 2. 40 2. 60 2. 70 2. 60 2. 70 2. 80 2. 70 2. 60 2. 70 2. 80 2. 70 2. 60 2. 70 2. 70	\$0. 90 . 90 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 90 . 90 . 90 . 90 . 90 . 90 . 90 . 9	\$1.00
Tyrone Vergennes Walker Wyoming	2. 70 2. 60	.80	. 80
	1	1	1

LAKE COUNTY

Township	Lime-	Marl	Paper mill refuse
Chase Cherry Valley Dover Eden Lake New Kirk Peacock	2. 80 2. 80 2. 80 2. 80 2. 80 2. 80	\$0. 90 . 80 . 90 . 80 . 70 . 80 . 90 . 90	\$1. 40 1. 20 1. 20 . 90 . 90 1. 30 1. 20 1. 10
Pinora		, 90	1. 30

LAKE COUNTY—Continued

Township	Lime- stone	Marl	Paper mill refuse	
Pleasant Plains Sauble Webber Yates	\$2. 80 2. 80 2. 80 2. 80 2. 80 2. 80	\$0. 80 . 80 . 90 . 80 . 70	\$1. 30 1. 00 1. 20 1. 20 1. 30	

LAPEER COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
All townships	\$2. 50	\$0. 70

LEELANAU COUNTY

Township	Marl
All townships	\$0. 70

LENAWEE COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
Adrian	\$1. 80 1. 60 2. 00 1. 70 1. 60 1. 90 1. 90 1. 70 1. 80 2. 00 1. 70 1. 70 1. 70 1. 70 1. 70 1. 70 1. 60 1. 70 2. 00
Rome Seneca Tecumseh Woodstock	2. 00 1. 70

LIVINGSTON COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
BrightonCohoctahConway	\$2, 30 2, 30 2, 30	\$1. 10 1. 10 1. 10

|LIVINGSTON COUNTY—Continued

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
Deerfield Green Oak Hamburg Handy Hartland Howell Iosco Marion Osceola Putnam	\$2. 30 2. 30	\$0. 90 . 90 1. 10 1. 10 1. 10 1. 10 . 90 1. 10 . 90 1. 10
TyroneUnadilla	2. 30 2. 30	1. 10 1. 10

MACOMB COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
Armada Bruce Chesterfield Clinton Erin Harrison Lake Lenox Macomb Ray Richmond Shelby Sterling Warren	\$2. 30 2. 30 2. 20 2. 00 1. 80 2. 00 1. 90 2. 30 2. 10 2. 30 2. 30 2. 20 2. 00 1. 60
Washington	2. 30

MANISTEE COUNTY

Township	Marl	Paper mill refuse
Arcadia	1. 10 1. 20 1. 20 1. 10 1. 10 1. 00 . 80 . 80 1. 00	\$1, 10 1, 10

MASON COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl	Paper mill refuse
Amber	\$2. 60	\$0. 80	\$1. 10
Branch	2. 60	. 80	1. 30
Custer	2. 60	. 90	1. 20
Eden	2. 60	. 80	1. 30
Freesoil	2. 60	. 80	1. 10
Grant	2. 60	. 90	1.00
Hamlin	2, 60		1. 20
Logan	2. 60	. 90	1, 40
Meade	2. 60	. 90	1. 00
Pere Marquette	2. 60	. 80	1. 30
Riverton	2. 60	. 80	1. 30
Sheridan	2. 60	. 90	1. 10
Sherman	2. 60	1. 00	1. 00
Summit	2. 60	. 80	1. 40
Victory	2. 60	. 80	1. 00
V 10001 y	2.00	. 00	1. 00

MECOSTA COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl	Sugar- beet refuse
Aetna	\$2. 50	\$0. 90	\$0. 80
Austin	2. 50	. 70	. 80
Big Rapids	2. 50	. 80	. 80
Chippewa		. 90	. 90
Colfax	2. 50	. 80	. 80
Deerfield	2. 50	. 80	. 80
Fork	2. 50	. 80	. 70
Grant	2. 50	. 80	. 70
Green		. 80	. 80
Hinton		. 80	. 80
Martiny	2. 50	. 80	. 80
Mecostalli	2. 50	. 80	., 80
Millbrook	2. 50	. 80	. 70
Morton	2. 50	. 70	. 70
Sheridan		. 80	. 70
Wheatland		. 80	. 70

MIDLAND COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Sugar- beet refuse
Edenville	\$2. 70	\$1. 10
Geneva	_ 2. 70	. 90
Greendale	2. 80	. 90
Homer	2. 60	1.00
Hope	2. 80	1. 10
Ingersoll	2. 70	. 90
Jasper	$\frac{1}{2}$. 70	70
Jerome	$\frac{1}{2}$. 80	1. 00
Larkin	2. 70	1. 00
Lee	$\frac{1}{2}$, 70	. 90
Lincoln	2. 80	1. 00
Midland	$\frac{2.30}{2.70}$. 90
Mills	$\frac{2.70}{2.80}$	1. 10
Mount Holox	2.00	
Mount Haley	$\frac{1}{2}$. $\frac{70}{70}$. 90
Porter	$\frac{1}{2}$. $\frac{70}{70}$. 80
Warren	. 2. 70	1. 00

MISSAUKEE COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
AetnaBloomfield	\$2. 60 2. 60	\$1. 00 1. 00
ButterfieldCaldwellClam Union	2. 80 2. 60 2. 60	. 90 . 90 1. 00
Enterprise Forest Holland	2. 80 2. 60 2. 80	. 80 1. 00 1. 00
LakeNorwich	2. 60 3. 00	. 80 1. 00
Pioneer Reeder Richland	3, 00 2, 60 2, 60	1. 00 80 1. 00
Riverside West Branch	2. 60 2. 80	. 90

MONROE COUNTY

Township ·	Lime- stone
Ash	\$1. 30
Bedford	1. 30
Berlin Dundee	1. 30 1. 40
Erie	1. 30
ExeterFrenchtown	1. 30
Ida	1. 20 1. 20
La Salle	1. 20
London	1. 40
Milan Monroetown	1. 60 1. 10
Raisinville	1. 20
Summerfield	1. 30
Whiteford	1. 60

MONTCALM COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl '	Sugar- beet refuse	
Belvidere	\$2, 50	\$0. 90	\$1, 00	
Bloomer	2. 50	1. 10	1. 10	
Bushnell	2. 50	. 90	1. 10	
Cato	2, 50	1. 10	1. 10	
Crystal	2. 50	1. 10	. 90	
Day		. 90	. 90	
Douglass	2. 50	1. 00	1, 00	
Eureka	2. 50	1. 10	1. 20	
Evergreen	2. 50	. 90		
Fairplain	2. 50	1. 00	1. 10	
Fairplain			1. 20	
Ferris	2. 50	1. 00	. 90	
Home	2. 50	. 90	. 90	
Maple Valley	2. 50	1. 10	1. 20	
Montcalm	2. 50	1.00	1. 10	
Pierson	2. 50	1. 10	1. 30	
Pine	2. 50	. 80	1. 10	
Reynolds	2. 50	1. 10	1. 20	
Richland	2. 50	. 90	. 80	
Sidney	2. 50	. 80	1, 10	
Winfield	2, 50	. 90	1 10	

MUSKEGON COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl	Paper mill refuse
Blue Lake Casnovia Cedar Creek Dalton Egelston Fruitland Fruitland Holton Montague Moorland Muskegon Norton Ravenna Sullivan Whitehall White River	2. 50 2. 50	\$0. 90 . 80 . 90 . 90 . 90 . 90 . 70 . 90 . 80 . 90 . 90 . 80 . 90 . 90 . 70 . 90 . 90	\$1. 00 1. 00 90 90 90 90 1. 00 70 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00
VI 11100 101 VOI			

NEWAYGO COUNTY

Township Lime-stone Marl Ashland \$2, 30 \$0, 70 Barton 2, 60 80 Beaver 2, 60 70 Big Prairie 2, 50 90 Bridgeton 2, 50 80 Croton 2, 50 90 Dayton 2, 50 90 Dayton 2, 50 70 Ensley 2, 50 70 Everett 2, 30 80 Garfield 2, 30 80 Grantell 2, 50 80 Grant 2, 50 80 Home 2, 60 90 Lilley 2, 50 90 Lincoln 2, 50 90 Merrill 2, 50 90 Norwich 2, 50 90 Norwich 2, 50 70 Sherman 2, 30 70 Troy 2, 60 80 Wilcox 2, 30 90			
Barton 2. 60 .80 Beaver 2. 60 .70 Big Prairie 2. 50 .90 Bridgeton 2. 50 .80 Brooks 2. 30 .80 Croton 2. 50 .90 Dayton 2. 30 .70 Denver 2. 50 .70 Ensley 2. 50 .70 Everett 2. 30 .80 Garfield 2. 30 .70 Grant 2. 30 .70 Home 2. 60 .90 Lilley 2. 50 .80 Merrill 2. 50 .90 Morroe 2. 50 .90 Norwich 2. 50 .90 Norwich 2. 50 .70 Sheridan 2. 30 .70 Sherman 2. 30 .70 Troy 2. 60 .80	Township		Marl
W IICOX 2. 50	Barton Beaver Big Prairie Bridgeton Brooks Croton Dayton Denver Ensley Everett Garfield Goodwell Grant Home Lilley Lincoln Merrill Monroe Norwich Sheridan Sherman Troy	2. 60 2. 60 2. 50 2. 50 2. 30 2. 50 2. 50 2. 30 2. 50 2. 30 2. 50 2. 50	. 80 . 70 . 90 . 80 . 90 . 70 . 70 . 70 . 80 . 70 . 90 . 90 . 90 . 90 . 90 . 90 . 90 . 9
	W HCOX	2. 00	. 50

OAKLAND COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
AddisonAvon	\$2. 30 2. 30
Bloomfield	2. 30

| OAKLAND COUNTY-Continued

Township	Lime- stone
Brandon	\$2. 50 2. 30 2. 30 2. 50 2. 50 2. 50
Independence Lyon Milford Novi Oakland	2. 30 2. 30 2. 30 2. 30 2. 30
OrionOxford Pontiac Rose Royal Oak	2. 30 2. 30
Southfield	2. 30 2. 30 2. 30 2. 30 2. 30 2. 30

OCEANA COUNTY

Township	Marl	
Benona	\$0. 80	
Claybanks	. 80	
Colfax	. 90	
Crystal	. 80	
Elbridge	. 80	
Ferry	. 80	
Golden	. 70	
Grant	. 70	
Greenwood	. 70	
Hart	. 80	
Leavitt	. 80	
Newfield	. 80	
Otto	. 80	
Pentwater	. 80	
Shelby	. 80	
Weare	. 80	

OGEMAW COUNTY

Township	Marl
Churchill Cumming Edwards Goodar Hill	. 70 . 90 . 90 . 80
HortonKlacking	.70

Marrie 1.1	35.			1	J
Township	Marl	Township	!	Lime- stone	Mar
Logan	\$0. 70	Oli		00 00	00.6
Mills	1.00	Olive		\$2. 30	\$0.
Ogemaw Richland	. 90	Park		$\frac{2.30}{2.70}$	
Richland	. 90	Polkton Port Sheldon		$\begin{bmatrix} 2.70 \\ 2.30 \end{bmatrix}$	
Rosei	. 70	Robinson		2. 50	
West Branch	. 90	Spring Lake		2. 50	
		Tallmadge		2. 50	1
ONTONAGON COUNT	Y	WrightZeeland		2. 50	8
Township	Carbide				
Township	refuse	PRESQUE	ISLE (COÚNT	Y
Bergland	\$1. 30	Towns	hip		Lime
Haight	1. 40	207113			stone
Interior McMillan	1. 40				
Matchwood	1. 40 1. 40	Allis			\$1. (
Rockland	1. 40	Bearinger			. 8
Stannard.	1. 40	Belknap			· . (
	2. 10	Bismarck			. 7
,		Case			
OSCEOLA COUNTY		Krakow			. 8
0002112		Metz Moltke			. 7
Township	Marl	North Allis			1. 0
20112011	1/10/11	Ocqueoc			. 7
A11 / 1 ·		Posen			. 8
All townships	\$0. 80	Presque Isle			. 9
		Pulawski			. 9
OSCODA COUNTY		Rogers			. 5
Big Creek	\$1. 00	ROSCOMM	ION C	OUNTY	7
$Clinton_{}$. 80		1	1	
Comins	. 70	Township	Lime-	Marl	Wood
Elmer	. 80	Township	stone	TATALI	ashes
Greenwood	1. 00				-
Mentor	1. 00	Backus	\$2, 80	\$1. 10	\$1. 1
		Denton	2. 80	1. 10	1. 1
OFFICE CO. C.		Gerrish	2. 60	1. 10	1. 1
OTSEGO COUNTY		Higgins	2. 60	1. 10	1. 1
		Lake		1. 10	1. 1
Township Lime-	Marl	Lyon	2. 80	1. 10	1. 1
stone	111 (111	Markey	2. 60	1. 10	1. 1
		Nester Richfield	3. 00 2. 80	1. 10 1. 10	1. 1
All townships\$2. 10	\$1. 10	Roscommon	3. 00	1. 10	1. 1 1. 1
OTTAWA COUNTY		SAGINA	w cot	UNTY	
Allendale\$2. 50	\$0. 70				Sugar
Blendon 2, 40	. 70	Townsh	nip		beet
Chester 2. 60	. 60				refuse
Crockery 2. 80	. 80				
Georgetown 2. 30	. 70	Albea			\$0. 8
2.00					
Grand Haven 2, 50	. 70	Birch Run			. 8
Frand Haven 2.50 Holland 2.30 amestown 2.30	. 90	Birch Run Blumfield Brady	` 		. 8

SAGINAW COUNTY—Continued

Township	Sugar- beet refuse
BrantBridgeport	\$0. 80 . 80
Buena Vista Carrollton Chapin	. 70 . 70 . 90
ChesaningFrankenmuthFremont	. 90 . 80 . 80
James Jonesville Kochville	. 70 . 80 . 70
Lakefield Maple Grove Marion	. 80 . 80 . 90
RichlandSaginawSt. Charles	. 70 . 70 . 80
Spaulding Swan Creek Taymouth	. 70 . 80 . 80
Thomas Tittabawassee Zilwaukee	. 70 . 70 . 70

ST. CLAIR COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Sugar- beet refuse
Berlin Brockway Burtchville Casco China Clay Clyde Columbus Cottrallville East China Emmett Fort Gratiot	\$2. 50 2. 50	\$1. 20 1. 00 1. 20 1. 20 1. 30 1. 20
GrantGreenwood	2. 50	1. 00
Ira	2. 50	1. 10
KenockeeKimball	2. 50, 2. 50	1. 20
Lynn	2. 50	1. 30
Port Huron	2. 50 2. 50	1. 30
Riley	2. 50	
St. Clair	2. 50	
Wales	2. 50	

ST. JOSEPH COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
Burr Oak		\$0. 90
ColonConstantine	$\begin{bmatrix} 2.60 \\ 2.50 \end{bmatrix}$. 80 . 90
FabiusFawn	_ 2. 50	1. 10 1. 00
Florence	2. 50	. 90
Flowerfield Leonidas	$\begin{bmatrix} 2.60 \\ 2.60 \end{bmatrix}$	1. 10 . 90
$egin{array}{cccc} { m Lockport}_{} & { m Mendon}_{} & { m Mendon}_{} & { m Cockport}_{} & { m Cockport}_{$	2. 50 2. 50	. 80
Mottville	_ 2. 50	. 90
Nottawa Park		. 80
ShermanSturgis		1. 10
White Pigeon		. 90

SANILAC COUNTY

	Township	Sugar- beet refuse
All	townships	\$1. 20

SCHOOLCRAFT COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone
All townships	\$2. 50

SHIAWASSEE COUNTY

Antrim Bennington Burns Caledonia Fairfield Hazelton Middlebury	22	
BurnsCaledoniaFairfieldHazelton	Φ ∠ .	30
BurnsCaledoniaFairfieldHazelton	2.	40
CaledoniaFairfieldHazelton	2.	40
Hazelton	2.	40
	2.	40
Middlebury	2.	50
	2.	40
New Haven	2.	50
Owosso	2.	40
Perry	2.	30
Rush	2.	40
Sciota	2.	30
Shiawassee	2.	40
Venice	2.	40
Vernon	2.	40
Woodhull	2.	30

TUSCOLA COUNTY

WAYNE COUNTY

Township	٠, ٠	Sugar- beet refuse	Township		Lime- stone
Arbela		\$0, 90	Brownstown		\$1, 40
Dayton		90. 90	Canton		1. 50
Ellington		. 90	Dearborn		1. 40
Fremont		90	Ecorse		1. 40
Indian Fields		. 80	Gratiot		2. 00
Tunists		. 80	Grosse Isle		1. 40
Juniata		. 90			1. 50
Kingston		90	HuronLivonia		1. 60
Koylton					1. 40
Millington		90	Monguagon		1. 50
Novesta			Nankin		1. 60
Tuscola		. 90	Northville		
Vassar		. 90	Plymouth		1. 50 1. 50
Watertown		. 90	Redford		
Wells		. 90	Romulus		1. 50
		1	Sumpter		1. 60
VAN BUREN	COUNT	Y	Taylor		1. 50
	1		Van Buren		1. 60
Township	Lime- stone	Marl			
Almena	\$2. 20	\$0. 80	WEXFORD C	OUNTY	7
Antwerp		. 80			
Arlington	_ 2. 20	. 90			
Bangor	_ 2. 30	. 90	,		Wood
Bloomingdale	_ 2.00	. 90	Township	Marl	ashes
Columbia		. 90			
Covert	_ 2.30	1. 10			
Decatur	2. 50	1. 10	Antioch	\$0. 80	\$0. 90
Geneva		. 90	Boon	. 90	. 90
Hamilton		1. 10	Cedar Creek	. 70	. 90
Hartford	2. 40	. 80	Cherry Grove	, 70	. 90
Keeler		. 90	Clam Lake	. 70	. 90
Lawrence		. 90	Colfax		. 90
Paw Paw		1. 10	Greenwood	. 70	. 90
Pine Grove		. 80	Hanover		. 90
Porter		. 90	Haring		. 90
South Haven		1. 10	Henderson	80	, 90
Waverly	2. 10	90	Liberty 70		. 90
waverly	_ 2. 10	. 90	Selma		
	1		Slagle	. 90	. 90
WASHTENAW (COUNTY	7	South Branch	. 80	. 90
	1		Springville	. 90	. 90
All townships	\$2. 50	\$1.00	Wexford	80	. 90
TEL OUTIDITIES		Ψ1. 00	TOMOTOLICA STATE	. 00	. 50



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT AGENCY

Washington, D. C.

1945 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM

NORTH CENTRAL REGION

MINNESOTA COMMITTEEMAN'S PRACTICE HANDBOOK

The 1945 Farm Program is designated to assist the farmers of Minnesota to the fullest possible extent in protecting their soils against

damage from erosion and loss of fertility.

The county committee, with the approval of the State committee, may designate those practices which will be approved for payment in the county in order that the farm allowances will be used most effectively to bring about increased conservation, or the county committee may specify for any group of farms a proportion of the farm allowances which may be earned only by carrying out certain designated practices which are very much needed.

A. CONSERVATION PRACTICE ALLOWANCE

The practice allowance is the maximum amount of payment that

may be made for carrying out approved conservation practices:

(1) Except as limited by practice provisions the allowance for the following special practices shall be the extent of such practices times the approved rate: Contouring Intertilled Crops, Contour Seeding, Establishing Contour Stripcropping, Field Stripcropping, Establishing Sod Waterways, Maintaining Sod Waterways, and Clearing Farmland.

(2) The allowance for regular practices shall be the sum of the fol-

lowing, or \$20, whichever is greater:

(a) 55 cents times the acreage classified as cropland.

(b) The county rate per acre for noncrop open pasture times the acreage classified as noncrop open pasture.

(c) 55 cents times the acreage classified as commercial orchards.

B. CONSERVATION PRACTICES

The practices available for 1945 are those which are most needed in order to conserve and improve soil fertility, improve pasture land, prevent wind and water erosion, and promote conservation and better utilization of water. Assistance will be available through the conservation practice allowance for carrying out the following practices during the program year January 1, 1945, through December 31, 1945. To qualify for payment, each practice must be carried out in accordance with the specifications for that practice and be in keeping with good farming practices for the locality.

The total extent of any practice performed shall be reduced for purposes of payment by the percentage of the total cost of the practice which the county committee determines was furnished by a State or Federal agency. The extent of any practice shall not be reduced be-

cause a portion of the cost is represented by materials or services furnished by the A. A. A., or equipment furnished by S. C. S., or materials or services furnished by an agency of a State or political subdivision thereof to another agency or political subdivision of the same State, or trees purchased from a Clark-McNary Cooperative State Nursery.

All special practices listed under this section are designated by asterisks (**). Practices not designated as special practices will be considered as regular practices:

(1) **Contouring intertilled crops.—Contour farming of intertilled crops, provided the crop stubble is left standing or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained. Credit will not be given for this practice on land which has a slope of less than 2 percent. If there is danger of erosion in waterways, such waterways must be permanently established in sod. No credit will be given for this practice for any acreage qualifying under the Contour Stripcropping practices.—\$1.50 per acre.

(2) **Contour seeding.—Contour seeding, by drilling, of small grain crops, sorghums, millet and soybeans. If there is danger of erosion in waterways, such waterways must be permanently established in sod. No credit will be given for this practice for any acreage qualifying under the Contour Stripcropping practices. All tillage operations in connection with the seeding must be on the contour.—

\$0.50 per acre.

(3) **Establishing contour stripcropping.—By growing alternate strips of intertilled crops with sown, close-drilled, or sod crops, on the contour: *Provided*, (1) The strips are approximately the same width; (2) the strips are not less than 3 rods nor more than 9 rods in width; and (3) the crop stubble is left standing or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained. Buffer strips must be at least 1 rod in

width.—\$2.50 per acre.

(4) Maintaining contour stripcropping.—Maintaining contour stripcropping previously established, by growing alternate strips of intertilled crops with sown, close-drilled, or sod crops, on the contour: Provided, (1) The strips are approximately the same width; (2) the strips are not less than 3 rods nor more than 9 rods in width; and (3) the crop stubble is left standing or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained. When in the normal course of crop rotation it is necessary to have two adjacent strips of sown, close-drilled, or sod crops, payment will be made for the entire field. Buffer strips must be at least 1 rod in width.—\$1 per acre.

(5) **Field stripcropping to control wind erosion.—By growing alternate strips of intertilled crops with sown, close-drilled, or sod crops: Provided, (1) The strips are approximately parallel and are laid out at right angles to the prevailing winds or in a continuous "S" so that winds cannot blow parallel to the rows of crops; (2) the strips are not less than 3 rods nor more than 20 rods in width; and (3) the crop stubble is left standing or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained. Buffer strips must be at least 1 rod in width.—\$0.50 per

acre.

(6) **Field stripcropping to control water erosion.—By growing alternate strips of intertilled crops with sown, close-drilled, or sod crops: Provided, (1) The strips are approximately the same width; (2) the strips are approximately parallel and are laid out across the

general slope; and (3) the strips are not less than 3 rods nor more than 9 rods in width; and (4) the crop stubble is left standing or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained. No credit will be given for this practice on land which has a slope of less than 2 percent. Buffer strips must not be less than 1 rod in width.—\$0.50 per acre.

(7) Standard terraces.—With the prior approval of the county committee, construction of standard terraces for which proper outlets are provided. The terraces should be constructed to conform with specifications for standard terraces for the area as recommended

by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.—\$1 per 100 lin. ft.

(8) **Establishing sod waterways—Establishing a permanent sod waterway on any cropland where a permanent vegetative cover is necessary in a waterway channel or terrace outlet, or in cultivated orchards. The channel of the waterway must be sufficiently wide to carry the run-off from the drainage area and must be at least one rod in width at the narrowest point. The channel must contain perennial grasses, and a good vegetative growth must be obtained.—\$0.75 per 1,000 sq. ft.

(9) **Maintaining sod waterways.—Maintaining an established sod waterway at least one rod wide in a field which is devoted to intertilled crops, by lifting the plow when the waterway is crossed, mowing, sodding, or reseeding breaks in the sod, protecting from damage by livestock, and by use of other practices necessary to maintain a good vegetative cover. No credit will be given for this practice for any waterway for which credit is given under Practice (8).—\$0.25 per 1,000 sq. ft.

(10) Seeding of depleted pasture on land designated as non-

crop open pasture:

(a) Seedings consisting solely of timothy, red top, sweet clover, or a

mixture of such crops.—\$0.10 per lb.

(b) Seedings consisting of adapted pasture grasses, perennial or biennial legumes (except sweet clover), or approved pasture mixtures.—\$0.25 per lb.

(11) Mowing weeds.—Mowing weeds on pasture land a sufficient number of times during the growing season to prevent weed seed formation and improve the stand of grasses or legumes, and by carrying out such other pasture improvement practices as the county committee may require. No hay or seed crop may be taken from the acreage.—\$0.50 per mowing per acre.

(12) Green manure crops.—Disking or plowing under a good stand and a good growth of the following crops. If the land is subject to erosion and the green manure crop is plowed down in the fall, the land must be protected by a winter cover crop.—\$1.50 per acre:

- (a) Alsike or red clover turned under in the fall.
- (b) Sweet clover.(c) Buckwheat.

(d) Winter rye seeded in the fall of 1944, except that acreage for which a 1944 winter cover crop practice payment was made.

(13) Protecting summer fallow.—Protecting summer fallowed acerage from wind and water erosion by contour listing, pit cultivation, contour cultivation with a shovel-type implement, cultivation with a rod weeder, or any other implement approved by the county committee, incorporating stubble and straw into the soil. In approval of this practice for payment, the county committee shall consider whether the cultivations were started by the date set by the State com-

mittee, and whether the cultivations were continued through the season in a manner that prevented weed growth and secured a maximum amount of moisture conservation. No credit will be given for this practice for any acreage qualifying under the practices for Stripcropping. No credit will be given for this practice if the acreage

to be summer fallowed has been burned.—\$1.25 per acre.

(14) Farm ditches.—With prior approval of the county committee, construction or cleaning out of farm ditches (except those constructed or maintained by a drainage district), including lateral and lead ditches, for which proper outlets are provided. Adequate provision must be made for entrance of water into and out of the ditches, and the ditches must have sufficient capacity to remove the normal excess surface water. Where ditches are constructed under an approved Pooling Agreement, the \$5 per 100 lin. ft. limitation will be removed.—\$0.08 per cu. yd. of material moved, but not in excess of \$5 per 100 lin. ft.

(15) Excavation of ditches for tile drainage.—With prior approval of the county committee, excavation for the purpose of installation of tile drains, provided the size of tile, outlets, and gradient meet the specifications for standard drainage as recommended by the U. S. Department of Agriculture; not less than 75 percent of the area to be drained is cropland; and no part of the tile lines is to be used for any other purpose than the draining of agricultural land.—\$0.40 per rod.

(16) Harvesting hayseed.—Harvesting for seed an acreage of alfalfa, red clover, alsike, sweet clover, white clover, bromegrass, and Reed's canary grass. Credit will not be given for more than 25 acres

per farm.—\$3.50 per acre.

- (17) Weed control.—With prior approval of the county committee, eradication or effective control of seriously infested plots of the following perennial noxious weeds: Canada thistle, creeping Jenny, perennial sow thistle, and quack grass. Payment for this practice may be approved only on farms where approved weed control measures are being carried out on all adjacent infested farms and contiguous land, where the infestation is limited to a single farm, or where the county committee determines that there is no likelihood of reinfestation from adjacent or contiguous land.
 - (a) By use of sodium chlorate or other chemicals (excluding borax).—\$0.10 per lb.

(b) By use of borax.—\$0.03 per lb.

(c) By clean tillage or mechanical burning (except quack grass).—\$10 per acre.

(d) Quack grass control by clean tillage in the following counties: Kittson, West Polk, Norman, Clay, Wilkin, and Marshall County in the townships west of East Park, New Maine, Newfolden, and New Solum.—\$2.50 per acre.

(e) Quack grass control by clean tillage in all other areas.—\$5 per acre.

(18) Tree planting.—Prior approval of the site and of the variety of the tree to be planted must be obtained from the county committee. The plantings must be made in accordance with good tree culture and the new planting must be protected from fire and grazing. The following varieties of trees may be approved for payment provided they are adapted to the particular soil type, climatic conditions, moisture conditions, and site: Red pine, jack pine, white spruce, eastern white pine, black spruce, tamarack, northern white cedar, sugar maple, yel-

low birch, basswood, American elm, green ash, white ash, white pine, Norway spruce, cottonwood, box elder, red oak, yellow poplar, Chinese elm, and willow.

(a) Planting for forest purposes or gully control.—\$1 per 100 trees but not in excess of \$7.50 per acre.

(b) Planting for windbreak purposes.—\$2 per 100 trees.

(19) Tree maintenance.—Maintaining for forest purposes, a good stand of at least 300 trees per acre, or for windbreak purposes, a good stand of at least 250 trees per acre, which have been planted between January 1, 1940, and January 1, 1945, by cultivating sufficiently to control other vegetation, protecting from fire and grazing, and replanting if necessary.—\$3 per acre.

(20) Mulching materials.—Application of straw, hay, or shredded corn stalks in commercial orchards, in vineyards, on commercial vegetable land, on potato land, or on strawberries or other small fruits.—

\$4 per ton.

(21) Liming materials (credit rates are contained in NCR-901-

Minn., Suppl. 1).—Application of the following materials:

(a) One ton of agricultural ground limestone containing at least 80 percent calcium carbonate equivalent, and ground sufficiently fine so that 80 percent, including all of the finer particles obtained in the grinding process, will pass through an 8-mesh sieve. The moisture content at the time of shipment must not exceed 8 percent. The specifications for calcium carbonate content and percent of material passing through an 8-mesh sieve must be such that the multiplication of these specifications will be equal to or in excess of 0.72. If the ground limestone will not qualify with respect to either fineness or calcium carbonate content, or both, the county committee

must require a correspondingly greater amount of material.

(b) One ton of calcium carbide lime containing at least 80 percent of calcium carbonate and testing not more than 35 percent moisture at the shipping point. A correspondingly greater amount of material must be required if the material does not meet the specifications.

(c) One cubic yard of marl.

(d) One cubic yard of water-softening process lime.

(e) One ton of egg shells. (f) One ton of hydrated lime.

- (22) Fertilizers.—Application of superphosphate, rock phosphate, and potash, when such material is applied (1) to new seedings of biennial or perennial legumes, perennial grasses, winter legumes, or permanent pasture (no credit will be given for materials furnished by the Agricultural Adjustment Agency applied to a seeding if wheat is used as a nurse crop); (2) to old stands of biennial and perennial legumes, perennial grasses, or permanent pasture, provided the acreage on which such applications are made is not devoted to, cultivated for, or plowed for any other crop during the program year; and (3) to green manure crops in orchards.
 - (a) Application of superphosphate or defluorinated phosphate rock.— \$5.50 per 100 lbs. of available P₂O₅.

(b) Application of rock phosphate.—\$0.75 per 100 lbs.

(c) Application of potash.—\$3.35 per 100 lbs of available K₂O.

		_						
(d)	100 lbs.	of 0-9-27	\$1.40	(l)	100 lbs.	of	0-19-0	\$1. 05
(e)	100 lbs.	of 0-10-20	1.20	(m)	100 lbs	s. of	0-20-0	1.10
(f)	100 lbs.	of 0-12-12	1,05	(n)	100 lbs.	of 0	-20-10	1.45
(g)	100 lbs.	of 0-12-24	1.45	(o)	100 lbs.	of ()-20-20	1. 75
(h)	100 lbs.	of 0-12-36	1.85	(<i>p</i>)	100 lbs.	of ()-20-15	2. 15
(i)	100 lbs.	of 0-14-7	1.00	(q)	100 lbs.	of 2	2-12-6	. 85
(j)	100 lbs.	of 0-14-14	1.25	(r)	100 lbs	of.	2-16-8	1. 15
(k)	100 lbs	of 0-18-0	1.00	(8)	100 lbs.	of 3	3-9-18	1.10

(t) 100 lbs. of 3-12-12 \$1.05	(z) 100 lbs. of 4-24-12 S	\$1.70
(u) 100 lbs. of 3–18–9 · 1.30	(aa) 100 lbs. of 6–12–18	1. 25
(v) 100 lbs. of 4-10-6 75	(bb) 100 lbs. of 8-8-8	. 70
(w) 100 lbs. of 4-12-480	(cc) 100 lbs. of 8–16–12	1.30
(x) 100 lbs. of 4–16–090	(dd) 100 lbs. of 10-6-4	. 45
(a) 100 lbs. of 4–16–16 1. 40		

(23) Gypsum.—Application of 100 pounds of gypsum containing at least 18 percent sulphur (or its equivalent).

(a) In Clearwater, Itasca, and Koochiching Counties.—\$0.70.

(b) In Lake of the Woods County.-\$0.80.

(c) In all other counties.—\$0.60.

CUT-OVER AREA PRACTICES

The cut-over area includes the following counties: Aitkin, Anoka, Becker, Beltrami, Benton, Carlton, Cass, Chisago, Clearwater, Crow Wing, Douglas, East Otter Tail, East Polk, Hubbard, Isanti, Itasca, Kanabec, Koochiching, Lake, Lake of the Woods, Mahnomen, Mille Lacs, Morrison, North St. Louis, South St. Louis, Pennington, Pine,

Ramsey, Red Lake, Rouseau, Sherburne, Todd, and Wadena.

(24) Clearing farm land now unsuited for tillage, on farms with less than 60 acres of cropland.—Prior approval of the county committee must be obtained in all cases. All loose stone, stumps, underbrush, and forest tree growth must be removed and hummocks leveled. No credit will be given for clearing land which is now supporting a stand of merchantable timber. However, approval must not be given where it is clear that water erosion hazards will result or where soils of the land to be cleared are not equal to or superior to the soils now under cultivation on the farm. Land on which it appears that it would be necessary to remove stones annually in large quantities should not receive the approval of the committee. Land which must be drained before being put into cultivation must not be approved unless the county committee is assured that adequate draining facilities will be provided by the farmer before the end of the program year. No credit will be given if the cost of clearing is less than \$20 per acre. Credit will not be given for more than 10 acres per farm.—\$10 per acre.

(25) Improving pastures.—With prior approval of the county committee, improvement of noncrop open pasture land which the county committee determines will, when improved, be capable of carrying at least one animal unit for each 2 acres during a pasture season of at least 4 months. Improvements shall include uprooting and removal of shrubs, leveling hummocks, carrying out an adequate system of mowing, and removing loose stones. Payment will not be made unless sufficient liming materials, fertilizers, and seed, where

needed, are applied to obtain a good stand.—\$5 per acre.

C. DEFINITIONS

- (1) Farm.—Farm means all adjacent or nearby farm land under the same ownership which is operated by one person, including also:
 - (a) Any other adjacent or nearby farm land which the county committee, in accordance with instructions issued by the Agricultural Adjustment Agency, determines is operated by the same person as part of the same unit with respect to the rotation of crops and with workstock, farm

machinery, and labor substantially separate from that for any other lands; and

(b) Any field-rented tract (whether operated by the same or another person) which, together with any other land included in the farm, consti-

tutes a unit with respect to the rotation of crops.

(c) A farm shall be regarded as located in the county in which the principal dwelling is situated, or if there is no dwelling thereon, it shall be regarded as located in the county in which the major portion of the farm is located.

(2) Cropland.—Cropland means farm land which in 1944 was tilled or was in regular rotation, excluding any land which constitutes, or will constitute if such tillage is continued, a wind-erosion hazard to the community, and excluding also, any land in commercial orchards.

(3) Noncrop open pasture land.—Noncrop open pasture land means pasture land (other than rotation pasture land) on which the predominant growth is forage suitable for grazing and on which the number or grouping of any trees or shrubs is such that the land could

not fairly be considered as woodland.

(4) Commercial orchards.—Commercial orchards means the acreage on the farm in planted or cultivated fruit trees, nut trees, vineyards, hops, or bush fruits (excluding nonbearing orchards and vineyards), from which the major portions of the production is normally sold.

(5) Person.—Person means an individual, partnership, association, corporation, estate, or trust, or other business enterprise or other legal entity, and, wherever applicable, a State, a political subdivision of a State, or any agency thereof.

(6) Producer.—Producer means any person who as landlord, ten-

ant, or sharecropper, participates in the operation of a farm.

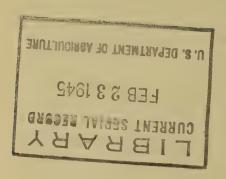
D. NONCROP OPEN PASTURE RATES TO BE USED IN COMPUTING FARM ALLOWANCES

	Rate		Rate per acre		Rate
County	per acre (cents)	County	(cents)	County	per acre (cents)
Aitkin	9	Goodhue	20	Morrison	14
Anoka	12	Grant		Mower	20
Becker	11	Hennepin	13	Murray	17
Beltrami	11	Houston	14	Nicollet	19
Benton	16	Hubbard	13	Nobles	19
Big Stone	19	Isanti	11	Norman	11
Blue Earth	20	Itasca	11	Olmsted	21
Brown	22	Jackson		Otter Tail	
Carlton	15	Kanabec	15	Pennington	14
Carver	18	Kandiyohi	16	Pine	12
Cass	14	Kittson	14	Pipestone	19
Chippewa	19	Koochiching	11	Polk	13
Chisago	14	Lac Qui Parle	22	Pope	16
Clay	12	Lake	9	Ramsey	17
Clearwater		Lake of the Wood	s 9	Red Lake	12
Cook	8	Le Suer	19	Redwood	21
Cottonwood	18	Lincoln	18	Renville	20
Crow Wing	13	Lyon	19	Rice	15
Dakota	15	McLeod	19	Rock	19
Dodge	22	Mahnomen	17	Roseau	12
Douglas		Marshall	12	St. Louis	8
Faribault		Martin	19	Scott	15
Fillmore		Meeker	17	Sherburne	1/2
Freeborn	4.0	Mille Lacs	15	Sibley	18

·	Rate ner acre		Rate ner acre		Rate ner acre
County	(cents)	County	(cents)	County	per acre (cents)
Stearns	18	Traverse	16	Watonwan	19
Steele	19	Wabasha	17	Wilkin	14
		Wadena			
		Wascoa			
Todd	14	Washington	15	Yellow Medicine	e 18

E. POOLING OF PRACTICE ALLOWANCES

Producers in any local area may agree in writing with the approval of the State Committee to combine all or any part of their farm allowances for the performance of practice No. (14) Farm Ditches, provided their farms are benefited by the construction of the ditches. For purposes of payment the practice carried out under an approved pooling agreement will be regarded as having been carried out on the farms of the producers who performed the practice.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D. C.

1945 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM

. NORTH CENTRAL REGION

SUPPLEMENT 1 TO MINNESOTA COMMITTEEMAN'S PRACTICE HANDBOOK

1945 CREDIT RATES FOR LIMING MATERIALS

Materials for which the credit rates are the same throughout the State:

Type of material	$Credit \ rate$
Water-softening process lime	\$0.80 per cu. yd.
Hydrated lime	4.00 per ton
Eggshells	1.00 per ton

The following are the credit rates for the other liming materials for which credit will be given in your county. The rates for limestone and carbide refuse are on a ton basis and the rates for marl and paper mill refuse are on a cubic yard basis.

AN	0	\mathbf{K}_{i}	Δ 1	C	0	TT	N	T	V
		$\pm \times 4$	_	\cup	\circ	\mathbf{U}	T. J.	_	

Township	Limestone			
Anoka	\$1.40			
Bethel	1. 60			
Blaine				
Burns				
Centerville				
Columbus				
Fridley	1. 30			
Grow	1. 40			
Ham Lake	1. 40			
Linwood				
Oak Grove	1. 50			
Ramsey				
St. Francis	1. 70			

BENTON COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
Alberta Gilmanton Glendorado Graham Granite Ledge Langola Mayhew Lake Maywood Minden St. George Sauk Rapids	\$2. 00 2. 00	\$0. 90 . 80 . 80 . 90 . 90 . 90 . 80 . 80 . 80
Watab	2.00	. 00

· CARLTON COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Papermill Refuse
All townships	\$2. 80	\$1. 40
CASS COUN	TY	

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
ll townships	\$2. 50	\$1. 20

CHISAGO COUNTY

Amador	\$1. 90	\$0. 80
Branch	1. 90	. 70
Chisago Lake	1. 90	1.00
Fish Lake		70
Franconia	1. 90	1. 10
Harris	1. 90	. 60
Lent	1. 90	. 80
Nessel	1. 90	. 60
Rushseba	1. 90	. 50
Shafer	1. 90	. 90
Sunrise	1. 90	. 70
Wyoming	1. 90	. 90
	,	

CROW WING COUNTY

All	townships	\$2. 60	\$1. 40
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DAKOTA COUNTY

Burnsville	\$1. 40 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 40 1. 50 1. 30 1. 40
Castle Rock Douglas Eagan Empire Eureka Greenvale Hampton Hastings Invergrove Lakeville Lebanon Marshan	1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 20 1. 30 1. 40 1. 50 1. 30
Douglas Eagan Empire Eureka Greenvale Hampton Hastings Invergrove Lakeville Lebanon Marshan	1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 20 1. 30 1. 40 1. 50 1. 30
Eagan Empire Eureka Greenvale Hampton Hastings Invergrove Lakeville Lebanon Marshan	1. 30 1. 30 1. 20 1. 30 1. 40 1. 50 1. 30
Empire Eureka Greenvale Hampton Hastings Invergrove Lakeville Lebanon Marshan	1. 30 1. 20 1. 30 1. 40 1. 50 1. 30
Eureka Greenvale Hampton Hastings Invergrove Lakeville Lebanon Marshan	1. 20 1. 30 1. 40 1. 50 1. 30
Greenvale Hampton Hastings Invergrove Lakeville Lebanon Marshan	1. 30 1. 40 1. 50 1. 30
Hampton Hastings Invergrove Lakeville Lebanon Marshan	1. 40 1. 50 1. 30
Hastings	1. 50 1. 30
InvergroveLakevilleLebanonMarshan	1. 50 1. 30
Lakeville Lebanon Marshan	
Lebanon Marshan	1 40
Marshan Mendota	1. 10
Mendota	1. 30
	1. 30
Nininger	1. 40
Randolph	1. 30
Ravenna	1. 50
Rosemount	1. 40
Sciota	1. 20
SciotaVermillion	1. 30
Waterford	1. 20

DODGE COUNTY

Ashland	\$1. 30
Canisteo	1. 30
Claremont	1. 40
Concord	1. 30
Ellington	1. 40
Hayfield	1. 40
Manterville	1. 20
Milton	
Ripley	
Vernon	1. 30
Wasioja	1. 30
Westfield	1. 50

FILLMORE COUNTY

A 7	Φ. σ. ο. ο.
Amherst	\$1. 20
Arendahl	1. 40
Beaver	1. 20
Bloomfield	1. 20
Bristol	1. 30
Canton	1. 20
Carimona	1. 30
Carrolton	1.40
Chatfield	1. 40
Fillmore	1. 40
Forestville	1. 20
Fountain	1, 40
Harmony	1, 20
Holt	1, 40
Jordan	1, 40
Newburg	1. 30
Norway	1. 40
Pilot Mound	1. 40
	1, 10

| FILLMORE COUNTY-Continued

Limestone
\$1. 30 1. 20 1. 40 1. 10 1. 40

FREEBORN COUNTY

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Alberta Lea	\$1. 60
Alden	2. 10
Bancroft	1 90
Bath	2. 10
Carlston	2. 40
Freeborn	
Freeman	1. 60
Geneva'	1. 90
Hartland	2, 40
Hayward	1, 40
London	1, 10
Manchester	2. 10
Mansfield	2. 10
Moscow	1. 40
Newry	1. 60
Nunda	1. 90
Oakland	1. 10
Pickerel Lake	1. 90
	1. 60
Riceland	1. 00
Shell Rock	1. 40

GOODHUE COUNTY

Belle Creeke	\$1. 30
Belvidere	
Burnside	1. 60
Cannon Falls	1. 30
Central Point	1. 40
Cherry Grove	1. 30
Featherstone	1. 30
Florence	1. 40
Goodhue	1. 30
Hay Creek	1. 30
Holden Charles Translation	1.730
Kenyon	1. 30
Leon Minneola	1. 30
Minneola_f	1. 30
Pine Island	1. 30
Roscoe	1. 30
Stanton	1. 30
Vasa	1. 30
Wacouta	1. 30
wanamingo	1. 30
Warsaw	1. 30
welcu	1. 40
Zumbrota	1. 30

1. 10 1. 10

HENNEPIN COUNTY

Township Limestone \$1. 20 1. 20 1. 20 Bloomington_____ Brooklyn Center Champlin 1. 30 Corcoran_____ 1.40 Crystal____ 1. 20 Dayton_______Eden Prairie______Edina______ 1.60 1.30 1. 20 Excelsior______Golden Valley_____ 1.60 1. 10 Greenwood____ 1.60 Hassan_____ 1.70 Hassan Independence Maple Grove Medina Minnetonka Minnetrista 1.60 1.40 1.40 1.30 1. 80 New Hope 1. 20 Orono____Plymouth_____ 1.40 1. 20 Richfield_____ St. Louis Park_____ 1.00

HOUSTON COUNTY

St. Anthony

Black Hammer	\$1. 40
Brownsville	1. 60
Caledonia	1. 40
Crooked Creek	1. 60
Hokah	1. 60
Houston	
Jefferson	1. 60
La Crescent	1. 50
Mayville	1. 40
Money Creek	1. 60
Mound Prairie	. 1. 50
Sheldon	1. 50
Spring Grove	1. 40
Union	1. 40
Wilmington	1. 40
Winnebago	1. 40
Yucatan	1. 60

ISANTI COUNTY

Athens	\$1.90
Bradford	1. 90
Cambridge	1. 90
Dalbo	2. 00
Isanti	1. 90
Maple Ridge	2. 00
North Branch	1, 90
Oxford	1. 90
Spencer Brook	2. 00
Springvale	1. 90
Stanchfield	1. 90
Stanford	1. 90
Wyanett	2. 00

ITASCA COUNTY

	Township	Limestone
All to	wnships	\$2. 70

KANABEC COUNTY

IMMEDIO COONTT			
Township	Lime- stone	Marl	
Ann Lake Arthur Brunswick Comfort Ford Grass Lake Hay Brook Hillman Kanabec Knife Lake Kroschel Peace Pomroy South Fork	2. 40 2. 40	\$1. 20 1. 10 1. 00 1. 00 1. 20 90 1. 40 1. 10 1. 10 1. 10 1. 10 1. 10	
Whited	2. 40	1. 00	

LAKE COUNTY

Township	Carbide refuse
All townships	\$1. 10

MILLE LACS COUNTY

Томпашр	титегоне
Bogus Brook	\$1. 90
Borgholm	1. 90
Bradbury	2. 10
Dailey	2. 10
East Side	2. 10
Greenbush	1. 90
Hayland	2. 00
Isle Harbor	2. 30
Kathio	2. 30
Lewis	2. 40
Milaca	1. 90
Milo	1. 90
Mudgett	2. 10
Onamia	2. 10
Page	2. 00
Princeton	1. 90
South Harbor	2. 10

MOWER COUNTY

Adams	\$1. 50
Austin	1. 10
Bennington	1. 20

MOWER COUNTY—Continued

Township	Limestone
Clayton	\$1. 30
Dexter	1. 30
Frankford	1. 10
Grand Meadow	1. 10
Lansing	1. 10
Le Roy	1. 20
Lodi	1. 40
Lvle	1. 10
Marshall	1. 30
Nevada	1. 20
Pleasant Valley	1. 10
Racine	1, 10
Red Rock	1. 30
Sargeant	140
Udolpho	1. 30
Waltham	1. 30
Windom	1. 20

OLMSTED COUNTY

Cascade	\$1. 30
Dover	1. 20
Elmira	1. 30
Eyota	1. 20
Farmington	1. 30
Haverhill	1. 20
High Forest	1. 20
Kalmar	1. 30
Marion	1. 30
New Haven	1. 30
Orion	1. 30
Oronoco	1. 30
Pleasant Grove	1. 30
Quincy	1. 30
Rochester	1. 30
Rock Dell	1. 20
Salem	1. 30
Viola	1. 30
l	

PINE COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
Arlone	\$2. 30	\$0. 90
Arna	2. 30	1. 30
Barry	2. 30	. 80
Belden	2. 30	1. 40
Birch Creek	2. 30	1. 30
Bremen	2, 30	1. 30
Brook Park	2, 30	. 80
Bruno	2. 30	1. 30
Chengwatana	2, 30	. 70
Clover	2. 30	1, 00
Crosby		1. 00

PINE COUNTY—Continued

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
Danforth	\$2. 30	\$1. 10
Dell Grove	2. 30	. 90
Dosey	2. 30	1.40
Finlayson	2. 30	1. 10
Fleming	2. 30	1. 20
Hinckley	2. 30	. 80
Keene	2. 30	1. 30
Kerrick	2. 30	1. 40
Kettle River	2. 30	1. 20
Mission Creek	2. 30	70
Munch	2. 30	. 90
Nickerson	2. 30	1. 50
Norman	2. 30	1. 30
Ogema	2. 30	1. 20
Park	2. 30	1. 30
Partridge	2. 30	1. 10
Pine City	-2. 30	. 70
Pine Lake	2. 30	1. 20
Pokegama	2. 30	. 70
Rock Creek	2. 30	. 60
Royalton	2. 30	. 70
Sandstone	2. 30	1. 10
Sturgeon Lake	2. 30	1. 20
Wilma	2. 30	1. 30
Windemere	2. 30	1. 30

RAMSEY COUNTY

Township	Limestone
All townships	\$1. 30

RICE COUNTY

Bridgewater	\$1. 30
Cannon City	1. 40
Erin	1. 60
Forest	1. 40
Morristown	
Northfield	
Richland	
Shieldsville	
Walcott	1. 20
Warsaw	1. 30
Webster	1. 40
Wells	1. 60
Wheatland	1. 60
Wheeling	1. 40

NORTH ST. LOUIS COUNTY

All townships	 	\$3. 20

SHERBURNE COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	MarI	
Baldwin	\$1. 90	\$1. 00	
Becker	2. 10	. 80	
Big Lake	1. 90	. 70	
Bluehill	1. 90	1. 00	
Clear Lake	2. 10	. 90	
Elk River	1, 70	. 80	
Haven	2, 10	1. 00	
Livonia	1. 90	. 90	
Orrock	1. 90	. 80	
Palmer	2. 10	. 90	
Santiago	2 10	1 00	

STEARNS COUNTY

Township	Marl
Albany	\$1. 00
Ashley	1. 00
Avon	1. 00
Brockway	1. 00
Collegeville Crow River	1. 00
Crow River	1.00
Crow Lake	1. 00
Eden Lake	. 90
Fairhaven	. 90
Farming	1. 00
Getty	1. 00
Grove	1. 00
Holding	1. 00
Krain	1. 00
Lake George	1. 00
Lake Henry	1. 00
Le Sauk	1. 00
Luxemburg	. 90
Lvnden	4. 80
Main Prairie	. 90
Melrose	1. 00
Millwood	1. 00
Munson	1.00
North Fork	1. 00
Oak	1. 00
OakPaynesville_:	1. 00
Raymond	1. 00
Rockville	. 90
St. Augusta	. 80
St. Cloud	. 90
St. Joseph	. 90
St. MartinSt. Wendel	1. 00
St. Wendel	1. 00
Sauk Center	1. 00
Spring Hill	1. 00
Wakefield	1. 00
Zion	1. 00

STEELE COUNTY

Township	Limestone
Aurora	\$1. 30
Berlin	1.40
Blooming Prairie	1. 40
Clinton Falls	1. 10
Deerfield	1. 20
Havana	1. 30
Lemond	1. 30
Medford	1. 10
Meriden	1. 30
Merton	1. 30
Owatonna	1. 20
Somerset	1. 30
Summit	1. 40

TODD COUNTY

All townships	\$2.	50

WABASHA COUNTY

Chester	\$1. 3
Elgin	1. 3
Gillford	1. 3
Glasgow	1. 3
GreenfieldHighland	1. 5
Highland.	1. 3
Hyde Park	1. 4
Lake	1. 3
Mazeppa	1. 4
Minneiska	1. 5
Mount Pleasant	1. 4
Oakwood	1. 4
Pepin	1. 4
Plainview	1. 3
Wabasha	1. 4
Watopa	1. 4
West Albany	1. 3
Zumbro	1. 4

WADENA COUNTY

	Township	Marl
All	townships	\$1. 20

WASECA COUNTY

WASECA COUNTT	
Township	Limestone
AltonBlooming GroveByronFreedom	\$1. 60 1. 40 1. 60 1. 60

WASECA COUNTY—Continued

Township	 Limestone
Iosco Janesville New Richland Otisco St. Mary Vivian Wilton Woodville	 \$1. 40 1. 50 1. 60 1. 60 1. 50 1. 60 1. 60 1. 50

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Township	Lime- stone	Marl
Afton	\$1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 40 1. 40 1. 50 1. 30 1. 60 1. 30 1. 40 1. 30	\$0. 70 . 70 . 80 . 80 . 70 . 70 . 70 . 80 . 80 . 70 . 80 . 70 . 80 . 70

WINONA COUNTY

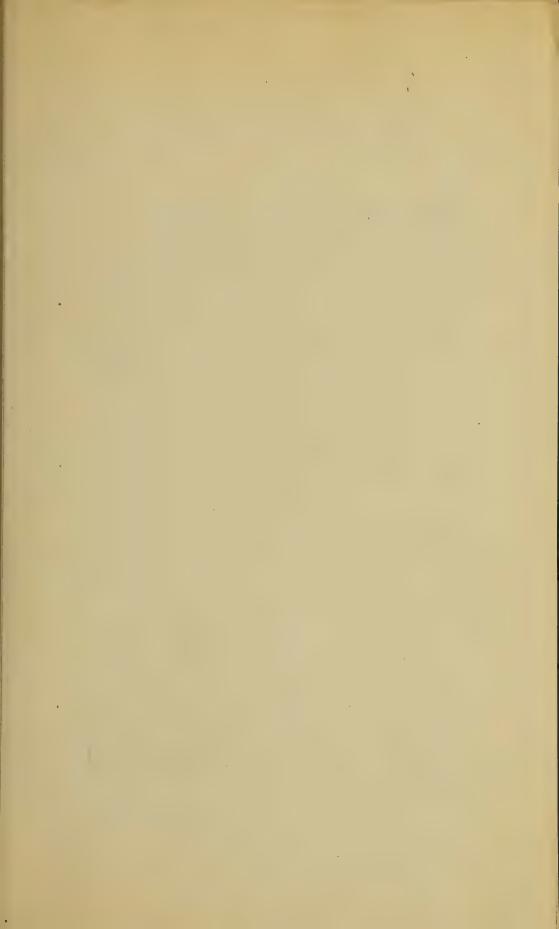
Township	Limestone
Dresbach	\$1. 60
ElbaFremont	1, 40 1, 40
HartHillsdale	1. 40

WINONA COUNTY—Continued

Township * '	Limestone
Homer Mount Vernon New Hartford	\$1. 50 1. 50 1. 40
Norton Pleasant Hill Richmond	1. 50 1. 40 1. 50
RollingstoneSt. Charles	1. 50 1. 40 1. 40
SaratogaUtica Warren	1. 40 1. 40
Whitewater Wilson Winona Winona	1. 60 1. 50 1. 50
Wiscoy	1. 50

WRIGHT COUNTY

Township	Marl
Albion	\$1.00
Buffalo	. 80
Chatham	. 90
Clearwater	. 90
Cokato	1. 00
Corinna	. 90
Frankfort	. 90
Franklin	1.00
French Lake	1.00
Maple Lake	90
Marysville	1.00
Middleville	1, 00
Monticello	. 80
Otsego	. 90
Rockford	1.00
Silver Creek	, 80
Southside	. 90
Stockholm	1.00
Victor	1.00
Woodland	1.00



CEMPENT SERIAL RECURD

WAR 1 9 1945 \$

C. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT AGENCY

Washington, D. C.

1945 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM

NORTH CENTRAL REGION

MISSOURI COMMITTEEMAN'S PRACTICE HANDBOOK

The 1945 Farm Program is designed to assist the farmers of Missouri to the fullest possible extent in protecting their soils against damage

from erosion and loss of fertility.

The county committee, with the approval of the State committee, may designate those practices which will be approved for payment in the county in order that the farm allowance will be used most effectively to bring about increased conservation, or the county committee may specify for any group of farms a proportion of the farm allowance which may be earned only by carrying out certain designated practices which are very much needed.

A. CONSERVATION PRACTICE ALLOWANCE

The practice allowance is the maximum amount of payment that may

be made for carrying out approved conservation practices.

(1) The allowance for the special Dams or Reservoirs for Livestock Water practice shall be \$100, plus any portion of the regular allowance determined in item (3) below, which is not earned by the performance of regular practices or the special Terracing practice.

(2) The allowance for the special Terracing practice shall be 100 percent of the regular allowance determined under item (3) below, or \$50, whichever is greater, plus any portion of the regular allowance

which is not earned by the performance of regular practices.

(3) The allowance for regular practices shall be the sum of the following or \$10, whichever is greater:

(a) 50 cents times the acreage classified as cropland.

(b) The county rate per acre for noncrop open pasture times the acreage classified as noncrop open pasture.

(c) 50 cents times the acreage classified as commercial orchards.

B. CONSERVATION PRACTICES

The practices available for 1945 are those which are most needed in order to conserve and improve soil fertility, improve pasture land, prevent wind and water erosion, and promote conservation and better utilization of water. Assistance will be available through the conservation practice allowance for carrying out the following practices during the program year January 1, 1945, through December 31, 1945. To qualify for payment each practice must be carried out in accordance with the specifications for that practice and be in keeping with good farming practices for the locality.

The total extent of any practice performed shall be reduced for purposes of payment by the percentage of the total cost of the practice which the county committee determines was furnished by a State or Federal agency. The extent of any practice shall not be reduced because a portion of the cost is represented by materials or services furnished by the A. A. A., or equipment furnished by S. C. S., or materials or services furnished by an agency of a State or political sub-division thereof to another agency or political sub-division of the same State, or trees purchased from a Clark-McNary Cooperative State Nursery.

All special practices listed under this section are designated by asterisks (**). Practices not designated as special practices will be considered as regular practices.

(1) Contouring intertilled crops.—Contour farming of intertilled crops, provided the crop stubble is left standing or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained. Credit will not be given for this practice on land which has a slope of less than 2 percent. If there is danger of erosion in waterways, such waterways must be permanently established in sod.—\$1.50 per acre.

(2) Contour seeding.—Contour seeding, by drilling, of small grain crops, sorghums, millet, and soybeans. All operations in connection with the seeding must be on the contour. If there is danger of erosion in waterways, such waterways must be permanently established

in sod-\$0.50 per acre.

(3) **Standard terraces.—With prior approval of the county committee, construction of standard terraces for which proper outlets are provided. The terraces and outlets should be constructed to conform with specifications for standard terraces for the area as recommended

by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.—\$1 per 100 lin. ft.

(4) Diversion terraces.—With prior approval of the county committee, construction of diversion terraces for which proper outlets are provided. The terraces and outlets should be constructed to conform with the specifications for diversion terraces and outlets for the area as recommended by the U. S. Department of Agriculture.—\$0.08 per

cu. yd. but not in excess of \$5 per 100 lin. ft.

(5) Establishing sod waterways.—Establishing a permanent sod waterway on any cropland where a permanent vegetative cover is necessary in a waterway channel or terrace outlet, or in cultivated orchards. The channel of the waterway must be sufficiently wide to carry the run-off from the drainage area and must be at least 10 feet in width at the narrowest point. The channel must contain perennial grasses and a good vegetative growth must be obtained.—\$0.75 per 1.000 sq. ft.

(6) Maintaining sod waterways.—Maintaining an established sod waterway at least 10 feet wide at the narrowest point in a field which is devoted to intertilled crops, by lifting the plow when the waterway is crossed, mowing, sodding or reseeding breaks in the sod, protecting from damage by livesto k, and by use of other practices necessary to maintain good vegetative cover. No credit will be given for this practice for any waterway for which credit is given under Practice (5).—\$0.25 per 1,000 sq. ft.

(7) Seeding of depleted pasture on land designated as noncrop open pasture.—Seedings consisting of adapted pasture grasses, per-

ennial or biennial legumes and lespedeza, or approved pasture mixtures. The land must be disked or springtoothed sufficiently to insure a good stand of seeding. On land subject to erosion, the disking or

springtoothing must be across the slope.—\$0.10 per lb.

(8) Mowing weeds.—Mowing weeds on land a sufficient number of times during the growing season to prevent weed seed formation and improve the stand of grasses or legumes, and by carrying out such other pasture improvement practices as the county committee may require. No hay or seed erop may be taken from the acreage.—\$0.50 per mowing per acre, but not more than \$1 per acre.

(9) Renovation of perennial grasses or legumes.—By disking or springtoothing at such periods and in such a manner as to insure a thicker stand and a better growth of the grasses or legumes. On land subject to erosion, the disking or springtoothing must be across the

slope.—\$0.75 per acre.

(10) **Dams and reservoirs for livestock water.—With prior approval of the county committee, construction of earthen, concrete, or rubble masonry dams and reservoirs for the purpose of providing water for livestock. Earthen dams must be constructed with minimum slopes of 3 to 1 on the upstream side and 2 to 1 on the downstream side. and must have a crown width of one foot for every foot in height of fill, but not exceeding 10 feet. Dams of 10 feet or less in height must have a minimum free board of 3 feet. Dams over 10 feet in height must have a minimum free board of 4 feet. To qualify for payment, a pond must be located properly, fenced to exclude livestock, and have a minimum depth of 8 feet at the deepest point, and the water must be piped out to a stockwater tank. Or, where this is impracticable, a small arm of the pond may be permitted to extend beyond the fenced area, or chutes or other means of making water available to livestock may be approved by the county committee provided such methods do not permit access of the stock to the pond proper. If the drainage area for the pond is not protected by sod or other vegetation, a protective sod strip with a minimum width of 100 feet must be established around the pond. Each pond must be protected by a spillway of adequate width to dispose of maximum expected run-off, allowing sufficient freeboard on the dam to avoid overtopping. Spillways are to be protected by a vegetative cover or by mechanical means.

The county committee must make the following determination before

approving the construction of a dam or reservoir:

(1) That soil conditions at the location will insure water retention and that the site selected will provide adequate depth and storage of water with reasonable expenditure for dam construction.

(2) That the watershed area is in proper relationship to the capacity

of the proposed pond.

(3) That the dam will be of sufficient height, proper design, and

adequately protected from erosion.

- (4) That adequate spillway is to be provided, and that such spillways will be protected by either a vegetative cover or by mechanical means:
 - (a) For earth or other material moved:
 Not over 2,000 cu. yd.—\$0.15 per cu. yd.
 In excess of 2,000 cu. yd.—\$0.10 per cu. yd.
 (b) For concrete or masonry.—\$9 per cu. yd.
 - (c) For rubble masonry.—\$6 per cu. yd.

- (11) Green manure crops.—Disking or plowing under a good stand and a good growth of the following crops. If the land is subject to erosion, and the green manure is plowed down in the fall the land must be protected by a winter cover crop.—\$1.50 per acre.
 - (a) Sweet clover or crimson clover.

(b) Red clover turned under in the fall.

(c) Crotalaria or winter vetch.

(d) A 1945 seeding of lespedeza, turned under in the fall and followed by a winter cover crop.

(e) Bur clover and Austrian winter peas.

(f) Winter rye seeded in the fall of 1944 except that acreage for which a 1944 winter cover crop payment was made.

(12) Winter cover crops.—Establishing a winter cover crop by seeding crimson clover, bur clover, Austrian winter peas, or winter vetch. The cover crop shall be seeded early enough to obtain a protective cover. No credit will be given unless a good stand and a good

vegetative growth is obtained.—\$1.50 per acre.

(13) Farm ditches.—With prior approval of the county committee, construction or cleaning out of farm ditches (excluding ditches constructed or maintained by a drainage district), including lateral and lead ditches, for which proper outlets are provided, and adequate provision is made for entrance of water into and out of the ditches. The ditches must have sufficient capacity to remove the normal excess surface water. When ditches are constructed under an approved Pooling Agreement, the \$5 per 100 lin. ft. limitation will be removed.—\$0.08 per cu. yd. of material moved, but not in excess of \$5 per 100 lin. ft.

(14) Harvesting hayseed.—Harvesting for seed an acreage of alfalfa, red clover, alsike, sweet clover, crimson clover. Credit will not

be given for more than 10 acres per farm.—\$3.50 per acre.

- (15) Weed control.—With prior approval of the county committee, eradication or effective control of seriously infested plots of Canada thistle, and bindweed. Payment for this practice may be approved only on farms where approved weed control measures are being carried out on all adjacent infested farms and contiguous land, where the infestation is limited to a single farm, or where the county committee determines that there is no likelihood of reinfestation from adjacent or contiguous land:
 - (a) By use of sodium chlorate or other chemicals.—\$0.10 per lb.

(b) By clean tillage.—\$10 per acre.

- (16) Tree planting.—Prior approval of the site and of the variety of the tree to be planted must be obtained from the county committee. The plantings must be made in accordance with good tree culture and the new planting must be protected from fire and grazing. The following varieties of trees may be approved for payment provided they are adapted to the particular soil type, climatic conditions, moisture conditions, and site: Shortleaf pine, eastern red cedar, walnut, butternut, white ash, black walnut, and black locust:
 - (a) Planting for forest purposes or gully control—\$1 per 100 trees, but not in excess of \$7.50 per acre.

(b) Planting for windbreak purposes.—\$2 per 100 trees.

(17) Tree maintenance.—Maintaining for forest purposes, a good stand of at least 300 trees per acre, or for windbreak purposes, a good

stand of at least 250 trees per acre, which have been planted between January 1, 1940, and January 1, 1945, by cultivating sufficiently to control other vegetation, protecting from fire and grazing, and replanting if necessary.—\$3 per acre.

(18) Liming materials.—Application of the following materials:

(a) One ton of agricultural ground limestone containing at least 80 percent calcium carbonate equivalent, and ground sufficiently fine so that 80 percent, including all of the finer particles obtained in the grinding process, will pass through an 8-mesh sieve. The moisture content at the time of shipment must not exceed 8 percent. The specifications for calcium carbonate content and percent of material passing through an 8-mesh sieve must be such that the multiplication of these specifications will be equal to or in excess of 0.72. If the ground limestone will not qualify with respect to either fineness or calcium carbonate content, or both, the county committee must require a correspondingly greater amount of material.

(b) One ton of byproduct of lead mines.—The lead must be separated by the

(b) One ton of byproduct of lead mines.—The lead must be separated by the water table method and the sludge ground so that 90 percent will pass through an 8-mesh sieve and the product must contain a minimum of 80 percent calcium

carbonate.

(c) One ton of hydrated lime.

- (19) Fertilizers.—Application of superphosphate, rock phosphate or potash, when such material is applied (1) to old stands of biennial and perennial legumes, perennial grasses, or permanent pasture, provided the acreage on which such applications are made is not devoted to, cultivated for, or plowed for any other crop during the program year; (2) to new seedings of biennial or perennial legumes, perennial grasses, winter legumes, lespedeza, or permanent pasture (no credit will be given for materials furnished by the Agricultural Adjustment Agency applied to a seeding if wheat is used as a nurse crop) and (3) to green manure crops in orchards.
 - (a) Application of superphosphate or defluorinated phosphate rock.—\$5.25 per 100 lbs. of available P_2O_5 .

(b) Application of rock phosphate.—\$0.65 per 100 lbs.

(c) Application of potash.—\$3.30 per 100 lbs. of available K2O. (d) 100 lbs. of 0-10-20__ \$1.20 (m) 100 lbs. of 2-12-6___ \$0.85 (n) 100 lbs. of 3-9-18___ (e) 100 lbs. of 0-12-12--(a) 100 lbs. of 3-12-12__ (b) 100 lbs. of 3-18-9__ (c) 100 lbs. of 4-10-6__ (d) 100 lbs. of 4-12-4__ 0.95 1.20(f) 100 lbs. of 0-14-7---(g) 100 lbs. of 0-14-14_-(h) 100 lbs. of 0-18-0---. 95 1.00 . 75 100 lbs. of 0-19-0---(j) 100 lbs. of 0-20-0__ 1.05 (k) 100 lbs. of 0-20-10_ 1.40 (s) 100 lbs. of 4–16–0₋₋₋ (t) 100 lbs. of 5-10-10--100 lbs. of 0-20-20__ (u) 100 lbs. of 10-6-4___ 1.70

C. DEFINITIONS

(1) Farm.—Farm means all adjacent or nearby farm land under the same ownership which is operated by one person, including also:

(a) Any other adjacent or nearby farm land which the county committee in accordance with instructions issued by the Agricultural Adjustment Agency, determines is operated by the same person as part of the same unit with respect to the rotation of crops and with workstock, farm machinery, and labor substantially separate from that for any other lands; and

(b) Any field-rented tract (whether operated by the same or another person) which, together with any other land included in the farm, constitutes a unit with respect to the rotation of

crops.

(c) A farm shall be regarded as located in the county in which the principal dwelling is situated, or if there is no dwelling thereon, it shall be regarded as located in the county in which the major portion of the farm is located.

(2) Cropland.—Cropland means farm land which in 1944 was tilled or was in regular rotation, excluding any land which constitutes, or will constitute if such tillage is continued, a wind-erosion hazard to the community, and excluding also, any land in commercial orchards.

(3) Noncrop open pasture land.—Noncrop open pasture land means pasture land (other than rotation pasture land) on which the predominant growth is forage suitable for grazing and on which the number of grouping of any trees or shrubs is such that the land

could not fairly be considered as woodland.

(4) Commercial orchards.—Commercial orchards means the acreage on the farm in planted or cultivated fruit trees, nut trees, vineyards, hops, or bush fruits (excluding nonbearing orchards and vineyards), from which the major portion of the production is normally sold.

(5) **Person.**—Person means an individual, partnership, association, corporation, estate, or trust, or other business enterprise or other legal entity, and, wherever applicable, a State, a political subdivision of a State, or any agency thereof.

(6) Producer.—Producer means any person who as landlord, ten-

ant, or sharecropper, participates in the operation of a farm. D. NONCROP OPEN PASTURE RATES TO BE USED IN COMPUTING

FARM ALLOWANCES Rate Rate Rate per acre per acre per acre (cents) County (cents) County (cents) County Adair_ Dent_ 10 Mercer 22

Andrew	22	Douglas	11	Miller	12
Atchison	22	Dunklin	18	Mississippi	
Audrain	19	Franklin	16	Moniteau	
Barry	12	Gasconade	17	Monroe	
Barton	17	Gentry	22	Montgomery	
Bates	21	Greene	16	Morgan	14
Benton	14	Grundy	22	New Madrid	
Bollinger	13	Harrison	22	Newton	
Boone	19	Henry	22	Nodaway	23
Buchanan	2 2	Hickory	13	Oregon	11
Butler	15	Holt	20	Osage	16
Caldwell	21	Howard	1 9	Ozark	. 10
Callaway	18	Howell	10	Pemiscot	
Camden	9	Iron	8	Perry	
Cape Girardeau	19	Jackson	20	Pettis	18
Carrol	22	Jasper	17	Phelps	.13
Carter	8	Jefferson	17	Pike	
Cass	21	Johnson	21	Platte	
Cedar	16	Knox	21	Polk	
Chariton	21	Laclede	12	Pulaski	12
Christian	12	Lafayette	22	Putnam	22
Clark	20	Lawrence	17	Ralls	19
Clay	2 2	Lewis	21	Randolph	19
Clinton	22	Lincoln	18	Ray	21
Cole	18	Linn	22	Reynolds	8
Cooper	19	Livingston	22	Ripley	13
Crawford	11	McDonald	15	St. Charles	18
Dade	16	Macon	2 2	St. Clair	18
Dallas	13	Madison	13	St. Francois	18
Daviess	21	Maries	14	St. Louis	18
De Kalb	22	Marion	1 9	Ste. Genevieve	16

D. NONCROP OPEN PASTURE RATES TO BE USED IN COMPUTING FARM ALLOWANCES—Continued

County per		County per (cer	ate acre ats)	County per (ce	ate acre nts)
Saline	21	Stoddard	18	Warren	18
Schuyler	_ 22	Stone	10	Washington	13
Scotland	. 22	Sullivan	2 2	Wayne	. 11
Scott	. 19	Taney	9	Webster	14
Shannon	. 8	Texas	12	Worth	22
Shelby	_ 22	Vernon	18	Wright	14

E. POOLING OF PRACTICE ALLOWANCE

Producers in any local area may agree in writing, with the approval of the State Committee, to combine all or any part of their farm allowances for the performance of Practice No. (13) Farm Ditches, provided their farms are benefited by the construction of the ditches. For purposes of payment the practice carried out under an approved written pooling agreement will be regarded as having been carried out on the farms of the producers who performed the practice.

LEB S 3 1842
CORRENT SERINT RECEND

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

26

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D. C.

1945 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM

NORTH CENTRAL REGION

SUPPLEMENT 1 TO MISSOURI COMMITTEEMAN'S PRACTICE HANDBOOK

1945 CREDIT RATES FOR LIMING MATERIALS

The credit rate for hydrated lime is the same throughout the State—\$4.00 per ton.

The following are the credit rates per ton for the other liming materials for which credit will be given in your county:

ADAIR COUNTY	BARRY COUNTY	BARTON COUNTY-
Township Limestone	Township Limestone	Continued
All townships \$1.80		Township Limestone
F + + + + + + + + +	Butterfield 1. 30	Doylesport \$2.00
ANDREW COUNTY	Capps Creek 1. 60	Golden City 1. 90
HIVE WOOTH	Corsicana 1. 40	Lamar 1. 70
All townships \$1.80	Crane Creek 1. 70	Leroy 1. 90
	Exeter 1. 30	Milford 2. 10
ATCHISON COUNTY	Flat Creek 1. 30	Nashville 1. 90
	Jenkins 1. 40	Newport 1. 90
Benton \$2. 20		North Fork 1. 70
Buchanan 2. 50	Liberty 1. 40	Ozark 2. 00
Clark 2. 20	McDonald 1. 60	Richland 1. 70
Clay 2. 30	Mineral 1. 40	South West 2. 00
Colfax 2. 10	Monett 1. 50	Union 1. 90
Dale 2. 00	Mountain 1. 80 Ozark	D
Lincoln 2. 40 Nishnabotna 2. 50	Ozark 1. 70 Pioneer 1. 60	BATES COUNTY
Nishnabotna 2. 50 Polk 2. 50	Pleasant Ridge 1. 50	All townships \$2.00
Tarkio 2. 30	Purdy 1. 40	Aπ το whishps φ2. 00
Templeton 2. 30	Roaring River 1. 50	BENTON COUNTY
1cmp1c001111111 2.00	Shell Knob 1. 70	
AUDRAIN COUNTY	Sugar Creek 1. 70	Alexander \$2. 10
	Washburn 1. 40	Cole 1. 90
Cuivre \$2. 00	Wheaton 1. 60	Fristoe 1. 90
Linn 1. 90	White River 1. 70	Lindsey 1. 70
Loutre 1. 90		Tom 1. 70
Prairie 2. 20	BARTON, COUNTY	Union 2. 20
Saling 1. 90	B / C'1 01 00	East White 1. 70
Salt River 1. 70	Barton City \$1. 90	West White 1. 70
Wilson 1. 70	Central 2. 00	Williams 1. 70

BOLLINGER COUNTY

Township	Limestone	Lead mine refuse	Township	Limestone	Lead mine refuse
Crooked CreekFillmoreLibertyLorance	\$1. 80	\$1. 60	Scopus	1, 80	\$1. 50
	1. 60	1. 60	Union	1, 90	1. 60
	1. 80	1. 80	Wayne	1, 80	1. 80
	1. 60	1. 60	Whitewater	1, 80	1. 60

BOONE COU	NTY	CARROLL CO	OUNTY	CHRISTIAN CO TY—Continue	UN-
Township	Limestone	Township	Limestone		
Bourbon	\$1, 60	Carrollton	\$1. 80		imestone
Cedar	1. 60	Cherry Valley	2. 00	Finley	\$1.50
Centralia		Combs		Garrison	1. 90
Columbia		Dewitt		Lead Hill	1, 80
Missouri	1. 50	Egypt	1. 80	Lincoln	1. 70
Perche	1.80	Eugene	2.00	Linden	1. 50
Rocky Fork	1. 70	Fairfield	1. 60	Linn	
_		Hill		Logan	
BUCHANAN C	OUNTY	Hurricane		McCracken	
	# 1 00	Leslie		North Galloway	1. 50
Agency	\$1. 80	Miami		Polk	1. 60
Bloomington		Moss Creek		Porter	1. 50
Center		Prairie	1. 80	Seneca	
Crawford		Ridge Rockford	1. 80	South Galloway	1. 80
Jackson		Rockford	1. 80	Sparta	
Marion		Smith.		West Benton	1. 90
Platte		Stokes Mound.	1. 70		
Rush	1. 70	Sugartree	1. 80	CLARK COUN	TY
Tremont		Trotter	1. 70		
Washington		Van Horn	1. 80	All townships	\$1.60
Wayne-Lake	1. 50	Wakenda	1. 80	•	
BUTLER CO	TMTV	Washington	1. 80	CLAY COUNT	$\Gamma \mathbf{Y}$
BUILER CO	UNLI	CARTER CO	ATTAT/PIX/		
All townships	\$1, 50	CARLER CC	JUNII	Fishing River	\$1.60
_		All townships	\$1.60	Gallatin	
CALDWELL C	OUNTY	THE CONTIDENCE.	Δ Ψ1. 00	Kearney	
		CASS COU	INTY	Liberty	
All townships	\$1.60	012.0.0		Platte	1. 60
A	O TY21	Austin		Washington	1. 90
CALLAWAY C	OUNTY	Big Creek	1. 70		
Auxvasse	\$1.00	Camp Branch	1. 70	CLINTON COU	NTY
Bourbon	1. 80	Coldwater	1. 90	0221, 202, 000.	- 1
Caldwell	1.80	Dayton	1. 80	All townships	\$1.70
Calwood	1. 70	Dolan	1. 80		
Cedar		Everett	1. 80	COLE COUNT	rv
Cleveland	1. 80	Grand River		COLL COON	. 1
Cote Sans	1. 80	Index		All townships	\$1.60
Fulton	1. 70	Mount Pleasant	1. 80	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Ψ1. 00
Guthrie	1. 80	Peculiar Pleasant Hill	1. 80 1. 80	COOPER COUN	TTV
Jackson	1. 50	Polk	1. 80	COOLER COOL	(1 I
Liberty	1. 70	Raymore	1. 80	All townships	\$1.60
McCredie	1. 50	Raymore	1. 90	111 townsmps	Ψ1. 00
Nine Mile Prairie	e_ 1.80	Union		CDAWEODD CO	TATOSZ
Round Prairie	1. 80	West Dolan		CRAWFORD CO	ONTY
St. Aubert	1. 80	West Peculiar	1. 70	All tographing	00 19
Shamrock	1. 80			All townships	Φ1. 00
Summit	1. 70	CEDAR CO	UNTY	DADE COURT	TO 3.7
GAREDERY CO	TINTERNA			DADE COUN'	I Y
CAMDEN CO	UNTY	Benton		Cedar	\$2, 00
All townships	\$1 OA	Box		Center	
All townships	\$1. 60	Cedar	1. 90	Ernest	1. 80
CAPE GIRAR	DEATI	Jefferson		Grant	1. 80
COUNT		Linn	1. 90	Lockwood	1. 80
		Madison		Marion	1. 80
Apple Creek	\$1.40	Washington	1. 90	North	2. 00
Byrd	1. 20	CHADIMON	OTIMON	North Morgan	2. 00
Cape Girardeau_	1. 20	CHARITON (DOUNTY	Pilgrim	2. 00
Hubble	1. 30	All townships	\$1.70	Polk	2. 00
Kinder	1.40		VI. 10	Rock Prairie	2. 00
Liberty	1. 30	CHRISTIAN	COUNTY	Sac	1. 60
Randol				Smith	1. 80
Shawnee	1. 50	Bruner		South	2. 00
Welch	1. 30	Chadwick	1. 80	South Morgan	2. 00
Whitewater	1. 40	East Benton	1. 80	Washington	2. 00

DALLAS COUNTY	DENT COUNTY		DOUG	LAS COU	
Township Limestone	Township .		Masusahim		Timestone
All townships \$1. 60	Short Bend	1 80	Clinton) 	£1 70
DAVIESS COUNTY	SinkingSpring Creek	1. 70	Findlex	 	1. 60
DAVIESS COUNTI	Texas	1. 70		1	
All townships \$1.80	Watkins	1. 70			
			McKin	ley	1. 70
DE KALB COUNTY	DOUGLAS CO	UNTY		rtrey	
All townships \$1.80			Miller_		1. 70 1. 70
	Benton			nd r	
DENT COUNTY	Boone		Spring	Creek	
Current \$1. 80	BrushCreek		Walls		1. 70
Franklin 1. 70	Bryan		Washin	gton	1. 60
Gladden 1. 80	Buchanan	1. 70	Wood_		1. 60
Linn 1. 70	Campbell	1. 60	T. T.T.T	TTT T3T ()(NTTNTFF137
Meramec 1. 80	Cass		DUN	KLIN CO	JUNTY
Norman 1. 70	Champion	1. 70	A 11 +011	nships	\$1.90
Osage 1. 80	Clay	1. 10	AII tow	nampa	φ1. σσ
	FRANKLIN CO	UNTY			
Township Limesto	ne Lead mine refuse	Townshi	р	Limestone	Lead mine refuse
Boeuf \$1.6	80 Me	eramec		\$1. 60	\$1. 30
Boles 1. 6	60 Pr	airie		1. 60	1. 30
Boone 1. 6	50 St.	Johns		1. 60	
Calvey 1. 6	warm	ion		1. 60 1. 60	
Central 1. C		ashington		1. 00	
Lyon 1. 6	00				
	1 11			1	
GASCONADE COUNTY	GREENE COU			RRISON	
Township Limestone	Continue	d.	T	Y—Conti	nuea
All townships \$1.60	Township	Limestone	Townshi	•	Limestone
All townships vi. oo	Pond Creek	\$1. 50	Sherma	an	\$1.50
GENTRY COUNTY	Republic		Sugar	Creek	1. 50
	First Robberson Second Robberson			Creek	
Athens \$1. 80	Taylor			$_{ m ngton}$	
Bogle 2. 10 Cooper 2. 10	Walnut Grove			$Oak_{}$	
Cooper 2. 10 Howard 1. 80	Washington				
Huggins 2. 10	Wilson	1. 10	HE	NRY CO	UNTY
Jackson 2. 10	GRUNDY CO	UNTY	Donn	Yma a lz	\$1.70
Miller 1. 80				$\mathrm{hem}_{}$	\$1. 70 1. 60
Wilson 2. 10	All townships	\$1. 80		eek	
ODDENIE COUNTY	HARRISON C	OUNTY		i	
GREENE COUNTY	HARRISON C		Clinto	n	1. 40
Boone \$1. 40	Adams				
Brookline 1. 30	Bethany			ater	
East Campbell 1. 20	Butler			Creek ew	
West Campbell 1. 20 Cass 1. 40	ClayColfax	4 00		Creek	
Cass 1. 40 First Center 1. 30	Cypress		Honey	Creek	1. 50
Second Center 1. 50	Dallas		Leesvi	lle	1. 80
Third Center 1. 50	Fox Creek	1. 50	Osage.		1. 60
Clay 1. 30	Grant			ee	
First Franklin 1.80	Hamilton			field	1 4 100
Second Franklin 1. 30 First Jackson 1. 50	Jefferson Lincoln	4 00		r	
First Jackson 1. 50 Second Jackson 1. 50	Madison			Oak	1. 50
Murray 1. 30	Marion			or	
	1 171.001.1011				

HICKORY COU	NTY		HOLT (COUNTY	HOV	VARD C	OUNTY
Township 1	imestone	To	wnship .	Limestone	Townshi	p	Limestone
Center	\$1.80	Be	enton	\$2. 10	Bonne	Femme_	\$2. 10
Cross Timbers	2. 10	Bi	igelow	2. 20	Boons	Lick	2, 10
Green	2.00	Cl	lay	1. 80	Burton	1	2, 00
Jordan	2. 20	Fo	orbes	2. 30	Charit	on	1. 80
Montgomery	1. 80	F	orest	2. 30	Frank	lin	2. 10
Stark	1. 90	H	ickory	2. 00	Monit	eau	2, 10
Tyler	1. 60	Le	ewis	2. 30	Prairie		1. 90
Weaubleau	1. 40	Li	berty	2. 00	Richm	ond	2. 00
Wheatland	1. 60	LA	ncoln	2. 20			
		IVI NI	inton	2. 30	HOV	VELL CO	DUNTY
		TI	odaway nion	2. 20 2. 20	A 11 + 0 ==		@1 CO
		0,		2. 2 0	AII tov	vusuips	\$1.60
		,	IRON CO	OUNTY	<u>'</u>		
							I
Township	Limesto	one	Lead mine refuse	Townsh	ip	Limestone	Lead mine
			Teruse				refuse
Arcadia	0.1	10	90.00	T7 - 1'		0.4	
Dent	\$1. 4 1. 4		\$0. 80	Kaolin		\$1.40	\$1.00
Iron	1. 4		1. 00	Liberty		. 90	. 80
Trons-1	1. 4	ŧU	. 80	Union		. 90	. 90
	·	J	JACKSON	COUNTY			1
Township L	imestone	To	wnship	Limestone	Township		Limestone
Blue-Kaw	\$1 20			\$1.40	Spiehe	, r	£1 20
Brookings - Wash-	Ψ1, 20	Pr	nirie Birie	1. 30	Von R	uren	1 40
ington	1. 30			1.00	Van D	uren	1. 40
			JASPER	COUNTY			
Township L	imestone	Tot	wnship	Limestone	Township		Limestone
Duval				\$1.50		, 1	
Galena	1. 50	M	cDonald	1. 50	Sarcovi	ie	\$1.50
Jackson	1. 40	M	adison		Sherida	in	1. 50
Jasper	1. 50	$ M_i $	arion	1. 30	Twin (Groves	1. 50
Joplin	1. 40	M	ineral	1, 40	Union		1. 50
		JE		N COUNTY			
Township	Limesto	ne	Lead mine refuse	Townshi	р	Limestone	Lead mine
			reruse			32200046	refuse
Rig Rivor	Q1 4	0	01 00	D1 - / / !			
Big RiverCentral	$\begin{array}{c} \$1.4 \\ 1.2 \end{array}$		\$1. 20	Plattin		\$1. 20	\$0. 90
Joachim	1. 2		1. 00 1. 00	Rock Valle		1. 20	
Meramec	1. 2		1. 00	vапе		1. 20	. 90
JOHNSON COUN	NTY	KI	NOX COL	NTY—Con.	LACI	LEDE CO	UNTY
	imestone		vnship	Limestone	Township		Limestone
All townships	\$1.80	Fa	bius	\$1. 70	All tow	nships	\$1.60
TANOTE COTTO	7.7.7	Gr	eensburg	1.80			
KNOX COUNT	Y	Jec	ddo	1. 70	LAFAY	YETTE C	COUNTY
Roo Didge	in =	Lik	perty	1. 80	C7		
Bee Ridge		1 .37	on	1. 80	Clay		\$1.40
Renton	\$1.70	M	watle	1 00	70		φ±. ±0
Benton	1. 80	$M_{\rm M}$	$ m yrtle_{}$	1. 80	Davis		1.60
Bourbon	1. 80 1. 70	My Sal	${ m trtle}_{}$	1. 80 1. 70	Davis Dover_		1. 60 1. 60
Benton Bourbon Colony	1. 80 1. 70	My Sal	${ m trtle}_{}$	1. 80 1. 70	Davis Dover_		1. 60 1. 60

LAFAYETTE COUNTY	MACON COUNTY	MONROE COUNTY—
—Continued		Continued
	Township Limestone	
Township Limestone	All townships \$2. 10	Township Limestone Marion \$2.00
Lexington \$1.50	MADIGON GOTTNINN	Marion \$2.00
Middleton 1. 80 Sniabar 1. 40	MADISON COUNTY	South Fork 2. 30
Washington 1. 50	Lead mine refuse	Union 2. 10
Washington 1.50	Big Creek \$1.00	Washington 2. 30 Woodlawn 2. 10
LAWRENCE COUNTY	Castor 90	W 000tlawii 2. 10
1 DIXWILLINGE COUNTY	Central 80	MONTGOMERY
Aurora\$2.00	Liberty 1. 20	COUNTY
Buck Prairie 1. 70	Marquand	D C 1
Freistatt 1. 70	Polk	Bear Creek \$1. 80
Green 1. 80	St. Francois . 80 St. Michael . 70	Danville 1. 80 Loutre 1. 80
Hoberg 1. 90	Twelvemile 1. 00	Montgomery 1. 80
Lincoln 1. 90	1 welvelinder 1, oo	Prairie 1. 90
Mount Pleasant 1. 70	MARIES COUNTY	Upper Loutre 2. 10
Mount Vernon 1. 90 Ozark 1. 90		- PP
Pierce 1. 70	Limestone	MORGAN COUNTY
Red Oak 1. 70	All townships \$1.60	D m l
Spring River 1.80	NELDION GOVERN	Buffalo \$1. 60 Haw Creek 1. 50
Turnback 1. 70	MARION COUNTY	Haw Creek 1. 50 Mill Creek 1. 60
Vineyard 1. 70	Fabius \$1. 80	Moreau 1. 50
\$1	Liberty 1. 60	Osage 1. 60
LEWIS COUNTY	Miller-Mason 1. 50	Richland 1. 60
	Round Grove 1, 90	
All townships \$1. 60	South River 1. 50	NEW MADRID
	Union 1. 80	COUNTY
LINCOLN COUNTY	Warren 1. 70	Anderson @1 00
Bedford \$1, 70	MEDGED COUNTY	Anderson \$1. 80 Big Prairie 1. 50
Burr Oak 1. 80	MERCER COUNTY	Como 1. 70
Clark 1. 70	All townships \$1.80	Hough 1. 60
Hawk Point 1. 80	*	La Font 1. 70
Hurricane 1. 80	MILLER COUNTY	Le Sieur 1. 70
Millwood 1. 90		Lewis 1. 60
Monroe 1. 70	Equality \$1. 60	New Madrid 1. 60
Ninevah 1. 90 Prairie 1. 80	Franklin 1. 60	Portage 1. 70
Prairie 1. 80 Snow Hill 1. 80	Glaze 1. 80 East Jim Henry 1. 80	St. John 1. 80 West 1. 50
Union 1. 80	Osage 1. 80	West 1. 50
Waverly 1. 60	Richwoods 1.80	NEWTON COUNTY
1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Saline 1. 60	
LINN COUNTY	West Jim Henry 1. 60	Berwick \$1. 60
1		Buffalo
All townships \$1.80	MISSISSIPPI COUNTY	Dayton 1. 50 East Benton 1. 60
	James Bayou \$1. 50	Five Mile 1. 50
LIVINGSTON COUNTY	Long Prairie 1. 50	Franklin 1. 70
	Mississippi 1. 50	Granby 1. 50
Blue Mound \$1. 80	Ohio 1. 50	Marion 1. 40
Chillicothe 1. 80	St. James 1. 40	Neosho 1. 60
Cream Ridge 1. 80	Tywappity 1. 40	Newtonia 1. 60
Fairview 1. 90 Grand River 2. 20	Wolf Island 1. 40	Seneca 1. 50
Green 1. 60	MONITERAL COLLEGE	Shoal Creek 1. 50
Jackson 1. 60	MONITEAU COUNTY	Van Buren 1. 50 West Benton 1. 50
Medicine 2. 00	All townships \$1.50	West Denton 1. 30
Monroe 1. 60	*	NODAWAY COUNTY
Mooresville 1. 50	MONROE COUNTY	
Rich Hill		Atchison \$2. 20
Sampsell 1. 60	Clay \$2. 30	Grant 1. 40
Wheeling 1. 80	Indian Creek-	Green 2. 00
McDONALD COUNTY	Monroe 1. 80 Jackson I 2. 30	Hopkins 2. 10 Hughes 1. 60
MCDONALD COUNTY	Jackson II	Independence 2. 30
All townships \$1. 50		
Ψ. σσ		2,00

NODAWAY COUNTY—		PULASKI COUNTY
Continued	Continued	Township Limestone
Township Limeston	Township Limeston	_
Township Limeston Jefferson \$1.70	Heaths Creek \$1. 70	An townsmps \$1.70
Lincoln 2. 40	Houstonia 1. 70	
Monroe 1. 90		
Nodaway 2. 00	Lake Creek 1. 70	
Polk 1. 70		- LIMITE
Union 2. 00	Longwood 1. 60	Jackson 2. 00
Washington 1. 50		Liberty 1. 80
White Cloud 1. 40		Lincoln 1. 80
ODECOM COMME	Smithton 1. 60	Medicine 1. 90
OREGON COUNTY	Washington 1. 70	Richland 2. 00
All townships \$1.60	DITEI DO COTATEN	Sherman 1. 90
7111 to with the state of the s	PHELPS COUNTY	Union 1. 80
OSAGE COUNTY	All townships \$1.70	Wilson 2. 00
	_	York 1. 90
All townships \$1.70	PIKE COUNTY	
051557 00555		RALLS COUNTY
OZARK COUNTY	Ashley \$1. 80	
All townships \$1.80	Buffalo 1. 70	
2111 το whomps===== φ1. σο		
PEMISCOT COUNTY	Cuivre 1.60	
	Hartford 1. 80 Indian 1. 80	
All townships \$1. 90	Peno 1. 90	
PERRY COUNTY	Prairieville 1. 70	Spencer 1. 60
IERRI COONTI	Salt River 2. 20	
Bois Brule \$1. 60	Spencer 1. 60	
Brazeau 1. 80		MANDOLI II COUNTI
Central 1. 50	PLATTE COUNTY	Cairo \$1. 70
Cinque Hommes 1. 60	Commell	Chariton 1. 70
St. Marys 1. 80	Carroll\$1. 30	Clifton 1. 60
Salem 1. 80	Fair 1. 30 Green 1. 30	Jackson 1. 70
Saline 1. 50	Lee 1. 30	Moniteau 1. 50
Union 1. 50	Marshall	Prairie 1, 70
PETTIS COUNTY	May 1. 20	Salt River 1. 70
	Pettis 1. 20	Salt Spring 1. 60
Blackwater \$1. 80	Preston 1. 30	Silver Creek 1. 60
Bowling Green 1. 70	Waldron 1, 40	Sugar Creek 1. 60
Cedar 1. 70	Weston 1. 30	Union 1. 60
Dresden 1. 70		DIT COTTO
Elk Fork 1. 70 Flat Creek 1. 70	POLK COUNTY	RAY COUNTY
Green Ridge 1. 70	All townships \$1.60	All townshins
1. 70	211 00wnsmps \$1. 00	All townships \$1. 70
	REVNOLDS COUNTY	

REYNOLDS COUNTY

Township	Limestone	Lead Mine Refuse	Township	Limestone	Lead Mine Refuse
Black River	\$1. 60	\$1. 00	Lesterville	\$1. 60	\$1. 00
Carroll	1. 60	1. 20	Logan	1. 60	1. 20
Jackson	1. 60	1. 20	Webb	1. 60	1. 30

RIPLEY COUNT Township Lin All townships ST. CHARLES COU Callaway SCUIVRE ST. CHARLES COU Callaway ST. Charles S	nestone 81. 90 NTY 81. 40 1. 60 1. 40 1. 50	Township	evel	1. 8 1. 8 1. 4 1. 6 1. 6 1. 9 1. 8	Townshi O Osceol Polk Roscool Speedv Taber Washi O	Continue	Limestone \$1. 50 1. 80 1. 70 1. 90 2. 00
	S	ST. FRA	NCOI	S COUNT	Y		1 - 1
		Townsl	_				Lead mine refuse
All townships					,		\$0.70
		ST. LO	OUIS	COUNTY			
Bonhomme 8	Township Limestone Township Limestone Bonhomme \$1. 20 Central \$1. 20 Meramec 1. 30						Limestone \$1. 30
	ST	E. GEN	EVIE	VE COUN	NTY		
Township	Limestor	ne Lead n		Town	ship	Limestone	Lead mine refuse
Beauvais Jackson Ste. Genevieve	\$1. 50 1. 50 1. 30	0 1	. 20 . 00 . 20	Saline Union			\$1. 00 1. 00
SALINE COUNTOWNShip Litter Arrow Rock Selection Cambridge Clay Elmwood Grand Pass Liberty Marshall Miami Salt Fork Salt Pond SCHUYLER COUNTAIL townships SCOTLAND COUNTAIL	mestone \$2. 10 2. 10 2. 00 2. 00 1. 90 1. 90 2. 00 1. 90 2. 00 2. 00 2. 00 2. 00 2. 00 NTY	Township Commer Kelso Morelan Morley_ Richland Sandy W Sylvania Tywapp SHAN All town SHEI Bethel_ Black C. Clay	ddVoods_lityNON	1. 2 1. 3 1. 2 1. 3 1. 2 1. 3 1. 2 1. 3 1. 6 1. 6 1. 6 1. 8 1. 8 1. 8	Townshi O Jeffers O Lentin O North Salt R Taylor O Tiger O STOD All to ST Alpine Ance O Cass_ O East of Townshi O ST	on	Limestone \$2, 10 1, 80 1, 70 1, 80 2, 00 2, 00 2, 00 31, 60 UNTY \$1, 80 1, 70 1, 70 1, 70 1, 70

STONE COUNTY— Continued	VERNON COUNTY— Continued			WAYNE COUNTY		
Continued				Township	Limestone	
Township Limestone	Township		Limestone	Benton		
Grant \$1. 40	Drywood		\$1.80	Black River	1, 20	
Hurley 1. 40	Harrison		1. 80	Cedar Creek	1. 20	
James 1. 70	Henry		1. 80	Cowan	1. 20	
Lincoln 1. 40	Lake		1. 80	Jefferson	2. 00	
Logan 1. 50	Metz		1. 80	Logan	80	
McKinley 1. 40	Montevallo_	,	2. 00	Lost Creek	2.00	
Pierce 1. 40	Moundville_		1. 80	Mill Spring	1. 10	
Pine 1. 80	Osage		1. 90	St. Francois	1.10	
Ponce de Leon 1. 50	Richland		1. 70	Williams	1. 20	
Ruth 1. 40	Virgil Walker		4. UU I			
Union1, 40	Washington.		1. 90 1. 80	WEBSTER CO	UNTY	
Washington 1. 50 White River 1. 90	_			A 11 . 4 1. *	04 00	
White River 1. 90 Williams 1. 80	WARREN			All townships	\$1. 60	
Williams 1. 60	Bridgeport		\$1. 90	WORTH COL	TATOMAZ	
SULLIVAN COUNTY	Camp Branc	h	1. 90	WOMIN COU	NIX	
SOLLIVAIN COUNTI	Charrette		-1.501	All townships	\$2.10	
All townships \$1.70	Elkhorn		1. 80	1	- 42. 10	
Ψ1. Ψ	Hickory Gro	ve	1. 80	WRIGHT COL	UNTY	
TANEY COUNTY	Pinckney		1. 70	TO		
	WASHI	NGTO	N	Boone	_ \$1.60	
All townships \$2.00	COU	NTY		Brush Creek	_ 1.60	
MINING GOTTATION				Clark	1. 50	
TEXAS COUNTY			Lead	Elk Creek Gasconade	_ 1.60	
All townships \$1.60		Lime- stone	mine	Hart	_ 1.60	
221 townships \$1, 00		Боодо	refuse	Montgomery	1. 60 1. 60	
VERNON COUNTY	Belgrade	\$1.00	\$0, 70	Mountain Grove	_ 1. 50	
•	Belleview	1.00	, 60	Pleasant Valley	1. 60	
Bacon \$2.00	Breton	. 80	. 70	Union	1. 60	
Badger 1. 90	Concord	, 80	. 60	Van Buren	1. 50	
Blue Mound 1. 90	Harmony.	1. 30	1. 00	Wood	1. 50	
Center 1. 80	Johnson	1. 60	1. 60		_ 1.00	
Clear Creek 1. 80	Kingston	1. 10	. 90			
Coal1. 80	Liberty	1. 30	1. 00			
Deerfield 1. 80 Dover 1. 90	Richwood_	1. 20	1. 00			
Dover 1. 90	Union	1. 00	. 80			
	Walton	1. 10	1. 00			



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT AGENCY

Washington, D. C.

1945 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM

NORTH CENTRAL REGION

NEBRASKA COMMITTEEMAN'S PRACTICE HANDBOOK

The 1945 Farm Program is designed to assist the farmers of Nebraska to the fullest possible extent in protecting their soils against

damage from erosion and loss of fertility.

The county committee, with the approval of the State committee, may designate those practices which will be approved for payment in the county in order that the farm allowance will be used most effectively to bring about increased conservation, or the county committee may specify for any group of farms a proportion of the farm allowance which may be earned only by carrying out certain designated practices which are very much needed.

A. CONSERVATION PRACTICE ALLOWANCE

The practice allowance is the maximum amount of payment that

may be made for carrying out approved conservation practices.

(1) The allowance for the following special practices shall be an amount equal to 30 percent of the regular allowance determined under item (2) below, plus any portion of the regular allowance which is not earned by the performance of regular practices. Contouring Intertilled Crops, Establishment of Sod Waterways, Dams for Livestock Water or Erosion Control, Weed Control, and Leveling Land for Irrigation.

(2) The allowance for regular practices shall be the sum of the fol-

lowing or \$10.00, whichever is greater:

(a) 50 cents times the acreage classified as cropland.

(b) An amount for noncrop open pasture determined as follows:
(1) For farms having 2,000 acres or less of noncrop open pasture, multiply the acreage of noncrop open pasture by the larger of the county rate or 8 cents.

(2) For farms having over 2,000 acres of noncrop open pasture, the allowance will be the larger of \$160.00 or the acreage of noncrop open

pasture times the county rate.

(c) 50 cents times the acreage classified as commercial orchards.

B. CONSERVATION PRACTICES

The practices available for 1945 are those which are most needed in order to conserve and improve soil fertility, improve pasture land, prevent wind and water erosion, and promote conservation and better utilization of water. Assistance will be available through the conservation practice allowance for carrying out the following practices during the program year January 1, 1945, through December 31, 1945. To qualify for payment, each practice must be carried out in accordance with the specifications for that practice and be in keeping with

good farming practices for the locality.

The total extent of any practice performed shall be reduced for purposes of payment by the percentage of the total cost of the practice which the county committee determines was furnished by a State or Federal agency. The extent of any practice shall not be reduced because a portion of the cost is represented by materials or services furnished by the A. A. A., or equipment furnished by S. C. S., or materials or services furnished by an agency of a State or political subdivision thereof to another agency or political subdivision of the same State, or trees purchased from a Clark-McNary Cooperative State Nursery.

No payment will be made for the following practices on farms or ranching units having 640 acres or more of noncrop open pasture, unless an approved grazing management plan, which must be filed with the county committee, has been carried out on the farm or ranching unit: Dams for Livestock Water, Rotation Grazing, Development of Springs and Seeps, Wells, Seeding of Depleted Pasture, and

Mowing.

All special practices listed under this section are designated by asterisks (**). Practices not designated as special practices will be considered as regular practices.

- (1) **Contouring intertilled crops for soil and moisture conservation .- Contour planting of intertilled crops, provided the crop stubble is left standing or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained. If there is danger of erosion in waterways, such waterways must be permanently established in sod:
 - (a) On land with a slope of ½ to 2 percent.—\$0.75 per acre. (b) On land with a slope of 2 percent or greater.—\$1.50 per acre.
- (2) Contour seeding for soil and moisture conservation.—Contour seeding of small grain, sorghums, millet and soybeans. All tillage operations in connection with the seeding must be on the contour. If there is danger of erosion in waterways, such waterways must be permanently established in sod. No credit will be given for this practice for any acreage qualifying under the contour stripcropping

practices.—\$0.50 per acre.

- (3) Field stripcropping to control wind erosion.—By growing alternate strips of intertilled crops or fallow with sown, close-drilled, or sod crops; Provided, (1) The strips are approximately parallel and are laid out at right angles to the prevailing winds or in a continuous "S" so that winds cannot blow parallel to the rows of crops; (2) the strips are not less than 3 rods nor more than 20 rods in width; and (3) the crop stubble is left standing or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained. Buffer strips must be at least 1 rod in width, if used:
 - (a) Where fallow strips are not used.—\$0.50 per acre. (b) Where fallow strips are used.—\$0.85 per acre.
- (4) Standard terraces.—With the prior approval of the county committee, construction of standard terraces for which proper outlets are provided. The terraces should be constructed to conform with specifications for standard terraces for the area as recommended by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.—\$1 per 100 lin. ft.

(5) Broad-base terraces.—With the prior approval of the county committee construction of broad-base terraces for which proper outlets are provided. To qualify for payment the terrace must have (1) a total width from the upper edge of the channel to the lower edge of the ridge of 32 feet or more; (2) the distance from the upper edge of the channel to the deepest section of the channel must be 10 feet or more; (3) the distance from the channel bottom to the crest of the ridge must be 12 feet or more; (4) the distance from the center of the ridge to the lower edge of the ridge must be 10 feet or more; and (5) the width of the channel and the width of the top of the terrace ridge must be 4 feet or more.—\$1.50 per 100 lin. ft.

(6) Rip-rap.—Construction of rip-rap of rock or willow mats along water courses for the control of erosion of farm land.—\$0.50 per sq.

yd. of exposed surface.

(7) **Establishing sod waterways.—Establishing a permanent sod waterway on any cropland where a permanent vegetative cover is necessary in a waterway channel or terrace outlet, or in cultivated orchards. The channel of the waterway must be sufficiently wide to carry the run-off from the drainage area and must be at least one rod in width at the narrowest point. The channel must contain perennial grasses and a good sod-forming vegetative growth must be obtained.—

\$0.75 per 1,000 sq. ft.

(8) Protecting summer fallow.—Protecting summer fallowed acreage from wind and water erosion by contour listing, pit cultivation, contour cultivation with a shovel-type implement, cultivation with a rod weeder, or any other implement approved by the county committee, and incorporating stubble and straw into the surface soil. In approval of this practice for payment, the county committee shall consider whether the cultivations were started by the date set by the State committee and whether the cultivations were continued through the season in a manner that prevented weed growth and secured a maximum amount of moisture conservation. No credit will be given for this practice for any acreage qualifying under the practice for stripcropping. No credit will be given for this practice if the acreage to be summer fallowed has been burned.—\$1.25 per acre.

(9) Seeding of depleted pasture on land designated as noncrop

open pasture.—

(a) Seedings consisting solely of timothy, red top, sweet clover, or a

mixture of such crops.—\$0.10 per lb.

(b) Seedings consisting of adapted pasture grasses with perennial or biennial legumes (except sweet clover), or approved pasture mixtures.—\$0.25 per lb.

(10) Mowing weeds.—Mowing weeds on pasture land a sufficient number of times during the growing season to prevent weed seed formation and improve the stand of grasses or legumes, and by carrying out such other pasture improvement practices as the county committee may require. No hay or seed crop may be taken from the acreage.—\$0.50 per mowing per acre.

(11) Rotation grazing.—(Applicable only on farms or ranching units having 640 acres or more of noncrop open pasture.) Natural reseeding of noncrop open pasture normally grazed during the grazing season by withholding 25 percent of the noncrop open pasture on the ranch or farm from grazing for the period May 15, 1945 to August 31,

The area to be kept free from grazing must be fenced, and the fence maintained sufficiently to prevent the entry of livestock. The remaining noncrop open pasture in the operating unit must not be pastured to such an extent that it will decrease the stand of grass or in-

jure the forage, tree growth, or watershed.

This practice shall not be approved on grassland which is included within the same boundary with cropland. An area which does not have an available supply of stock water will not be considered normal grazing land. This practice shall not be approved on an area deferred in 1943 or 1944 unless nongrazing of such area again in 1945 would be of material benefit.

This practice shall not be approved for any operator unless he has sufficient livestock to be considered a bona fide livestock operator. If any hay is cut within the boundaries of the deferred area, there will be deducted from the deferred area the acreage on which hav is cut. The operator must submit to the county committee in writing the designa-

tion of the nongrazing area before starting the practice.

The rate of payment will be 50 percent of the practice allowance computed with respect to noncrop open pasture, except that if grazing is deferred on less than 25 percent of the noncrop open pasture, a

proportionate payment will be made.

(12) **Dams for livestock water or erosion control.—Construction of earthen, concrete or masonry dams and reservoirs, including enlargement of inadequate earthen structures. Earthen dams to be used for livestock water must be staked out for prior approval by the county committee before starting construction of the dam. Such a dam must then be constructed with minimum slopes of 3 to 1 on the upstream side and 2 to 1 on the downstream side, and must have a crown width of one foot for every foot in height of fill, but not exceeding 10 feet. Dams 10 feet or less in height must have a minimum free board of 3 feet. Dams over 10 feet in height must have a minimum free board of 4 feet. Spillways must be of sufficient width to carry the expected overflow for the drainage area. Trickle tubes must be installed if necessary.

Fills for the repair of broken dams constructed under previous programs should not be approved for payment in 1945. However, the county committee may require that such dams be repaired before other practices are approved for payment. Masonry dams must have a sufficiently large weir and a spillway adequate to carry the expected over-

flow from the drainage area.

(a) For earth or other material moved for each development: Not in excess of 2,000 cu. yds.—\$0.12 per cu. yd. In excess of 2,000 cu. yds.—\$0.10 per cu. yd.

(b) For concrete or masonry used in the development.—\$9 per cu. yd.
(c) For rubble masonry.—\$6 per cu. yd.

(13) Harvesting hayseed.—Harvesting for seed an acreage of alfalfa, red clover, alsike clover, white clover, sweet clover, bromegrass, buffalo grass, gramma grasses, and bluestems. The following minimum yields per acre must be obtained to qualify for credit; for buffalo grass, 25 lbs. of seed in the burr; for gramma grasses and bluestems, 50 lbs. of uncleaned seed. Credit will not be given for more than 25 acres per farm.—\$3.50 per acre.

(14) **Weed control.—With prior approval of the county committee, eradication or effective control of seriously infested plots of the following perennial noxious weeds: Bindweed, leafy spurge, Canada thistle, perennial pepper grass and Russian snapweed. Payment for this practice may be approved only on farms where approved weed control measures are being carried out on all adjacent infested farms and contiguous land, where the infestation is limited to a single farm, or where the county committee determines that there is no likelihood of reinfestation from adjacent or contiguous land:

(a) By use of sodium chlorate or other chemicals.—\$0.10 per lb.

(b) By clean tillage.—\$10 per acre.

- (c) By clean tillage of land which was clean-tilled under the weed control practice in 1944 and was followed in the fall of 1944 by winter rye or winter wheat, and 1945 tillage operations were begun immediately after the 1945 rye or wheat crop was harvested and continued until seeding time or frost.-\$2.50 per acre.
- (15) Go-down crops.—Protecting the soil from wind and water erosion by the use of go-down crops, provided a good vegetative growth is obtained, and the crop is not pastured or harvested for hay, grain, seed, or forage, or otherwise taken from the land.

(a) In commercial orchards, oats, barley, rye, annual rye grass, wheat, or mixtures of any of these crops.—\$1.50 per acre.

(b) On land where go-down crops are necessary for the protection of adjacent cropland. Sudan grass, millet, sweet sorghums, or winter rye seeded in the fall of 1944 at the normal rate of seeding for grain. No credit will be given for a rye go-down crop if a 1944 winter cover crop payment was made for such acreage.—\$1.50 per acre.

(16) Green manure crops.—Disking, plowing under, or subsurface tilling of a good stand and a good growth of the following crops. If the land is subject to erosion and the green manure is plowed down in the fall the land must be protected by a winter cover crop.—\$1.50 per acre:

(a) Sweet clover.

(b) Alsike clover or red clover turned under in the fall.

(c) Winter rye seeded in the fall of 1944, except that acreage on which a 1944 winter cover crop practice payment was made.

(d) A 1945 seeding of lespedeza turned under in the fall and followed by

a winter cover crop. The crop may not be pastured or cut for hay.

(17) Farm drainage ditches.—With prior approval of the county committee, construction or cleaning out of farm ditches (excluding ditches constructed or maintained by a drainage district), including lateral and lead ditches, for which proper outlets are provided, and adequate provision is made for entrance of water into and out of the The ditches must have sufficient capacity to remove the normal excess surface water. When ditches are constructed under an approved Pooling Agreement, the \$5.00 per 100 lin. ft. limitation may be removed.—\$0.08 per cu. yd. of earth moved, but not in excess of \$5 per 100 lin. ft.

(18) Leveling land for irrigation.—With prior approval of the county committee leveling land for irrigation in accordance with a written plan.—\$0.08 per cu. yd. of earth moved, but not in excess of

\$5 per acre.

(19) Listing for erosion control.—Listing unprotected cropland at right angles to the prevailing winds, except when carried out on protected summer fallow acreage or as part of a seeding operation.—

\$0.30 per acre.

(20) Spreader ditches.—With the prior approval of the county committee, construction of ditches or dikes for the diversion and spreading of flood water on cropland, pasture land, or hay land. The gradient of the ditches must be such that there will be no erosion hazards.—\$0.08 per cu. yd. of material moved, but not in excess of \$5 per 100 lin. ft.

(21) Protective cover.—Leaving on the land as a protection against wind erosion, stalks of sorghums (including broom corn), and sudan grass where it is determined by the county committee that such cover is necessary, and the operator plans to leave such cover on the land until the spring of 1946. The stalks must be at least 8 inches in height if the crop was close-drilled, and at least 12 inches in height if sown as row crops. No credit will be given if the acreage has been grazed.—\$0.35 per acre.

(22) Prevention of wind erosion by use of straw or hay.—Covering blow-outs with straw or hay to prevent wind erosion and to encour-

age revegetation.—\$1 per ton of material used.

- of noncrop open pasture.) With prior approval of the county committee, drilling or digging wells, or deepening wells by drilling or digging, which have failed to furnish sufficient water for livestock; Provided, (1) A windmill or power plant is installed, except where an adequate flow is obtained without mechanical means; (2) the water is conveyed to a tank or storage reservoir; (3) the well is not developed at or for the use of ranch or farm headquarters. The operator must provide a well-driller's statement showing the depth of the well and dimensions of the casing. A representative of the State committee must give final approval of all well sites and water developments:
 - (a) Wells (except artesian) with casings not less than 4 inches in diameter.—\$2 per foot.

(b) Wells with casings less than 4 inches in diameter, or artesian wells.—\$1 per foot.

- (24) Development of springs and seeps.—With prior approval of the county committee, development of springs and seeps by excavation at the source, and making a supply of water available for livestock; Provided, (1) That the source is protected from trampling and at least 20 cubic feet of available water storage is provided, and (2) that the total cost of the development is not less than \$20.00. The minimum payment for a single development under this practice shall be \$15.00, and the maximum payment shall be \$200.00. This practice is applicable only where it contributes to a better distribution of livestock grazing. No payment will be made under this practice for any storage for which payment is made under the practice for dams for livestock water:
 - (a) Soil or gravel.—\$0.30 per cu. ft.
 (b) Rock formation.—\$0.50 per cu. ft.
- (25) Tillage of cropland for water conservation and control of annual weeds.—Cultivation of cropland, beginning as soon as possible after the harvest of a small grain crop, but not later than the date set by the State Committee, with implements that will leave the crop residue on the surface. Tillage operations should be on the contour

where necessary to control water erosion, and performed often enough to control annual weeds. No credit will be given for this practice if the acreage is devoted to a 1945 fall seeded crop.—\$0.35 per acre.

(26) Tree planting.—Prior approval of the site and of the variety of the tree to be planted must be obtained from the county committee. The plantings must be made in accordance with good tree culture and the new planting must be protected from fire and grazing. lowing varieties of trees may be approved for payment provided they are adapted to the particular soil type, climatic conditions, moisture conditions, and site: Russian olive, American elm, Chinese elm, cottonwood, boxelder, red cedar, green ash, ponderosa pine, colorado blue spruce, black hills spruce, and Scotch pine.

(a) Planting for forest purposes or gully control.-\$1 per 100 trees, but not more than \$7.50 per acre.

(b) Planting for windbreak purposes.—\$2 per 100 trees.

(27) Tree maintenance.—Maintaining for forest purposes, a good stand of at least 300 trees per acre, or for windbreak purposes, a good stand of at least 250 trees per acre, which have been planted between January 1, 1940, and January 1, 1945, by cultivating sufficiently to control other vegetation, protecting from fire and grazing, and replanting if necessary.—\$3 per acre.

C. DEFINITIONS

(1) Farm. Farm means all adjacent or nearby farm land under the same ownership which is operated by one person, including also:

(a) Any other adjacent or nearby farm land which the county committee, in accordance with instructions issued by the Agricultural Adjustment Agency, determines is operated by the same person as part of the same unit with respect to the rotation of crops and with workstock, farm machinery, and labor substantially separated from that for any other lands; and

(b) Any field-rented tract (whether operated by the same or another person) which, together with any other land included in the farm, constitutes a unit with respect to the rotation of crops.

(c) A farm shall be regarded as located in the county in which the principal dwelling is situated, or if there is no dwelling thereon, it shall be regarded as located in the county in which the major portion of the farm is located.

(2) Cropland.—Cropland means farm land which in 1944 was tilled or was in regular rotation, excluding any land which constitutes, or will constitute if such tillage is continued, a wind-erosion hazard to the community, and excluding also, any land in commercial orchards.

(3) Noncrop open pasture land.—Noncrop open pasture land means pasture land (other than rotation pasture land) on which the predominant growth is forage suitable for grazing and on which the number of grouping of any trees or shrubs is such that the land could

not fairly be considered as woodland.

(4) Commercial orchards.—Commercial orchards means the acreage on the farm in planted or cultivated fruit trees, nut trees, vineyards, hops, or bush fruits (excluding nonbearing orchards and vinevards), from which the major portions of the production is normally

(5) Person.—Person means an individual, partnership, association, corporation, estate, or trust, or other business enterprise or other legal entity, and wherever applicable, a State, a political subdivision of a

State, or any agency thereof.

(6) Producer.—Producer means any person who as landlord, tenant, or sharecropper, participates in the operation of a farm.

D. NONCROP OPEN PASTURE RATES TO BE USED IN COMPUTING FARM ALLOWANCES

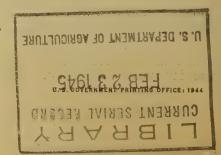
	Rate		Rate ver acre		Rate per acre
County	per acre (cents)	County	(cents)	County	(cents)
Adams		Frontier	7	Nance	18
Antelope		Furnas	-10	Nemaha	22
Arthur		Gage	00	Nuckolls	17
Banner		Garden	7	Otoe	
Blaine		Garfield	7	Pawnee	2 2
Boone	4.0	Gosper	9	Perkins	7
Box Butte		Grant		Phelps	10
Boyd		Greeley	9	Pierce	14
Brown		Hall		Platte	40
Buffalo	13	Hamilton	18	Polk	19
Burt		Harlan	10	Redwillow	7
Butler	22	Hayes	7	Richardson	20
Cass		Hitchcock	6	Rock	7
Cedar	19	Holt	8	Saline	22
Chase	7	Hooker	7	Sarpy	22
Cherry	7	Howard	14	Saunders	22
Cheyenne		Jefferson	22	Scotts Bluff	7
Clay		Johnson	22	Seward	
Colfax	22	Kearney	12	Sheridan	7
Cuming	22	Keith	7	Sherman	13
Custer		Keyapaha	7	Sioux	7
Dakota	19	Kimball	6	Stanton	18
Dawes	7	Knox	11	Thayer	18
Dawson	11	Lancaster	22	Thomas	
Deuel	7	Lincoln	7	Thurston	22
Dixon	21	Logan	6	Valley	8
Dodge	22	Loup		Washington	2 2
Douglas		McPherson	6	Wayne	21
Dundy	7	Madison		Webster	14
Fillmore	19	Merrick	17	Wheeler	7
Franklin	11	Morrill	 7	York	22

E. Pooling of practice allowances.—Producers in any local area, may agree in writing, with the approval of the State committee, to combine all or any part of their farm allowances, including the special practice allowance for Leveling Land for Irrigation and Weed Control, when such practices are performed under a pooling agreement for the performance of practices set forth in this section. For purposes of payment, practices carried out under a written Pooling Agreement will be regarded as having been carried out on the farms of the producers who performed the practices. Following are the practices which may be pooled:

(a) Dams for livestock water or erosion control when the dams are used for erosion control.

(b) Spreader ditches.

(c) Spreader ditches.
(c) Weed control.
(d) Leveling land for irrigation.
(e) Farm drainage ditches.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT AGENCY

Washington, D. C.

1945 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM

NORTH CENTRAL REGION

OHIO COMMITTEEMAN'S PRACTICE HANDBOOK

The 1945 Farm Program is designed to assist the farmers of Ohio to the fullest possible extent in protecting their soils against damage

from erosion and loss of fertility.

The county committee, with the approval of the State committee, may designate those practices which will be approved for payment in the county in order that the farm allowance will be used most effectively to bring about increased conservation, or the county committee may specify for any group of farms a proportion of the farm allowance which may be earned only by carrying out certain designated practices which are very much needed.

A. CONSERVATION PRACTICE ALLOWANCE

The practice allowance is the maximum amount of payment that

may be made for carrying out approved conservation practices.

(1) The allowance for the special Tree Planting, and Tree Maintenance practices shall be \$15.00, plus any portion of the regular practice allowance determined under item (2) below, which is not earned by the performance of regular practices.

(2) The allowance for regular practices shall be the sum of the

following, or \$15.00, whichever is greater:

(a) 50 cents times the acreage classified as cropland.

(b) 20 cents times the acreage classified as noncrop open pasture.(c) \$1.00 times the acreage classified as commercial orchards.

(d) 50 cents times the acreage classified as the normal commercial vegetable acreage for the farm.

B. CONSERVATION PRACTICES

The practices available for 1945 are those which are most needed in order to conserve and improve soil fertility, improve pasture land, prevent wind and water erosion, and promote conservation and better utilization of water. Assistance will be available through the conservation practices allowance for carrying out the following practices during the program year January 1, 1945, through December 31, 1945. To qualify for payment, each practice must be carried out in accordance with the specifications for that practice and be in keeping with good farming practices for the locality.

The total extent of any practice performance shall be reduced for purposes of payment by the percentage of the total cost of the practice which the county committee determines was furnished by a State or Federal agency. The extent of any practice shall not be reduced because a portion of the cost is represented by materials or services furnished by the A. A. A. or equipment furnished by S. C. S., or ma-

terials or services furnished by an agency of a State or political subdivision thereof to another agency or political subdivision of the same State, or trees purchased from a Clark-McNary Cooperative State Nursery.

All special practices listed under this section are designated by asterisks (**). Practices not designated as special practices will be

considered as regular practices.

(1) Contouring intertilled crops.—Contour farming of intertilled crops on sloping land, provided the crop stubble is left on the land or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained. If there is danger of erosion in waterways, such waterways must be permanently established in sod. No credit will be given for this practice for any acreage qualifying under the Contour Striperopping practice. No credit will be given for this practice on land with less than a 2-percent slope.—\$1.50 per acre.

(2) Contour seeding.—Contour seeding of small grain crops, sorghums, Sudan grass, millett or soybeans on sloping land. All operations in connection with the seeding must be on the contour. If there is danger of erosion in waterways, such waterways must be permanently established in sod. No credit will be given for this practice for any acreage qualifying under the Striperopping practice.—\$0.50

per acre.

(3) Establishing contour stripcropping.—By growing alternate strips of intertilled crops with sown, close-drilled, or sod crops, on the contour, provided: (1) the strips are approximately the same width; (2) the strips are not less than 2 rods nor more than 10 rods in width; and (3) the crop stubble is left standing or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained. Buffer strips must be at least 1 rod

in width.—\$2.50 per acre.

(4) Maintaining contour stripcropping.—Maintaining contour stripcropping previously established, by growing alternate strips of intertilled crops with sown, close-drilled, or sod crops, on the contour, provided: (1) the strips are approximately the same width; (2) the strips are not less than 2 rods nor more than 10 rods in width; and (3) the crop stubble is left standing or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained. When in the normal course of crop rotation it is necessary to have two adjacent strips of sown, close-drilled, or sod crops, payment will be made for the entire field. Buffer strips must be at least 1 rod in width.—\$1 per acre.

(5) Field stripcropping to control water erosion.—By growing alternate strips of intertilled crops with sown, close-drilled, or sod crops, provided: (1) the strips are approximately parallel and are laid out across the general slope; (2) the strips are approximately the same width; (3) the strips are not less than 2 rods nor more than 10 rods in width; and (4) the crop stubble is left standing or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained. No credit will be given for this practice on land which has a slope of less than 2 percent. Buffer

strips must be at least 1 rod in width.—\$0.50 per acre.

(6) Standard and diversion terraces.—With prior approval of the county committee, construction of standard and diversion terraces for which proper outlets are provided. The terraces and outlets should be constructed to conform with specifications for standard and diver-

sion terraces for the area as recommended by the U.S. Department of

Agriculture.—\$1 per 100 lin. ft.

(7) Establishing sod waterways.—Establishing a permanent sod waterway on any crop land where a permanent vegetative cover is necessary in a waterway channel or terrace outlet, or in cultivated orchards. The channel of the waterway must be sufficiently wide to carry the run-off from the drainage area and must be at least 10 feet wide at the narrowest point and the edges broken sufficiently to prevent edge erosion. The channel must contain perennial grasses, and a good vegetative growth must be obtained.—\$0.75 per 1,000 sq. ft.

(8) Maintaining sod waterways.—Maintaining an established sod waterway at least 10 feet wide at the narrowest point in a field which is devoted to intertilled crops, by lifting the plow when the waterway is crossed, mowing, sodding or reseeding breaks in the sod, protecting from damage by livestock, and by use of other practices necessary to maintain a good vegetative cover. No credit will be given for this practice for any waterway for which credit is given under Practice (7).—\$0.25 per 1,000 sq. ft.

(9) Seeding of depleted pasture on land designated as noncrop open pasture.—Limestone and fertilizers must be applied as needed and the land must be disked or springtoothed sufficiently to prepare

a good seedbed:

(a) Seedings of lespedeza.—\$0.10 per lb.

(b) Seedings of Ladino clover or southern grown white clover or a mixture of these crops. Bluegrass seed may be included, but no payment will be made for the bluegrass in the mixture.—\$0.40 per lb.

(c) Seedings of biennial and perennial legumes and perennial grasses which must contain at least 4 lbs. of alfalfa seed per acre. The part of the weight of the mixture which is sweet clover, timothy, or redtop is not eligible for payment.-\$0.25 per lb.

(d) Seeding of a mixture of biennial and perennial legumes and perennial grasses which may include sweet clover, timothy, and redtop.-\$0.20 per lb.

(10) Preparation for the seeding of perennial legumes or grasses on land designated as noncrop open pasture.—By disking or springtoothing to insure a thicker stand and a better growth of the newly seeded legumes and grasses. Credit will be given only if used in connection with Practice No. (9).-\$0.75 per acre.

(11) Mowing weeds.—Mowing weeds on pasture land a sufficient number of times during the growing season to prevent weed seed formation and improve the stand of grass or legumes. No hay or seed

crop may be taken from the land.—\$0.50 per acre per mowing.

(12) Dams for livestock water.—With prior approval of the county committee, construction of earthen, concrete, or masonry dams and reservoirs for the purpose of providing water for livestock. Earthen dams must be constructed with minimum slopes of 3 to 1 on the upstream side and 2 to 1 on the downstream side, and must have a crown width of one foot for every foot in height of fill, but not exceeding 10 feet. Dams of 10 feet or less in height must have a minimum free board of 3 feet. Dams over 10 feet in height must have a minimum free board of 4 feet. Spillways must be of sufficient width to carry the expected overflow from the drainage area. The water in the pond must be at least 4 feet deep at the deepest point.

- (a) For earth or other material moved-\$0.12 per cu. yd.
- (b) For concrete or masonry—\$9 per cu. yd.
- (c) For rubble masonry—\$6 per cu. yd.
- (13) Green manure crops.—Disking or plowing under a good stand and a good growth of the following crops. If the land is subject to erosion and the green manure crop is plowed down in the fall, the land must be protected by a winter cover crop.—\$1.50 per acre:
 - (a) Winter rye, winter barley, winter vetch, crimson clover, and ryegrass, seeded in the fall of 1944, except that acreage for which a 1944 winter cover crop practice payment was made.

(b) Sweet clover.

- (14) Harvesting hayseed.—Harvesting for seed an acreage of alfalfa, red clover, alsike, white clover, sweet clover, and bromegrass. Credit will not be given for more than 25 acres per farm.—\$3.50 per acre.
- (15) Farm ditches.—With prior approval of the county committee, construction or cleaning out of farm ditches (except ditches constructed or maintained by a drainage district), including lateral and lead ditches, for which proper outlets are provided, and adequate provision is made for entrance of water into and out of the ditches. The ditches must have sufficient capacity to remove the normal excess surface water. When ditches are constructed under an approved Pooling Agreement the \$5.00 per 100 lin. ft. limitation will be removed.—\$0.08 per cu. yd. of material moved, but not in excess of \$5 per 100 lin. ft.

(16) Ditches for tile drainage.—With prior approval of the county committee, excavation for the purpose of installation of tile drains, provided the size of tile, outlets, and gradient meet the specifications for standard drainage as recommended by the Department of Agriculture. No credit will be given if the tile lines are to be used for any purpose other than the draining of agricultural land.—\$0.40

per rod.

- (17) Weed control.—With prior approval of the county committee, eradication of effective control of seriously infested plots of Canada thistle, and European bindweed. Payment for this practice may be approved only on farms where approved weed control measures are being carried out on all adjacent infested farms and contiguous land, where the infestation is limited to a single farm, or where the county committee determines that there is no likelihood of reinfestation from adjacent or contiguous land:
 - (a) By use of sodium chlorate or other chemicals.—\$0.10 per lb.
 (b) By clean tillage.—\$10 per acre.
- (18) **Tree planting.—Prior approval of the site and of the variety of the tree to be planted must be obtained from the county committee. The plantings must be made in accordance with good tree culture and the new planting must be protected from fire and grazing. The following varieties of trees may be approved for payment provided they are adapted to the particular soil type, climatic conditions, moisture conditions, and site: Yellow poplar, sugar maple, basswood, green oak, black walnut, black locust, hardy catalpa, eastern white pine, shortleaf pine, Virginia pine, pitch pine, eastern red clover, walnut, butternut, shagbark hickory, mockernut hickory, pignut hickory,

white oak, red oak, black oak, red maple, white ash, green ash, red pine, and Scotch pine.

(a) Planting for forest purposes or gully control-\$1 per 100 trees, but not in excess of \$7.50 per acre.

(b) Planting for windbreak purposes.—\$2 per 100 trees.

(19) **Tree maintenance.—Maintaining for forest purposes, a good stand of at least 500 trees per acre, or for windbreak purposes, a good stand of at least 250 trees per acre, which have been planted between January 1, 1940, and January 1, 1945, by cultivating sufficiently to control other vegetation, protecting from fire and grazing, and replanting if necessary.—\$3 per acre.

(20) Mulching materials.—Application of small grain straw, bean straw, shredded corn stover, ground corn cobs, sawdust, clover or grass hay, and crop residue obtained from harvesting legumes or grass for seed, in commercial orchards, in vineyards, on commercial vegetable, on potato land, or on strawberries or other small fruit.—

\$4 per ton.

(21) Liming materials (credit rates are contained in NCR-901

Ohio, Suppl. 1).—Application of the following materials:

(a) One ton of agricultural meal, ground limestone, pulverized limestone, or superfine limestone, containing calcium and magnesium carbonate equivalent to not less than 80 percent calcium carbonate. The material must be ground sufficiently fine so that 80 percent, including all of the finer particles obtained in the grinding process, will pass through an 8-mesh sieve and 20 percent will pass through a 100-mesh sieve. The moisture content at the time of shipment must not exceed 8 percent. The specifications for calcium carbonate content and percent of material passing through an 8-mesh sieve must be such that the multiplication of these specifications will be equal to or in excess of 0.72. If the material will not qualify with respect to either calcium carbonate equivalent or fineness, or both, the county committee must require a correspondingly greater amount of material.

(b) One ton of substandard limestone containing calcium and magnesium carbonate equivalent equal to not less than 60 percent of calcium carbonate.

(c) One ton of calcium carbide refuse lime containing at least 85 percent of calcium carbonate and testing not more than 25 percent moisture at the shipping point. A correspondingly greater amount of material must

be required if the material does not meet these specifications.

(d) One ton of blast furnace slag containing 80 percent calcium carbonate equivalent and ground sufficiently so that 80 percent will pass through

an 8-mesh sieve.

(e) One cu. yd. of marl.

(f) One cu. yd. of sugar beet refuse lime. (g) One ton of commercial burnt lime. (h) One ton of home burnt lime.

(i) One ton of hydrated lime.

(22) Fertilizers.—Application of superphosphate, rock phosphate, or potash when such material is applied (1) to new seedings of biennial or perennial legumes, perennial grasses, winter legumes, lespedeza, or permanent pasture; (2) to old stands of biennial and perennial legumes, perennial grasses, or permanent pasture, provided the acreage on which such applications are made is not devoted to, cultivated for, or plowed for any other crop during the program year. (No credit will be given for materials furnished by the Agricultural Adjustment Agency applied to a seeding if wheat is used as a nurse crop) and (3) to green manure crops in orchards:

(a) Application of superphosphate or defluorinated phosphate rock—\$4.70 per 100 lbs. of available P_2O_5 .

(b) Application of rock phos-

phate—\$0.60 per 100 lbs.

(c) Application of potash.— \$3.25 per 100 lbs. of available K₂O. (d) 100 pounds of 0-9-27.—\$1.30.

(a) 100 pounds of 0-19-21.--\$1.30. (b) 100 pounds of 0-10-20.--\$1.10. (f) 100 pounds of 0-12-12.--\$0.95. (g) 100 pounds of 0-14-7.--\$0.90.

(h) 100 pounds of 0–14–14.—\$1.10. (i) 100 pounds of 0–18–0.—\$0.85. (j) 100 pounds of 0-19-0.—\$0.90. (k) 100 pounds of 0-20-0.—\$0.95.

(l) 100 pounds of 0-20-10.—\$1.25. (m) 100 pounds of 0-20-20.—\$1.60.

(n) 100 pounds of 2–12–6.—\$0.75. (o) 100 pounds of 3–9–18.—\$1.00.

(p) 100 pounds of 3–12–12.—\$0.95. (q) 100 pounds of 3–18–9.—\$1.15. (r) 100 pounds of 4–10–8.—\$0.65.

(8) 100 pounds of 4–16–0.—\$0.75. (t) 100 pounds of 5–10–10.—\$0.80. (u) 100 pounds of 8–8–8.—\$0.65.

(v) 100 pounds of 10-6-4.—\$0.40.

C. DEFINITIONS

(1) Farms.—Farm means all adjacent or nearby farm land under the same ownership which is operated by one person, including also:

(a) Any other adjacent or nearby farm land which the county committee, in accordance with instructions issued by the Agricultural Adjustment Agency, determines is operated by the same person as part of the same unit with respect to the rotation of crops and with work stock, farm machinery, and labor substantially separate from that for any other lands; and

(b) Any field-rented tract (whether operated by the same or another person) which, together with any other land included in the farm, constitutes

a unit with respect to the rotation of crops.

(c) A farm shall be regarded as located in the county in which the principal dwelling is situated, or if there is no dwelling thereon, it shall be regarded as located in the county in which the major portion of the farm is located.

(2) Cropland.—Cropland means farm land which in 1944 was tilled or was in regular rotation, excluding any land which constitutes, or will constitute if such tillage is continued, a wind-erosion hazard to the community, and excluding also, any land in commercial orchards.

(3) Noncrop open pasture land.—Noncrop open pasture land means pasture land (other than rotation pasture land) on which the predominant growth is forage suitable for grazing and on which the number or grouping of any trees or shrubs is such that the land could

not fairly be considered as woodland.

(4) Commercial orchards.—Commercial orchards means the acreage on the farm in planted or cultivated fruit trees, nut trees, vineyards, hops, or bush fruits (excluding nonbearing orchards and vineyards), from which the major portion of the production is nor-

mally sold.

(5) Normal commercial vegetable acreage.—The normal commercial vegetable acreage for the farm means the acreage of vegetables or truck crops of which the principal part of the production is sold to persons not living on the farm, including the acreage of sweet potatoes, tomatoes, sweet corn, melons, cantaloupes, strawberries, and commercial bulbs and flowers. 'The only vegetable or truck crops not included are peas or sweet corn for processing, artichokes for other use than vegetables, and Irish potatoes.

(6) Person.—Person means an individual, partnership, association, corporation, estate, or trust, or other business enterprise or other legal entity, and, wherever applicable, a State, a political subdivision of a

State, or any agency thereof.

(7) Producer.—Producer means any person who as landlord, tenant, or sharecropper, participates in the operation of a farm.

D. POOLING OF PRACTICE ALLOWANCE

Producers in any local area may agree in writing, with the approval of the State committee, to combine all or any part of their farm allowance for the performance of Practice No. (15) Farm Ditches, provided their farms are benefited by the construction of the ditches. For purposes of payment the practice carried out under an approved written pooling agreement will be regarded as having been carried out on the farms of the producers who performed the practice.

EEB 5 3 1045 CONGRENT SERIAL RECORD

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D. C.

1945 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM

North Central Region

SUPPLEMENT 1 TO OHIO COMMITTEEMAN

PRACTICE HAS BOOK

1945 CREDIT RATES FOR LIMING MATERIAL

Following are the materials for which the credit rates are the same throughout the State:

Type of material	Credit rate
Calcium carbide refuse lime	\$1.50 per ton.
Water-softening process lime	.70 per cu. ya.
Marl	1.00 per cu. ya.
Sugarbeet refuse lime	.80 per cu. yd.
Commercial burnt lime	4.00 per ton.
Home burnt lime	1.00 per ton.
Hydrated lime	4.00 per ton.

The following are the credit rates per ton for the other materials for which credit will be given in your county:

ADAMS COUNTY

		ADAMS COU	NII		
Township Lim Bratton	\$1. 60 Lib 1. 90 Ma 1. 60 Me	erty nchester igs	\$1. 90 2. 00 1. 60 2. 00	Township Li Scott Sprigg Tiffin Wayne Winchester	2. 00 1. 80 1. 80
		ALLEN COU	NTY		
Amanda, American Auglaize Bath	1. 20 Ma 1. 40 Mo 1. 30 Per	rion onroe rry	1. 00 1. 40 1. 40	Richland Shawnee Spencer Sugar Creek	1. 40
		SHLAND CO			
Clear Creek Green Hanover Jackson Lake	2. 20 Mi 2. 20 Mc	ohican	2. 20 2. 20 2. 10	Perry Ruggles Sullivan Troy Vermilion	1. 80 1. 80
	AS	HTABULA C	OUNTY		
AndoverAshtabulaAustinburgCherry ValleyColebrookConneautDenmarkBenmarkHarpersfield	\$2. 20 Ha 2. 20 Jef 2. 20 Ki 2. 20 Le 2. 20 Mo 2. 20 No 2. 20 Or 2. 20 Pic	artsgrove ferson ngsville nox onroe organ ew Lyme erront	\$2. 20 2. 30 2. 00 2. 20 2. 20	RomeSaybrookSheffieldWayneWilliamsfieldWindsor	2. 20 2. 20 2. 20 2. 20 2. 20 2. 20 2. 20

ATHENS COUNTY

Township			Townshi	ip (Limeston	Towns	hip ' '	Limestone
Alexander	2. 3 2. 3	UCar	thage		- \$2.40	Trimble		_ \$2. 20
AmesAthens	2. 3		/er		2. 20	Troy		_ 2. 40
Bern	$\frac{2.1}{2.3}$	O Lee	i		2. 20	Waterloo		2. 30
Canaan	$\frac{2.0}{2.10}$	0 Ror	ne		- 2. 40 - 2. 40			_ 2. 20
			JGLAIZI			1		
Clay	\$2. 00		an			Salem		. \$1, 60
Duchouquet	1. 70	0 Moi	ulton		-1.60	Union		1. 90
German	2. 0	0 Nob	ole		1. 70	Washington	n	_ 1, 60
Goshen Jackson	2. 10 2. 10	Pus.	heta		1. 80	Wavne		2. 10
JACASOHIIII J	. <i>2</i> , 10		Marys` LMONT		,			
			J 1				1 .	
Township		Lime- stone	Blast fur- nace slag		Town	nship	Lime- stone	Blastfur- nace slag
Colerain		32. 40	\$1. 70	Smit	h		\$2.40	\$1. 70
Flushing		2. 50	1. 70	Som	erset_{-}		2, 50	1. 70
Goshen		2. 40	1. 70	Unic	n		2. 40	1, 70
Kirkwood		2. 60	1. 80	War:	ren		2, 40	1. 70
Mead		2. 70	1. 90	Was.	hington		2, 70	1. 90
PeasePultney		2. 40 2. 50	1. 70 1. 70	Way	ne	,	2. 50	1. 70
Richland		2. 40	1. 70	Vonl	enng		2. 40	1. 70
		2. 10	1. 10	1 011			2. 60	1. 80
		В	ROWN	COUN	VTY			
	imestone		Township		imestone	Townshi	ip L	imestone
Byrd	\$2. 30		$\operatorname{son}_{-,}$		\$2, 20	Scott		\$2, 10
Clark Eagle	2. 10		rson		2. 20	Sterling		2. 10
Franklin	2. 10		is y		2. 30	Union		2. 40
Green	2, 10	Pike	,		2. 20	Washington		2. 10
Huntington	2. 40	Plea	sant		2. 30			
,			UTLER					
Fairfield	\$1.60	Milfe	ord		\$2, 20	St. Clair		\$1.00
Hanover	1, 90	Morg	gan		1. 60	Union		1 60
Lemon	1. 90	Oxfo	rd		2, 30	Wayne		2. 10
Liberty	1. 60	Reily	7_'					
Madison	2, 20				1. 60		,	
Augusto	00.40		RROLL					
AugustaBrown	\$2.40	Harr	ison		\$2. 30	Perry		\$2.30
Center	2 30	Loud	lon		. 0 40	Rose		2. 30
East	2. 40	Mon	roe		2, 40	Union		2. 40
EastFox	2. 60	Oran	ge		2. 20	Washington		2. 40
Adams	\$1.70	Jacks	son		\$1.60	Salem		\$1, 90
Concord	1. (0	LJohns	son		1. 60	Union		2, 00
Goshen	2. 00	Mad	River		-1 70	rhana		1 00
Harrison	1. 80	Rush			2. 10	Wayne		2. 00

CLARK COUNTY

CLARK COUNTY								
Township Limest	one . I	Cownship	Limestone	Township		mestone		
Bethel\$1. 8		River	\$2.00	Pleasant		\$2. 10		
German 1. 8		on	2. 20	Springfield	المفاعليا	2. 00		
Greene 2. 2		field						
Harmony 2.								
Traimony	,							
	CLER	LMONT	COUNTY					
Batavia \$1.	20 Monro	e	\$1. 30	Union				
Franklin 1.				Washington		1. 60		
Goshen 1.			1. 20	Wayne		1. 60		
Jackson 1.	30 Stonel	ick	1. 30	Williamsbur	g	1. 40		
Miami 1.	20 Tate		1. 30			•		
			COUNTY					
				1.7007 3.5 4		¢1 60		
Adams \$1.		y	\$1.60	Washington		1 50		
Chester 1.		n		Wayne Wilson		1. 40		
Clark 1.	50 Richia	and		W HSOIL		4. 4.		
		l						
Jefferson 1.	70 Verno	n	1. 70	1				
	COLU	MBIAN	A COUNTY	Ÿ.				
	1	lı.						
Downship		Blast fur-	Tow	nship	Lime- stone	Blast fur nace slag		
Township	stone	nace slag			Stone			
· .						01 70		
Butler	_ \\$2. 20	\$1.60			\$2, 40	\$1. 50		
Center	1 0 00	1. 60	Perry		2. 20	1. 50		
Elk Run	_ 2.00	1. 50				1, 70 1, 50		
Fairfield	_ 2. 00	1. 40	Salem		2. 20 2. 20	1, 50		
Franklin	_ 2. 30	1. 80	Unity			1. 80		
Hanover	2. 30	1. 70	Washingto	ni		1. 70		
Knox		1. 70	wayne			1. 80		
_Liverpool	2. 50	1. 80	Vellow Cro	ek		1. 70		
Madison	2. 40	1. 70	1 chow Ole	OK	2. 10			
	•							
	COST	HOCTO	N COUNTY	ζ				
*		Township			io .	Limestone		
Township Limes		$e^{}$		· ·				
11001110	30 Keen	vette						
	2. 50 Lafa; 2. 30 Linto)n				0 10		
	20 Mili	Creek		T				
Oldi Harana	30 Mon	roe			n	_ 2. 50		
	2. 50 New	$castle_{}$						
		$rd_{}$		0				
	2 20 Perr	y	2. 4	0				
Jencison								
			D COUNTY			A 1 90		
Auburn\$1	l. 60 Jack	son	\$1.5	0 Texas		_ \$1. 30		
Bucyrus	1. 30 Jeffe	rson	1. 4	U 10u		1. 20		
Chatfield1	1. 30 Libe	rty	1. 3	0 Vernon		1. 50 1. 40		
Cranberry	1. 40 Lyke	ens	1. 3			1. 40		
Dallas			1. 5					
Holmes	1. 20 Sand	lusky	1. 4	:0				
	CII	VAHOG	A COUNT	Y				
		IAIIOG	11					
	Lime-	Blast fur-	To	wnship	Lime			
Township	stone	nace slag		WHOHIP	stone	Hace Stag		
D. Hand	\$2. 30	\$1. 60	Parma_		_ \$2. 00			
Bedford	0.00	1. 50	Solon		2. 40			
Brecksville Euclid	0 00	1. 60	Strongsvi	lle	_ 2. 00			
Olmsted	0.00	1. 40	Westlake		1. 80	1. 20		
OIHISUGULL	J							

DARKE COUNTY

Township			Limestone		Limestone
Adams	\$1.90		\$2. 10	Twin	_ \$1, 60
Allen	1. 30		[1. 90	Van Buren	1, 80
Brown	2. 00		1. 30	Wabash	1, 30
ButlerFranklin	1. 60		1. 60		_ 2.00
Greenville	180 1. 90		1. 80		_ 2. 10
Harrison	1. 90 1. 80		1. 30		_ 170
	1. 00	DEFIANCE		1	
Adams	\$2. 00	Hicksville		1 NT - 1-T -	A4 00
Defiance	\(\psi_2.\ \ 00 \)	Highland	\$1. 90	Noble	_ \$1. 80
'Delaware	1. 80	Mark	1. 90	Richland Tiffin	_ 1. 90
Farmer	2. 00	Milford	2.00	Washington	1. 90 2. 00
		DELAWARE		1 11 0000000000000000000000000000000000	_ 2.00
Berkshire	'\$1. 40	Harlem	\$1, 50	Porter	\$1. 50
Berlin	1, 30	Kingston	1, 40	Radnor	1. 10
Brown	1. 30	Liberty	1. 20	Scioto	1. 10
Concord	1. 20	Marlboro	1. 20	Thompson	1. 20
Delaware	1. 20	Orange	1. 50	Trenton	1. 40
Genoa	1. 50	Oxford		Troy	1. 20
70 11		ERIE CO			
Berlin	_ \$1. 30	Margaretta	\$1. 20	Portland	\$1, 10
Florence	_ 1.40	Milan	1. 30	Vermilion	1. 40
GrotonHuron	_ 1. 20 _ 1. 20	Oxford	1. 20		
ituron	_ 1. 20	Perkins			
A	0 = 00	FAIRFIELD			•
Amanda Berne	- \$1.80	Hocking	\$2. 20	Rush Creek	\$2.60
Bloom	2. 30 1. 90	Liberty	2. 10	Violet	1 70
Clear Creek	_ 2. 20	Madison	2. 30	Walnut	2. 00
Greenfield	1 90	Pleasant Richland	$\begin{bmatrix} 2. & 00 \\ 2. & 10 \end{bmatrix}$		
	_ 1,00				
Concord	@1 20	FAYETTE C			
Green	_ 1. 30	Madison	\$1. 50	Union	\$1.40
Jasper	1 40	Marion Paint	1. 40	Wayne	1. 40
Jefferson	1. 50	Perry	1. 50 1. 30		The second
		FRANKLIN (
Blendon	\$1.60	Jefferson	CUNTY	TDI - 1	
Brown	1. 50	Madison	*\$1. 70	Plain	\$1. 80
Clinton	1, 50	Marion	1. 80 1. 60	Pleasant	1. 60
Franklin	1. 40	Mifflin.	1. 60	Prairie. Sharon	1. 40
Hamilton	1. 70	Norwich	1. 40	Truro	1. 40 1. 60
Jackson	. 1. 50	Perry	1. 30	Washington	1. 30
٠		FULTON C		0	1. 00
Amboy	\$1. 80	Franklin	\$2,201	Pike	\$1.80
Chesterfield	2. 10	E UDDON	1 60	Royalton	1 90
Clinton	1. 80	German	2. 10	Swan Creek	1. 60
Dover	1. 90	Gorham	2 . 50	York	1. 80
4 1 14		GALLIA CO			
Addison	\$2. 20	Greenfield	\$2. 70	Ohio	\$2. 60
Cheshire	. 2. 20	Guyan	2.60	Perry	2. 50
Clay	2. 40	Harrison	2. 40 [Kaccoon	2.10
Gallipolis Green		Huntington	2. 20	Springfield	2. 00
OL OULLANDER -	2. 50	Morgan	2. 00	Walnut	2. 60
Ambaan	00 40 1	GEAUGA CO			
AuburnBainbridge	\$2. 50	Hambden		Parkman	\$2. 50
Bainbridge Burton	2. 40	Huntsburg	2. 50	Russell	2. 40
Chardon	2. 40 2. 40	Middlefield	2. 40 '	Thompson	2. 50
Chester	2. 40	Montville	2, 50 [Troy	2. 60
Claridon	2, 40	MunsonNewbury	2. 40		
			2. 40		٠,

GREENE COUNTY

		GREENE COUL		
Township .	Limeston	e Township L	imestone	Township Limestone
Bath		Jefferson		Silver Creek \$1. 70
Beaver Creek	2 00	Miami	2. 00	Spring Valley 1. 90
Caesar Creek	1 70	New Jasper	1 80	Sugar Creek 1. 90
Caesar Creek	1.70			Xenia 1. 80
Cedarville	1. 80	Ross	1, 00	Aema 1. 00
		GUERNSEY COU	INTY	
	A4 00 I			Valley \$1. 70
Adams	\$1. 90	Londonderry	\$2.40	
Cambridge	2. 00	Madison		Washington 2. 40
Center	2. 00	Millwood		Westland 1. 80
Jackson	1. 80	Monroe		Wheeling 2. 20
Jefferson		Oxford	2. 40	Wills 2. 30
Knox		Richland	2. 30	
Liberty		Spencer		
12100109 = = = = = = = = =		•		
		HAMILTON COU	JNTY	
Anderson	\$1. 20	Delhi	\$1 401	Springfield \$1.40
C-l		Green		Sycamore1.30
Colerain		Hamison		Symmes 1. 30
Columbia		Harrison		2,
Crosby	. 1. 50	Miami		wintewater 1. 20
		HANCOCK COU	NTY	
Allen	@1 901	Eagle		Pleasant \$1. 30
Allen		Tasless.	1.00	Portage 1. 30
Amanda		Jackson		
Biglick	1. 30	Liberty		Union 1. 10
Blanchard		Madison		Van Buren 1. 10
Cass	1. 30	Marion		Washington 1. 40
Delaware	1. 40	Orange	1. 10	
		HARDIN COUL	MTV	
				7.5 . 01.40
Blanchard		Hale		Marion \$1. 40
Buck	1. 20	Jackson	1. 20	Pleasant 1. 20
Cessna		Liberty	1. 40	Roundhead 1. 40
Dudley		Lynn		Taylor Creek 1. 30
Goshen				Washington 1. 30
Goshen	. 10 20 1			
		HARRISON COU		
Archer	\$2.40	German	\$2. 30	Nottingham \$2. 50
Athens		Green		Rumley 2. 20
Cadiz	0 40	Monroe		Short Creek 2.40
Franklin		Moorefield		Stock 2. 50
Freeport	2. 40			Washington 2. 50
Freeport	_ 20, 30			, ,,
		HENRY COUN		
Bartlow	\$1. 20	Liberty	\$1.50	Richfield \$1. 10
Damascus		Marion		Ridgeville 1. 70
Flatrock		Monroe		Washington 1. 40
Freedom		Napoleon		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	1 00	Pleasant		
Harrison	. 1. 20			
		HIGHLAND CO		
Brush Creek	\$1.60	Jackson	\$1,60	Penn\$1. 70
Clay	1. 80			Salem 1. 60
Concord	1. 40	Madison		Union 1. 40
Dodson				Washington 1. 30
Fairfield				White Oak 1. 50
		Paint		1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Hamer	_ 1. 00			'
·		HOCKING COU	NTY	T !
Township				Limestone
All townships				\$2. 40
		HOLMES COU	NII	
		1 m 11. T	imestone	Township Limestone
Township	Limestone	Township L		
	Limestone			Ripley \$2.20
Berlin	\$2. 30	Mechanic	\$2. 20	Ripley \$2. 20
BerlinClark	\$2.30 2.30	Mechanic	\$2. 20 2. 20	Ripley \$2. 20 Salt Creek 2. 30
Berlin Clark Hardy	\$2. 30 2. 30 2. 10	Mechanic	\$2. 20 2. 20	Ripley \$2. 20 Salt Creek 2. 30
BerlinClark	\$2. 30 2. 30 2. 10 2. 20	Mechanic	\$2. 20 2. 20	Ripley \$2. 20 Salt Creek 2. 30
Berlin Clark Hardy	\$2. 30 2. 30 2. 10 2. 20	Mechanic Monroe Paint Prairie	\$2. 20 2. 20	Ripley \$2. 20 Salt Creek 2. 30

HURON COUNTY

	Township L	imestone	Township	Limestone	Township L	imestone
E	ellevue	\$1.40	Haftland	\$1.60	Richmond	\$1.50
E	ronson	1. 30	Lyme	. 90	Ridgefield	1. 30
C	larksfield	1. 60	New Haven	1. 60	Ripley	1. 70
F	airfield	1. 60	New London	_ 1.80	Sherman	1. 40
\mathbf{F}	itchville	1. 70	Norwalk	_ 1.40	Townsend	1. 50
G	reenfield	1. 60	Norwich	1. 50	Wakeman	1. 70
			Peru			
			JACKSON COL	INTV		

Bloomfield			\$2. 30	Madison	\$2.	30
Coal		Jefferson	2. 30	Milton	2.	10
Franklin		Liberty		Scioto	2.	50
Hamilton	2. 50	Lick	2. 30	Washington	2.	10

JEFFERSON COUNTY

Township	Lime stone	Blast fur- nace slag	Township	stone stone	Blastfur- nace slag
Brush Creek Cross Creek Island Creek Knox Mount Pleasant Ross Salem		\$1. 70 1. 20 1. 20 1. 40 1. 70 1. 60 1. 50	Saline Smithfield Springfield Steubenville Warren Wayne Wells	\$2, 60 2, 50 2, 80 2, 60 2, 50 2, 50 2, 60	\$1. 50 1. 60 1. 70 1. 20 1. 50 1. 40 1. 40

KNOX COUNTY

Township	Limestone	Township	Limestone	Township Lin	destone
Berlin	\$2. 20	Howard	\$2, 50	Morgan	\$2, 40
Brown	2. 70	Jackson	2, 20	Morris	2 20
Butler	2. 70	Jefferson	2. 80	Pike	2 20
Clay	2. 30	Liberty	2: 30	Pleasant	2 50
Clinton	2. 20	Middlebury	2. 20	Union	2.80
College	2. 50	Milford	-2.30	Wayne	2 20
Harrison	2. 20	Miller	2, 50		2. 20
Hilliar	2. 30	Monroe	2, 40		

LAKE COUNTY

Township	Lime stone	Blast fur- nace slag	Township	stone stone	Blastfur- nace slag
Concord	\$2. 00	\$1. 40	Mentor	\$2. 00	\$1. 40
Kirtland	2. 00	1. 40		2. 00	1. 40
Leroy	2. 00	1. 40		2. 00	1. 40
Madison	2. 20	1. 50		2. 20	1. 20

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Township	Limestone		Limestone		imestone
Aid	_ \$1. 90	Lawrence	\$1. 80	Union	\$2, 20
Decatur	_ 1. 90	Mason	2. 30	Upper	1. 60
Elizabeth	_ 1. 50	Perry	2.00	Washington	2, 30
Fayette	_ 2. 30	Rome	2 40	Windsor	2. 50
Hamilton	↓ 1. 60	Symmes	2. 10		

		T.T	CKING	COUNTY	V			
Township Limest	one [Limest		Townshi	lp Li	imestone
Bennington \$2.		Harr	ison	\$2.		Mary Ann		\$2. 20
	80		ford		20	Monroe		1. 90
	$\frac{20}{20}$		ewell		80 90	Newark		2. 30
	00		y		00	Newton Perry		2. 30 2. 30
	30		ing		10	St. Albans		2. 00
Franklin 1.	80	Lima	b	2.	00	Union		2. 20
	20	McK	ean		20	Washington		2. 30
Hanover 2.	30		ison	COUNTY	10			
	10		rthur		70	Rushcreek_		\$1. 30
	30		ni		80	Stokes		
	00	Mon	roe	1.	20	Union		1. 90
	10	Perr	У		. 00	Washington		
	20 30		sant land		. 00 . 60	Zane		·1. 10
Liberty 1.	50			COUNTY				
Amherst \$1.	30		mbia		. 70	Penfield		\$1. 80
Avon Lake 1.	30	Eato	n	1.	. 50	Pittsfield		1. 60
Date out to the total	30	Elyr	ia	1.	. 30	Ridgeville_:		1. 40
	80 40		ton		. 60 . 50	Rochester Russia		
	50		tington		. 80	Sheffield		1. 30
			ange			Wellington		
				COUNTY				
Adams \$1	40	Prov	ridence	\$1		Sylvania		\$1.60
	40		field	1	. 60	Toledo		
0000000000000	$\begin{array}{c} 00 \\ 40 \end{array}$		icer ngfield		. 50 . 40	Washington Waterville_		
	80		nton			Waynesfield		
0108011								
		$\mathbf{M}A$	ADISON	COUNT	Y			
Canaan \$1	40			COUNT		Range		\$2. 10
Darby 1	40	Mon Oak	roe Run	***************************************	. 90 . 00	Somerford_		2. 00
Darby1 Deer Creek1	40 90	Mon Oak Pain	roe Run	\$1 2 2	. 90 . 00 . 20	Somerford_ Stokes		2. 00 2. 40
$\begin{array}{ccccc} \text{Darby} & 1 \\ \text{Deer Creek} & 1 \\ \text{Fairfield} & 1 \end{array}$	40 90 80	Mon Oak Pain Pike	roe Run t	\$1 2 2	. 90 2. 00 2. 20 . 80	Somerford_		2. 00 2. 40
Darby 1 Deer Creek 1 Fairfield 1	40 90	Mon Oak Pain Pike Plea	roe Run tsant	\$1 2 2 1	. 90 2. 00 2. 20 . 80 . 90	Somerford_ Stokes		2. 00 2. 40
$\begin{array}{cccc} \text{Darby} & 1 \\ \text{Deer Creek} & 1 \\ \text{Fairfield} & 1 \end{array}$	40 90 80 50	Mon Oak Pain Pike Plea MA	Runsant	\$1 2 2	. 90 2. 00 2. 20 . 80 . 90	Somerford_ Stokes		2. 00 2. 40 2. 00
$\begin{array}{cccc} \text{Darby} & 1 \\ \text{Deer Creek} & 1 \\ \text{Fairfield} & 1 \end{array}$	40 90 80 50	Mon Oak Pain Pike Plea	roe Run tsant	\$1 2 2 1 1 G COUN	. 90 2. 00 2. 20 . 80 . 90	Somerford Stokes Union		2. 00 2. 40
Darby 1 Deer Creek 1 Fairfield 1 Jefferson 1	40 90 80 50	Mon Oak Pain Pike Plea MA	Run Run tsant HONINO	\$1 2 2 1 G COUN	. 90 2. 00 2. 20 . 80 . 90 TY	Somerford_StokesUnion	Lime- stone	2. 00 2. 40 2. 00 Blast furnace slag
Darby 1 Deer Creek 1 Fairfield 1 Jefferson 1 Township Austintown	40 90 80 50	Mon Oak Pain Pike Plea MA Lime. stone	Runtsant: HONING Blast furnace slag \$1. 30	\$1 2 2 1 1 1 G COUN Green	. 90 2. 00 2. 20 . 80 . 90 TY	Somerford Stokes Union	Lime-stone \$2. 10	2. 00 2. 40 2. 00 Blastfur- nace slag \$1. 40
Darby 1 Deer Creek 1 Fairfield 1 Jefferson 1 Township Austintown Beaver	40 90 80 50	Mon Oak Pain Pike Plea MA Lime. stone 2. 00 2. 10	Runt	S1 2 2 1 1 1 G COUN Green Jackson	. 90 2. 00 2. 20 . 80 . 90 TY	Somerford_StokesUnion	Lime-stone \$2. 10 2. 20	2. 00 2. 40 2. 00 Blast furnace slag
Darby 1 Deer Creek 1 Fairfield 1 Jefferson 1 Township Austintown Beaver Berlin	40 90 80 50	Mon Oak Pain Pike Plea MA Lime. stone	Runtsant: HONING Blast furnace slag \$1. 30	S1 2 2 1 1 G COUN Green Jackson Milton Poland	. 90 2. 00 2. 20 . 80 . 90 TY	Somerford Stokes Union Union	Lime-stone \$2. 10 2. 20 2. 30 1. 80	2. 00 2. 40 2. 00 Blast furnace slag \$1. 40 1. 50 1. 60 1. 20
Darby 1 Deer Creek 1 Fairfield 1 Jefferson 1 Township Austintown Beaver Berlin Boardman Canfield	40 90 80 50	Mon Oak Pain Pike Plea MA Lime. stone 2. 00 2. 10 2. 10 1. 90 2. 00	Runt	Green Jackson Milton Poland Smith	. 90 2 00 2 20 . 80 . 90 TY	Somerford Stokes Union Labeled Stokes Labeled Union Labeled Stokes Labeled Stokes Labeled	\$2. 10 2. 20 2. 30 1. 80 2. 30	Blastfur- nace slag \$1, 40 1, 50 1, 60 1, 60
Darby 1 Deer Creek 1 Fairfield 1 Jefferson 1 Township Austintown Beaver Berlin Boardman Canfield Coitsville	40 90 80 50	Mon Oak Pain Pike Plea MA Lime. stone 2. 00 2. 10 2. 10 1. 90 2. 00 1. 90	Run	Green_Jackson Milton_Poland_Smith_Springfi	. 90 2. 00 2. 20 . 80 . 90 TY	Somerford Stokes Union Labeled Stokes Labeled Union Labeled Stokes Labeled	\$2. 10 2. 20 2. 30 1. 80 2. 30 2. 00	Blastfurnace slag \$1, 40 1, 50 1, 60 1, 30
Darby 1 Deer Creek 1 Fairfield 1 Jefferson 1 Township Austintown Beaver Berlin Boardman Canfield Coitsville Ellsworth	40 90 80 50	Mon Oak Pain Pike Plea MA Lime. stone 2. 00 2. 10 1. 90 1. 90 2. 10	Run	Green_Jackson Milton_Poland_Smith_Springfi	. 90 2. 00 2. 20 . 80 . 90 TY	Somerford Stokes Union Labeled Stokes Labeled Union Labeled Stokes Labeled Stokes Labeled	\$2. 10 2. 20 2. 30 1. 80 2. 30	Blastfur- nace slag \$1, 40 1, 50 1, 60 1, 60
Darby 1 Deer Creek 1 Fairfield 1 Jefferson 1 Township Austintown Beaver Berlin Boardman Canfield Coitsville	40 90 80 50	Mon Oak Pain Pike Plea MA Lime. stone 2. 00 2. 10 1. 90 1. 90 2. 10 2. 10 2. 20	Run	Green Jackson Milton Poland Smith Springfi Youngst	. 90 2. 20 2. 20 3. 90 TY	Somerford Stokes Union Labeled Stokes Labeled Union Labeled Stokes Labeled	\$2. 10 2. 20 2. 30 1. 80 2. 30 2. 00	Blastfurnace slag \$1, 40 1, 50 1, 60 1, 30
Darby 1 Deer Creek 1 Fairfield 1 Jefferson 1 Township Austintown Beaver Berlin Boardman Canfield Coitsville Ellsworth Goshen	40 90 80 50	Mon Oak Pain Pike Plea MA Lime. stone 2. 00 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 20 M	Run	Green_Jackson Milton_Poland_Smith_Springfi	. 90 2. 00 2. 20 . 80 . 90 TY Town	Somerford Stokes Union	\$2. 10 2. 20 2. 30 1. 80 2. 30 2. 00 2. 00	Blastfurnace slag \$1, 40 1, 50 1, 60 1, 30
Darby 1 Deer Creek 1 Fairfield 1 Jefferson 1 Township Austintown Beaver Berlin Boardman Canfield Coitsville Ellsworth Goshen Township Limes	40 90 80 50	Mon Oak Pain Pike Plea MA Lime. stone 2. 00 2. 10 1. 90 2. 10 1. 90 2. 10 2. 20 M Gree	Run	Green_Jackson Milton_Poland_Smith_Springfi-Youngst	. 90 90 80 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90	Somerford Stokes Union Label Township Richland Richl	\$2. 10 2. 20 2. 30 1. 80 2. 30 2. 00 2. 00	Blastfurnace slag \$1, 40 1, 50 1, 60 1, 20 1, 60 1, 20 1, 60 1, 30 1, 20 Limestone \$1, 40
Darby 1 Deer Creek 1 Fairfield 1 Jefferson 1 Township Austintown Beaver Berlin Boardman Canfield Coitsville Ellsworth Goshen Township Limes Big Island \$1 Bowling Green 1	\$2 \$2 \$2 \$2 \$2 \$2 \$2 \$2 \$2 \$2 \$2 \$2 \$2 \$	Mon Oak Pain Pike Plea MA Lime. stone 2. 00 2. 10 2. 10 1. 90 2. 10 2. 20 1. 90 2. 20 M Gree Mar	Run	Green_Jackson Milton_Poland_Smith_Springfi-Youngst	. 90	Somerford Stokes Union In Township Richland Salt Rock	\$2. 10 2. 20 2. 30 1. 80 2. 30 2. 00 2. 00	Blast furnace slag \$1.40 1.50 1.60 1.20 1.60 1.20 1.40 1.40 1.40
Darby 1 Deer Creek 1 Fairfield 1 Jefferson 1 Township Austintown Beaver Berlin Boardman Canfield Coitsville Ellsworth Goshen 5 Township Limes Big Island \$1 Bowling Green 1 Claridon 1	\$ 40 90 80 50 \$ 50 \$ 50	Mon Oak Pain Pike Plea MA Lime. stone 2. 00 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 3. Gree Man Mon Mon Mon Mon Mon Mon Mon Mon Mon Mo	Run	Green Jackson Milton Poland Smith Springfi Youngst	. 90 . 90 . 80 . 90 . TY Town Town	Somerford Stokes Union nship Township Richland Salt Rock Scott	\$2. 10 2. 20 2. 30 1. 80 2. 30 2. 00 2. 00	Blast furnace slag \$1. 40 1. 50 1. 60 1. 30 1. 20 Limestone \$1. 40 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30
Darby 1 Deer Creek 1 Fairfield 1 Jefferson 1 Township Austintown Beaver Berlin Boardman Canfield Coitsville Ellsworth Goshen 1 Township Limes Big Island \$1 Bowling Green 1 Claridon 1 Grand 1	\$0. 80 \$0. 50 \$0. 50 \$0. 50 \$0. 40 \$0. 20	Mon Oak Pain Pike Plea MA Lime. stone 2. 00 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 3. Gree Man Mon Plea	Run	Green Jackson Milton Poland Smith Springfi Youngst	. 90 2. 20 2. 20 3. 90 TY Town Town Y Stone 1. 50 1. 30 1. 40	Somerford Stokes Union In Stokes The Stokes	Lime-stone \$2. 10 2. 20 2. 30 1. 80 2. 30 2. 00 2. 00	Blast furnace slag \$1, 40 1, 50 1, 60 1, 20 1, 60 1, 20 1, 40 1, 30 1, 40 1, 40 1, 30 1, 40
Darby 1 Deer Creek 1 Fairfield 1 Jefferson 1 Township Austintown Beaver Berlin Boardman Canfield Coitsville Ellsworth Goshen 5 Township Limes Big Island 51 Bowling Green 1 Claridon 1 Grand 1	\$0. 80 \$0. 50 \$0. 50 \$0. 50 \$0. 40 \$0. 20	Mon Oak Pain Pike Plea MA Lime. stone 2. 00 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 3. Mar Mar Mor Plea Mar Mor Plea Mar Pros	Run	Green Jackson Milton Poland Smith Springfi Youngst	. 90 . 90 . 80 . 90 . TY Town Town	Somerford Stokes Union nship Township Richland Salt Rock Scott Tully	Lime-stone \$2. 10 2. 20 2. 30 1. 80 2. 30 2. 00 2. 00	Blast furnace slag \$1, 40 1, 50 1, 60 1, 20 1, 60 1, 20 1, 40 1, 30 1, 40 1, 40 1, 30 1, 40
Darby 1 Deer Creek 1 Fairfield 1 Jefferson 1 Township Austintown Beaver Berlin Boardman Canfield Coitsville Ellsworth Goshen 1 Township Limes Big Island \$1 Bowling Green 1 Claridon 1 Grand 1 Grand Prairie 1	\$0. 80 \$0. 50 \$0. 50 \$0. 50 \$0. 40 \$0. 20	Mon Oak Pain Pike Plea MA Lime. stone 2. 00 2. 10 3. 10 4. 1	Run	Green Jackson Milton Poland Smith Springfi Youngst COUNT Limes 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	. 90 . 90 . 80 . 90 . TY Town Town	Somerford Stokes Union Township Township Richland Salt Rock Scott Tully Waldo	Lime-stone \$2. 10 2. 20 2. 30 1. 80 2. 30 2. 00 2. 00	Blast furnace slag \$1, 40 1, 50 1, 60 1, 20 1, 60 1, 20 1, 40 1, 30 1, 40 1, 30 1, 40 1, 30 1, 40 1, 30 1, 40 1, 30 1, 40 1, 30 1, 40 1, 30 1, 40 1, 30 1, 40 1, 30 1, 40 1, 30 1, 40 1, 30 1, 40 1, 82, 80
Darby 1 Deer Creek 1 Fairfield 1 Jefferson 1 Township Austintown Beaver Berlin Boardman Canfield Coitsville Ellsworth Goshen 1 Township Limes Big Island \$1 Bowling Green 1 Claridon 1 Grand Prairie 1 Brunswick \$1 Chatham 5	\$0.50 \$0	Mon Oak Pain Pike Plea MA	Run	Green Jackson Milton Poland Smith Springfi Youngst COUNT Limes 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	. 90 . 90 . 80 . 90 . TY Town Town Y Stone L. 50 . 30 . 90 . 90 . 90 . 90 . 90 . 90 . 9	Somerford Stokes Union Union Township Richland Salt Rock Scott Tully Waldo Sharon Spencer	\$2. 10 2. 20 2. 30 1. 80 2. 30 2. 00 2. 00	Blast furnace slag \$1, 40 1, 50 1, 60 1, 20 1, 60 1, 20 1, 40 1, 40 1, 40 1, 40 1, 40 1, 40 1, 60 2, 80 2, 00
Darby 1 Deer Creek 1 Fairfield 1 Jefferson 1 Township Austintown Beaver Berlin Boardman Canfield Coitsville Ellsworth Goshen 1 Township Limes Big Island \$1 Bowling Green 1 Claridon 1 Grand 1 Grand 1 Grand Prairie 1 Brunswick \$1 Chatham 5 Granger 1	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Mon Oak Pain Pike Plea MA Lime. stone 2. 00 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 4. 90 6. Gree Mar Mor Plea Mar Mor Plea Mar Mor Plea Mar Litte Litte	Run Run Sant HONING Blast furnace slag \$1. 30 1. 30 1. 40 1. 20 1. 30 1. 40 1. 50 ARION Township en Camp intgomery usant Spect MEDINA mer ayette chfield	Green Jackson Milton Poland Smith Springfi Youngst COUNT Limes 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	. 90 . 90 . 80 . 90 . TY Town Town	Somerford Stokes Union Union Township Richland Salt Rock Scott Tully Waldo Spencer Spencer Wadsworth	Lime-stone \$2. 10 2. 20 2. 30 1. 80 2. 30 2. 00 2. 00	Blast furnace slag \$1, 40 1, 50 1, 60 1, 20 1, 60 1, 30 1, 20 1, 40 1, 40 1, 40 1, 40 1, 40 1, 40 1, 40 1, 40 1, 80 1, 80 1, 80
Darby 1 Deer Creek 1 Fairfield 1 Jefferson 1 Township Austintown Beaver Berlin Boardman Canfield Coitsville Ellsworth Goshen 1 Claridon 1 Grand 1 Grand Prairie 1 Brunswick 5 Chatham 2 Granger 1 Guilford 1	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Mon Oak Pain Pike Plea MA Lime. stone 2. 00 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 20 Mary Mor Plea Mary Mor Plea Plea Mor Plea Litte Litve	Run	Green Jackson Milton Poland Smith Springfi Youngst COUNT Limes 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	. 90 . 80 80 90 TY Town To	Somerford Stokes Union Township Township Richland Salt Rock Scott Tully Waldo Sharon Spencer Wadsworth Westfield	Lime-stone \$2. 10 2. 20 2. 30 1. 80 2. 30 2. 00 2. 00	Blast furnace slag \$1.40 1.50 1.60 1.20 1.60 1.30 1.20 Limestone \$1.40 1.30 1.40 1.80 1.80
Darby 1 Deer Creek 1 Fairfield 1 Jefferson 1 Township Austintown Beaver Berlin Boardman Canfield Coitsville Ellsworth Goshen 1 Township Limes Big Island \$1 Bowling Green 1 Claridon 1 Grand 1 Grand Prairie 1 Brunswick \$1 Chatham 2 Granger 5 Guilford 1 Harrisville 1	\$20 \$40 \$40 \$40 \$40 \$40 \$40 \$40 \$40 \$40 \$4	Mon Oak Pain Pike Plea MA Lime. stone 2. 00 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 4. 90 6. Gree Mar Mor Plea Mar Mor Plea Mar Mor Plea Litte Litte Litte Meet Meet Meet Mor Mor Meet Meet Meet Meet Meet Meet Meet Mee	Run Run Sant HONING Blast furnace slag \$1. 30 1. 30 1. 40 1. 20 1. 30 1. 40 1. 50 ARION Township en Camp intgomery usant Spect MEDINA mer ayette chfield	Green Jackson Milton Poland Smith Springfi Youngst COUNT Limes 1 1 A COUN'	. 90 . 90 . 80 . 90 . TY Town Town	Somerford Stokes Union Township Township Richland Salt Rock Scott Tully Waldo Spencer Wadsworth Westfield York	Lime-stone \$2. 10 2. 20 2. 30 1. 80 2. 30 2. 00 2. 00	Blast furnace slag \$1.40 1.50 1.60 1.20 1.60 1.30 1.20 Limestone \$1.40 1.30 1.40 1.80 1.80

MEIGS COUNTY

				COUNTI			
Township	Limeston	6 ; ·	Township	Limestone		nship	
Bedford Chester) Leta	ort	2. 60	Salishury		2. 30
Columbia	2. 40	Orai	oe	2. 60	Scipio		2. 50
Lebanon	2. 60	Rut	land	2. 60 2. 30	Sutton		2. 30
				COUNTY			
Black Creek	\$1. 20		on				
Butler	1. 10	Grai	nville	1. 20 1. 10			
Center Dublin			ewellerson		Washing	on	1. 10
Franklin	1. 20	Libe	rty_{-}				
		N	MIAMI (COUNTY			
Bethel	\$1. 80	Lost	Creek	\$1.60	Spring C		
Brown	I. OU	INTOIL	roe	1. 40	Staunton		
Concord Elizabeth	1. 60 1. 70	New	berry	1. 60 1. 60	Union Washingt		
imzabeni z z z z z	2010			COUNTY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		, .
	1		1 1	1		1	1
	Lime-	Blast	Sub- standard	. ,	Lim	Blast	Sub- standard
Township	stone f	urnace slag	lime-	Township	ston		lime-
		arag	stone	. /		5146	stone
Adams	en 60 e	1. 80	\$1. 90	Ohio	\$2. 7	\$1. 90	\$2, 50
Benton		1. 70	1. 90	Perry	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{8}$		1. 90
Bethel	2. 70	1. 90	1. 90	Salem	2. 8		1. 90
Bethel Center Center	2. 30	1.60	1. 70	Seneca	2. 7	0 1. 90	1. 70
Franklin	2. 70	1. 90	1. 60	Summit			2. 00
Green		1. 80	2. 00	Sunsbury_1	2. 8 2. 8		2. 10 1. 90
Jackson Lee		1. 90 1. 90	2. 10 2. 30	Switzerland Washington	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1. 70
Malaga		1. 80	1. 90	Wayne			1. 70
		MON'	rgome	RY COUNT	Y		
Township	Limestone	. 1	Township	Limestone	Tow:	aship]	Limestone
Butler				\$1. 60	Randolph		
Clay	1.50	Mad	River	1. 70	Van Bure	n	1. 80
German	1.80	Mad	lison	1. 50	Washingt	on	1. 80
Harrison Jackson	1. 60	Wila:	mi y	1. 80 1. 50	Wayne		1. 80
Jackson	1.00			COUNTY	l		
Bloom	\$2, 20				Penn		\$2.50
Bristol	2. 10	Man	chester	2. 30	Union		
Center	2 . 30	Mar	ion	2. 50	Windsor		
Deerfield			gsville		York		1. 80
Homer	2. 40	Mor	gan	2. 40			
		M	ORROW	COUNTY			
Bennington	\$2. 10		ad		South Blo		
Canaan Cardington	1. 60 1. 40		$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1. 70	Troy Washingt	on	1. 80 1. 50
Chester	1. 40 1. 80	Nort	h Bloom	2. 00 afield 1. 60	Wasningt		
Congress	1. 80	Perr	y	1. 80	77 CSULCIU		1. 00
Franklin	1. 80	Peru)	1. 80			

MUSKINGUM COUNTY

		MU	SKINGU	M CO	UNTY			
Township	Limest	one	Townshi	o I	imestone	Townsl	hip 1	Limestone
Adams	\$1.	90 Jac	kson			Rich Hill_		
Blue Rock	, 1, 3	80 Jeff	erson		1. 80	Salem		1. 80
Brush Creek	1.		king		1. 80	Salt Creek		1. 80
Cass	1. :	80 Ma	$\operatorname{dison}_{}$		1. 90	Springfield.		
Clay	1	50 Me:	$igs_{}:$		2. 00	Union		_ 1. 80
Falls	1. '	70 Mo	nroe		2. 00	Washington	1	_ 1. 60
*Harrison	1. :	80 Mu	${f skingum}$.		1. 70	Wayne		1. 70
Highland	1. 1	80. Ner	$vton_{}$		1. 40			
Hopewell	1. (F.V		1. 70			
			NOBLE	COUN	TY			
Beaver	\$2.	10 End	ch		\$2. 10	Olive		\$1.80
Brookfield	1. '	70 Jac	kson		1. 80	Seneca		2. 30
Buffalo	2.		erson		2. 10	Sharon		1. 80
Center	2	10 Ma	rion		2. 00	Stock		_ 2. 00
Elk	2. 3	30 Not	ole		1. 80	Wayne		2. 30
		0	772771 A 3337 A	COTTN	T17777			
A 77	0.4		TTAWA			′		
Allen			awba Isla					_ \$1. 20
Bay	1. '		y		1. 30	Portage		_ 2.00
Benton	1. ;	1	nbury		2. 20	Put-in Bay		
Carroll	1. 8	80 Erie	9		1. 80	Salem		1. 50
		PΛ	ULDING	COL	NTV			
Anglaiga	Q1					Ya a I		01 50
Auglaize Benton	\$1. { 1. {		ryall			Jackson		_ \$1. 50
Blue Creek	1.	50 Cra	ne erald		2. 00 1. 80	Latty		1. 30
Brown	1 9	30 Har	rison		2. 00	Paulding Washington		1. 80 1. 10
DIOWILLIA	L	oo jirai	115011		2. 00	wasinington	1	1. 10
		I	PERRY	COUN	TY			
Bearfield	\$1. 8	RO L Jaci	son		\$2.00	Pleasant		\$2.00
Clayton	1. 8		dison		1. 80	Reading		
Coal	2. 2		nday Cre		2. 20	Salt Lick		2. 00
Harrison	1. 6	30 Mon	aroe	O11	2. 20	Thorn		
Hopewell	1. 8	30 Pike	9		1. 80	*******		2, 00
			CKAWA					
Circleville	\$2. ($00 \mid Mac$	dison		\$1. 90	Salt Creek		\$2. 10
Darby	1. 7	70 Moi	nroe		1.,90	Scioto		1. 70
Deer Creek	2. 1	10 Mu.	hlenburg.		1. 80	Walnut		
Harrison	2.	10 Peri	у		1. 90	Washington	1	2. 10
Jackson	2. (00 Pick	away		2. 10	Wayne		2. 10
			PIKE C	OHNT	v			
D	eo (0.0171/1/20			_	0.1		00 00
Beaver			din			Scioto		
Benton	1. 6	Dob	ton		2. 20	Seal		2. 20 2. 20
Camp Creek Jackson		no Feb	ble pee		2. 20 2. 30	Sunfish Union		2. 20
Marion	2. 6		V		1. 90	Umon		_ 2, 40
Warion	4. (
		PC	RTAGE	COUL	NTY			
							I	
Township		Lime stone	Blast fur- nace slag		Town	ship	Lime- stone	Blastfur- nace slag
		Storie	nace stag				20116	nace stag
	,			1				
Atwater		\$2. 10	\$1.80				\$2. 30	\$1. 70
Aurora		2. 30	1. 60	Palm	yra		1. 90	1. 60
Brimfield		1. 90	1. 70	Paris.			2. 30	2. 00
Charlestown		2. 10	1. 90				1. 90	1. 90
Deerfield		2. 20	1. 50				1. 90	1. 90
Edinburg		2. 10	1. 90				1. 90	1. 90
Franklin		1. 90	1. 70				2. 30	1. 90
Freedom		2. 30	1. 90				1. 90	1. 70
Hiram		2. 30	1. 70				1. 90	1. 90
Mantua		2. 30	1. 70	wind	nam		2. 30	1. 60
								1

PREBLE COUNTY

		Pr	(EDDE (COUNTY			
Township	Limestone	r ~ m	ownship :	Limestone	Township	· · · Li	mestone '
			1	\$2, 00	Monroe		\$1.60
Dixon		Tacks	ion .	1. 80	Somers		1. 90
GasperGratis		Jeffer	son	1. 80	Twin		1. 60
Harrison			er				1. 70
Harrison	_ 1.00				,		
		PU	TNAM	COUNTY			
Dlanchard	_ \$1. 40	1 Mon	roe	\$1. 20	Pleasant		\$1.40
Blanchard Greensburg		Mon	terey	1. 30	Rilev		1. 20
Jackson	1 00	Otta	wa				1. 20
Jennings		Palm	er	1. 30	Union		1. 20
Liberty		Perry	y	1. 10	Van Buren_		1. 80
		BIC	HLAND	COUNTY			
D1	മേ വ		ison		Sharon		\$1. 60
Blooming Grove	$\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{52}{10}$		in				1. 70
Butler Cass			$roe_{}$				1. 90
Franklin			y				2. 10
Jackson	4 100	Plyn	nouth	2. 10) Weller		
Jefferson			lusky		Worthingto	n	2. 30
			ROSS CO				
) Sainta		\$1. 80
Buckskin		Harr	ison	\$1. 80 2. 00	$0 \mid Scioto_{}$ $0 \mid Springfield_{-}$		
Colerain			tington				
Concord			rson rty		1		
Deerfield			t				
Franklin Green			on	7			
Oleon							
			VDUSKY	COUNTY	To-mak	: T	imactona
Township			Township	Limeston		ip L	
Ballville	· \$1, 50) Rice		\$1. 6	Townsend_		91. 90
				4 0			1 20
Green Creek	1. 50	Rile	V	1. 60) Washington	1	1. 30
Green Creek Jackson	1. 50 1. 50	Rile	y lusky	1. 60 1. 50	Washington Woodville	1	1. 30 1. 30
Green Creek	1. 50 1. 50	Rile	y lusky	1. 60 1. 50) Washington	1	1. 30 1. 30
Green Creek Jackson	1. 50 1. 50	Rile; Sanc	y lusky t	1. 60 1. 50	Washington Woodville	1	1. 30 1. 30
Green Creek Jackson	1. 50 1. 50	Rile: Sand Scot	y lusky t CIOTO	1. 60 1. 50 1. 50	Washington Woodville	1	1. 30 1. 30 1. 30
Green Creek Jackson	1. 50 1. 50	Rile Sand Scot Scot	y lusky t CIOTO	1. 6 1. 5 1. 5 COUNTY	Washington Woodville	1	1. 30 1. 30
Green Creek Jackson Madison	1. 50 1. 50	Rile: Sand Scot	y lusky t CIOTO	1. 6 1. 5 1. 5 COUNTY	Washington Woodville Vork	Lime-	1. 30 1. 30 1. 30
Green Creek Jackson Madison Township	1. 50 1. 50 1. 30	Rile Sand Scot Scot Lime- stone	lusky t CIOTO Blast furnace slag	1. 6 1. 5 1. 5 1. 5 COUNTY	Washingtor Woodville Vork	Lime-	1. 30 1. 30 1. 30
Green Creek Jackson Madison Township	1. 50 1. 50 1. 30	Rile Sand Scot Scot Lime- stone	Vlusky tCIOTO	1. 6 1. 5 1. 5 COUNTY	Washingtor Woodville Vork	Lime-stone	1. 30 1. 30 1. 30
Township Bloom Brush Creek	1. 50 1. 50 1. 30	Sand Sand Scot Scot Lime- stone \$1.60	Usky t CIOTO Blast furnace slag \$1. 10 1. 10	1. 6 1. 5 1. 5 COUNTY To Nile Porter	Washingtor Woodville Vork	Lime, stone \$1. 90 1. 80	1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 Blast furnace slag \$1. 30 1. 20 1. 10
Green Creek Jackson Madison Township Bloom Brush Creek	1. 50 1. 50 1. 30	Rile; Sand Scot Scot Stone	V	1. 6 1. 5 1. 5 COUNTY To Nile Porter Rarden	Washington Woodville Vork	Lime, stone \$1. 90 1. 80 1. 60	1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 Blast furnace slag \$1. 30 1. 20 1. 10 1. 20
Green Creek Jackson Madison Township Bloom Brush Creek Clay Green	1. 50 1. 50 1. 30	Rile Sand Scot Scot Scot Stone S	CIOTO Blast furnace slag \$1. 10 1. 10 1. 30 1. 30	1. 6 1. 5 1. 5 COUNTY To Nile Porter Rarden Rush	Washington Woodville Vork waship	Lime, stone \$1. 90 1. 80 1. 60 1. 70	1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 Blast furnace slag \$1. 30 1. 20 1. 10
Green Creek	1. 56 1. 56 1. 30	Rile; Sand Scot	Blast furnace slag \$1. 10 1. 30 1. 30 1. 20	NileRardenRushUnion	Washingtor Woodville Vork	\$1. 90 1. 80 1. 60 1. 70	1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 Blast furnace slag \$1. 30 1. 20 1. 10 1. 20 1. 50
Green Creek	1. 56 1. 50 1. 30	Rile Sand Scot Scot Scot Stone S	CIOTO Blast furnace slag \$1. 10 1. 10 1. 30 1. 30	1. 6 1. 5 1. 5 COUNTY To Nile Porter Rarden Rush Union Valley4	Washington Woodville Vork waship	\$1. 90 1. 80 1. 60 1. 70 2. 20 1. 70	Blast furnace slag \$1. 30 1. 30 Blast furnace slag \$1. 30 1. 20 1. 10 1. 20 1. 50 1. 20 1. 50 1. 20
Green Creek Jackson Madison Township Bloom Brush Creek Clay Green Harrison Jefferson Madison	1. 56 1. 50 1. 30	Rilej Sand Scot S	Blast furnace slag \$1. 10 1. 30 1. 30 1. 20 1. 30	NileRardenRushUnionValleyVernon	Washingtor Woodville Vork	\$1. 90 1. 80 1. 60 1. 70 2. 20 1. 70	1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 Blast furnace slag \$1. 30 1. 20 1. 10 1. 20 1. 50
Green Creek	1. 56 1. 50 1. 30	Rile; Sand Sand Scot S Scot S Sind Scot S Sind S	Slast furnace slag	NileRardenRushUnionValleyVernon	Washingtor Woodville Vork	\$1. 90 1. 80 1. 60 1. 70 2. 20 1. 70	Blast furnace slag \$1. 30 1. 30 Blast furnace slag \$1. 30 1. 20 1. 10 1. 20 1. 50 1. 20 1. 50 1. 20
Green Creek Jackson Madison Township Bloom Brush Creek Clay Green Harrison Jefferson Madison	1. 56 1. 50 1. 30	Rile; Sand Scot Scot Scot Scot Scot Stot	## State Sta	NileRardenRushUnionValleyVernonWashingto	Washingtor Woodville Vork	\$1. 90 1. 80 1. 60 1. 70 2. 20 1. 70	Blast furnace slag \$1. 30 1. 30 Blast furnace slag \$1. 30 1. 20 1. 10 1. 20 1. 50 1. 20 1. 50 1. 20
Green Creek Jackson Madison Township Bloom Brush Creek Clay Green Harrison Jefferson Madison	1. 56 1. 50 1. 30	Rile; Sand Scot Scot Scot Scot Scot Stot	## STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF TH	NileRardenRushUnionValleyVernon	Washington Woodville Vork washington Towns	Lime-stone \$1. 90 1. 80 1. 60 1. 70 2. 20 1. 70 1. 90	1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 Blast furnace slag \$1. 30 1. 20 1. 10 1. 20 1. 50 1. 20 1. 20 1. 20
Green Creek Jackson Madison Township Bloom Brush Creek Clay Green Harrison Jefferson Madison Morgan Township	1. 56 1. 50 1. 30	Rile Sand Scot S Scot S Scot S S S S S S S S S	## STANDARD	Nile	Washington Woodville Vork washington Towns and Reed	\$1. 90 1. 80 1. 70 2. 20 1. 70 1. 90	1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 Blast furnace slag \$1. 30 1. 20 1. 10 1. 20 1. 50 1. 20 1. 20 1. 50 1. 20 1. 50 1. 20
Green Creek Jackson Madison Township Bloom Brush Creek Clay Green Harrison Jefferson Madison Morgan Township Adams	Limestor \$1. 5	Rile Sand Scot S Scot S Scot S S S S S S S S S	## STANDARD	Nile	Washington Woodville Vork Townsi Red O Reed O Scipio	Lime-stone \$1. 90 1. 80 1. 60 1. 70 2. 20 1. 70 1. 90	1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 Blast furnace slag \$1. 30 1. 20 1. 10 1. 20 1. 50 1. 20 1. 20 1. 30 Limestone \$1. 50 1. 30
Green Creek Jackson Madison Township Bloom Brush Creek Clay Green Harrison Jefferson Madison Morgan Township Adams Big Spring Bloom	Limeston \$1. 56	Rile Sand Scot	## STANDARD	Nile_Porter_Rarden_Rush_Union_Valley_Vernon_Washingte	Washington Woodville Vork Township Township Reed Scipio	Lime-stone \$1. 90 1. 80 1. 60 1. 70 2. 20 1. 70 1. 90	1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 Blast furnace slag \$1. 30 1. 20 1. 10 1. 20 1. 50 1. 20 1. 50 1. 30 1. 50 1. 30 1. 50
Green Creek Jackson Madison Township Bloom Brush Creek Clay Green Harrison Jefferson Madison Morgan Township Adams Big Spring Bloom Clinton	Limeston \$1, 56 1, 36	Rile; Sand Scot Sand Scot Scot Sand Scot Sand	## CIOTO Blast furnace slag \$1. 10 1. 30 1. 30 1. 20 1. 30 1. 20 1. 30 1. 20 1. 30 1. 20 1. 30 1. 20 1. 30 1. 20 1. 30 1. 20 1. 30 1. 20 1. 30 1. 20 1. 30 1. 20 1. 30 1. 20 1. 30 1. 20 1. 30 1. 20 1. 30 1. 20 1. 30 1. 20 1. 30 1. 20 1. 30	Nile	Washington Woodville Vork Townsi Reed Scipio Scipio Seneca O Thompson	\$1. 90 1. 80 1. 70 1. 70 2. 20 1. 70 1. 90	1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 Blast furnace slag \$1. 30 1. 20 1. 10 1. 20 1. 50 1. 20 1. 20 1. 50 1. 30 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50
Green Creek Jackson Madison Township Bloom Brush Creek Clay Green Harrison Jefferson Madison Morgan Township Adams Big Spring Bloom	Limeston \$1, 56 1, 36	Rile; Sand Scot Sand Scot Scot Sand Scot Sand	## STANDARD	Nile	Washington Woodville Vork Township Township Reed Scipio	\$1. 90 1. 80 1. 70 1. 70 2. 20 1. 70 1. 90	1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 Blast furnace slag \$1. 30 1. 20 1. 10 1. 20 1. 50 1. 20 1. 20 1. 50 1. 30 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50
Township Bloom_Brush Creek_Clay_Green_Harrison_Jefferson_Madison_Morgan Township Township Adams_Big Spring_Bloom_Clinton_Eden_	Limestor \$1. 56 1. 36	Rile Sand Scot	## CIOTO Blast furnace slag	Nile	Washington Woodville Vork Towns Reed Scipio Seneca Thompson Venice	Lime-stone \$1. 90 1. 80 1. 60 1. 70 2. 20 1. 70 1. 90	1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 Slast furnace slag \$1. 30 1. 20 1. 10 1. 20 1. 50 1. 20 1. 50 1. 30 1. 40 1. 40
Township Bloom_Brush Creek_Clay_Green_Harrison_Jefferson_Madison_Morgan Township Township Adams_Big Spring_Bloom_Clinton_Eden_	Limestor \$1. 56 1. 36	Rile Sand Scot	## CIOTO Blast furnace slag	Nile	Washington Woodville Vork Towns Reed Scipio Scipio Seneca Thompson Venice 20 Salem 20 Salem	Lime-stone \$1. 90 1. 80 1. 60 1. 70 2. 20 1. 70 1. 90	1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 Blast furnace slag \$1. 30 1. 20 1. 10 1. 20 1. 50 1. 20 1. 20 1. 50 1. 40 1. 40 \$2. 10
Green Creek Jackson Madison Township Bloom Brush Creek Clay Green Harrison Jefferson Madison Morgan Township Adams Big Spring Bloom Clinton	Limestor \$1. 5 6 1. 3 6 1. 3 6 1. 3 6 1. 3 6 1. 3 6 1. 3 6 1. 5 6	Rile Sand Scot Sand Scot Sand Scot Sand Scot Sand	SHELBY ksonaxmie	Nile	Washington Woodville Vork Vork Vork Vork Vork Vork Vork Vork	Lime-stone \$1. 90 1. 80 1. 70 2. 20 1. 70 1. 90	1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 20 1. 10 1. 20 1. 50 1. 20 1. 50 1. 40 1. 40 1. 40 1. 90
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Township Bloom Brush Creek Clay Green	Limestor \$1. 5 1. 30 Limestor \$1. 5 1. 6 1. 3 2. 2 2. 2	Rile; Sand Scot Sand Scot Scot Sand Scot Sand Scot Sand	STATE CALLERY RISKY	1. 6 1. 5 1. 5 1. 5 1. 5 1. 5 1. 5 1. 5 1. 5	Washington Woodville Vork Towns Select Select Select Thompson Vorice Vorice Van Burer Washington	\$1. 90 1. 80 1. 70 1. 70 2. 20 1. 70 1. 90	1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 20 1. 10 1. 20 1. 50 1. 20 1. 50 1. 20 1. 40 1. 50 1. 40 1. 40 1. 40 1. 40 1. 90 2. 20
Township Bloom	Limestor \$1. 5 1. 30 Limestor \$1. 5 1. 6 1. 3 2. 2 2. 2	Rile; Sand Scot Sand Scot Scot Sand Scot Sand Scot Sand	STATE CALLERY RISKY	1. 6 1. 5 1. 5 1. 5 1. 5 1. 5 1. 5 1. 5 1. 5	Washington Woodville Vork Towns Select Select Select Thompson Vorice Vorice Van Burer Washington	\$1. 90 1. 80 1. 70 1. 70 2. 20 1. 70 1. 90	1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 20 1. 10 1. 20 1. 50 1. 20 1. 50 1. 20 1. 40 1. 50 1. 40 1. 40 1. 40 1. 40 1. 90 2. 20

STARK COUNTY

	1	1	11			1				
Township	Lime- stone	Blast fur- nace slag	Town	Lime- stone	Blast fur- nace slag					
					\$2, 20					
Bethlehem	\$2.00	\$1.40		Paris		\$1.50				
Canton	2.00	1. 40			2.00	1. 40				
Jackson Lake Lake	2.00	1. 40	Pike		2. 00	1. 40				
Lake	2. 10	1. 40	Plain		2. 10	1. 40				
Lawrence	2. 00	1. 40	Sandy		2.00	1.40				
Lexington	2.00	1. 40	Sugar Creel	<u> </u>	2.00	1. 40				
Marlboro	2.00	1. 40	Tuscarawas		2.00	1. 40				
Nimishillen	2.00	1. 40	Washington	1	2. 10	1. 40				
Osnaburg	2. 20	1. 50								
	SUMMIT COUNTY									
Township	Lime- stone	Blast fur- nace slag	Township		Lime- stone	Blast fur- nace slag				
Bath	\$1. 90	\$1, 30	Northfield	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	\$1 90	\$1. 30				
Boston		1. 30			1. 80	1. 20				
Copley	1. 80	1. 20				1. 20				
Coventry	1. 80	1. 20	Richfield		1. 90	1. 30				
Franklin	1. 80	1. 20	Springfield			1. 20				
Green	1. 80	1. 20	Stow		1. 90	1. 30				
Hudson	1. 90	1. 30	Tallmadge		1. 80	1. 20				
Northampton	1. 90	1. 30	Twinshurg		1. 90	1. 30				
			1			2.00				
TRUMBULL COUNTY										
Township	Lime	Blast fur-	Town	nshin	Lime-	Blastfur				
·	stone	nace slag	1000	upiti p	stone	naceslag				
Bazetta	\$1. 90	\$1. 30	Johnston		\$1. 80	\$1. 20				
Bloomfield	2.00	1. 40	Kinsman		2.00	1. 40				
Braceville	2.00 .	1. 40	Liberty		1. 90	1. 30				
Bristol	1. 90	1. 30	Lordstown		2. 00	1. 40				
Brookfield	1. 90	1. 30	Mecca		1. 80	1. 20				
Champion	1. 90	1. 30	Mesopotamia		2. 00	1, 40				
Farmington	2.00	1. 40	Newton		2. 00	1. 40				
Fowler	1.80	1. 20	Southington		2.00	1, 40				
Greene	2.00	1.40	Vernon	Vernon		1. 40				
Gustavus	2.00	1.40	Vienna		2.00	1. 40				
Hartford	1. 90	1. 30	Warren		2. 10	1. 40				
Howland	1.80	1. 20	Weathersfield		1. 90	1. 30				
Hubbard	1. 80	1. 20								
m alti vi			AS COUNTY							
Township Limesto		Township		Townsh		imestone				
Auburn \$2. 2	20 Law	rence	\$2. 20	Union		\$2. 20				
Bucks 2. 3	30 Mill		2. 20	Warren		2. 20				
Clay 2. 2	20 Oxfo	ord	2. 30	Warwick		2. 20				
Dover 2. 2		у	2. 50	Washington						
Fairfield 2. 2	20 Rusl	h	2. 30	Wayne						
Franklin 2. 2		m	2. 20	York		2. 20				
Goshen 2. 1		dy	2. 20							
Jefferson 2. 2	20 Suga	ır Creek_	2. 20							
	τ	UNION (COUNTY							
Allen \$1. 3	30' Jero	me	\$1. 10	Taylor		\$1.40				
Claibourne 1. 5	0 Lees	burg	1. 30	Union		1. 40				
Darby 1. 2	0 Libe	rty	1. 30	Washington						
Dover 1. 2	20 Mill	Creek	1. 10	York						
		8								

VAN	WERT.	COUNTY

Township	Limestone	Townsh	ip Li	mestone	Townshi		imestone	
Harrison	\$1. 70	Liberty		\$1.20	Union		\$1, 60 1, 30	
Hoaglin	1. 40 1. 40	Pleasant Ridge		1. 40	Washington Willshire	,		
JacksonJennings	1	Tully			York		1. 20	
		VINTON						
Brown	\$2. 00	Harrison		\$2.00	Richland	حربينات.	\$2.00	
Clinton	2. 00	Jackson		2. 00	Swan		2. 00	
Eagle	2. 00	Knox		2. 00	Vinton Wilkesville		2. 00 2. 00	
Elk 1.90 Madison 1.90 Wilkesville 1.2.00								
WARREN COUNTY S1 80 Harlan \$1,80 Union \$1,70								
Clear Creek		Harlan Massie		\$1. 80 1. 50	Washington			
Franklin	1. 90	Salem		1. 70	Wayne		1, 60	
Hamilton		Turtle Cree	ek	1. 90				
		WASHING				••	00.40	
Adams		Grandview		\$2. 60 2. 60	Palmer Salem			
Aurelius Barlow		Independer Lawrence		2. 50	Warren			
Belpre	2. 30	Liberty		2. 50	Waterford		2. 30	
Decatur	2. 30	Ludlow		2. 50 2. 30	Watertown Wesley			
Dunham Fairfield		Marietta Muskingun		2. 30	Wesley		20, 20	
Fearing Fearing		Newport		2. 50				
		WAYNI	E COUN	TY				
Township		Lime Blast fu		Town	ıship ·	stone	Blastfur-	
Township		stone nace sla	ig	201(2	11	stone	nace slag	
Baughman	S	2. 30 \$1. 60	Gree	n		\$2. 30	\$1. 60	
Canaan		2. 30 1. 60) Milt			1. 90	1. 30 1. 60	
Chester	كالتناط الطالب	$egin{array}{c cccc} 2.\ 00 & 1.\ 40 \ 1.\ 90 & 1.\ 30 \ \end{array}$				2. 30 2. 20	1. 50	
ChippewaClinton		2. 20 1. 50	O Salt	Creek_		2. 30	1. 60	
Congress		2. 30 1. 60	0 Suga	r Creel	X`	2. 30 2. 00	1. 60	
East Union Franklin		$egin{array}{c c c} 2. & 30 & 1. & 60 \ 2. & 30 & 1. & 60 \ \end{array}$				2. 30	1. 60	
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Township \		WILLIA	MS COU	JNTY		 j	Limestone	
All townships	· 						\$2. 50	
		WOOL	COUN	TY				
Town ship	Limestone	Towns		imestone			Limestone	
Bloom				\$1. 10	Portage Ross			
CenterFreedom								
Grand Rapids	1. 10) Montgome	ery	1. 40	Washingto	n	_ 1. 30	
Henry	1. 40	Perry		1. 40 1. 40				
Jackson Lake					3		_ 1, 10	
Lake 1. 60 Plain 1. 10 WYANDOT COUNTY								
Antrim	\$1.40				Salem		_ \$1. 40	
Crane	1. 40) Mifflin		_ 1.40	Sycamore_		_ 1.40	
Crawford	1. 40					9	_ 1. 40	
Eden Jackson	1. 40 1. 40	$\begin{array}{c c} Richland \\ Ridge \end{array}$						
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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT AGENCY

Washington, D. C.

1945 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM

NORTH CENTRAL REGION

SOUTH DAKOTA COMMITTEEMAN'S PRACTICE HAND-BOOK

The 1945 Farm Program is designed to assist the farmers of South Dakota to the fullest possible extent in protecting their soils against

damage from erosion and loss of fertility.

The county committee, with the approval of the State committee, may designate those practices which will be approved for payment in the county in order that the farm allowance will be used most effectively to bring about increased conservation, or the county committee may specify for any group of farms a proportion of the farm allowance which may be earned only by carrying out certain designated practices which are very much needed.

A. CONSERVATION PRACTICE ALLOWANCE

The practice allowance is the maximum amount of payment that

may be made for carrying out approved conservation practices.

(1) Except as limited by the practice provisions the allowance for the following special practices shall be the extent of such practices times the approved rates: Contouring Intertilled Crops, Contour Seeding, Establishing Contour Stripcropping, Field Stripcropping, Terracing, Establishing Sod Waterways, Contouring Pastures, Contour Listing, Spreader Ditches, Prairie Dog Control, Prevention of Wind Erosion by Mulching, Harvesting Hayseed, Development of Springs and Seeps, and Fireguards.

(2) The allowance for regular practices shall be the sum of the

following:

(a) 50 cents times the acreage classified as cropland.

(b) An amount for noncrop open pasture determined as follows:

(1) For farms having 2,000 acres or less of noncrop open pasture, multiply the acreage of noncrop open pasture by the larger of the

county rate or 8 cents.
(2) For farms having over 2,000 acres of noncrop open pasture, the allowance will be the larger of \$160 or the acreage of noncrop open pasture times the county rate.

(c) 50 cents times the acreage classified as commercial orchards.

B. CONSERVATION PRACTICES

The practices available for 1945 are those which are most needed in order to conserve and improve soil fertility, improve pasture land, prevent wind and water erosion, and promote conservation and better utilization of water. Assistance will be available through the conservation practice allowance for carrying out the following practices during the program year January 1, 1945, through December 31, 1945. To qualify for payment, each practice must be carried out in accordance with the specifications for that practice and be in keeping with

good farming practices for the locality.

The total extent of any practice performed shall be reduced for purposes of payment by the percentage of the total cost of the practice which the county committee determines was furnished by a State or Federal agency. The extent of any practice shall not be reduced because a portion of the cost is represented by materials, or services furnished by the A. A. A., or equipment furnished by S. C. S., or materials or services furnished by an agency of a State or political subdivision thereof to another agency or political subdivision of the same State, or trees purchased from a Clark-McNary Cooperative State Nursery.

No payment will be made for the following practices on farms or ranching units having 640 acres or more of noncrop open pasture unless an approved grazing management plan, which must be filed with the county committee, has been carried out on the farm or ranching unit: Dams for Livestock Water, Rotation Grazing, Development of Springs and Seeps, Wells, Fireguards, Prairie Dog Control, Seeding

of Depleted Pasture, and Mowing.

All special practices listed under this section are designated by asterisks (**). Practices not designated as special practices will be

considered as regular practices.

(1) **Contouring intertilled crops.—Contour farming of intertilled crops, provided the crop stubble is left standing or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained. Seeding and cultivation shall be performed parallel to the base contour lines. Base contour lines shall reasonably conform with the true contour, and shall be spaced not more than 3 feet apart vertically or 300 feet horizontally. Such base lines shall be permanently marked. If there is danger of erosion in waterways, such waterways must be permanently established in sod. No credit will be given for this practice for any acreage qualifying under

the Contour Stripcropping practices.—\$1 per acre.

(2) **Contour seeding.—Contour seeding, by drilling, of small grain crops, sorghums, millet, and soybeans. Seeding and cultivation shall be performed parallel to the base contour lines. Base contour lines shall reasonably conform with the true contour and shall be spaced not more than 3 feet apart vertically or 300 feet horizontally. Such base lines shall be permanently marked. If there is danger of erosion in waterways, such waterways must be permanently established in sod. No credit will be given for this practice for any acreage qualifying under the Contour Stripcropping practices. All tillage operations in connection with the seeding must be on the contour.—\$0.50 per acre.

(3) **Establishing contour stripcropping.—By growing alternate strips of intertilled crops or fallow with sown, close-drilled, or sod crops, on the contour; *Provided*, (1) The strips are approximately the same width; (2) the strips are not less than 3 rods nor more than 20 rods in width; and (3) the crop stubble is left standing or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained. Seeding and cultivation

shall be performed parallel to the base contour lines. Base contour lines shall reasonably conform with the true contour and shall be spaced not more than 3 feet apart vertically or 300 feet horizontally. Such base lines shall be permanently marked. Buffer strips must be

at least 1 rod in width. \$2.50 per acre.

(4) Maintaining contour stripcropping.—Maintaining contour stripcropping previously established, by growing alternate strips of intertilled crops or fallow with sown, close-drilled, or sod crops, on the contour: Provided, (1) The strips are approximately the same width; (2) the strips are not less than 3 rods nor more than 20 rods in width; and (3) the crop stubble is left standing or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained. When in the normal course of crop rotation it is necessary to have two adjacent strips of sown, close-drilled, or sod crops, payment will be made for the entire field. Seeding and cultivation shall be performed parallel to the base contour lines. Base contour lines shall reasonably conform with the true contour and shall be spaced not more than 3 feet apart vertically or 300 feet horizontally. Such base lines shall be permanently marked. Buffer strips must be at least 1 rod in width.—\$1 per acre.

(5) **Field stripcropping not on the contour.—Growing alternate strips of intertilled crops or fallow with sown, close-drilled, or sod crops: Provided, (1) The strips are approximately the same width; (2) the strips are not less than 3 rods nor more than 20 rods in width; and (3) the crop stubble is left standing, a subsurface tillage operation is performed, or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained. On excessive slopes the strips shall be across the general slope of the land. When in the normal course of crop rotation it is necessary to have two adjacent strips of sown, close-drilled or sod

crops, payment will be made for the entire field:

(a) Where fallow strips are not used.—0\$.50 per acre.
(b) Where fallow strips are used.—\$0.85 per acre.

(6) **Contour listing.—Solid contour listing on cropland, except when carried out on protected summer fallow acreage or as part of a

seeding operation.—\$0.30 per acre.

(7) **Contouring pastures.—Construction of contour furrows on noncrop open pasture land. Payment will be made only if (1) the area contoured has an average slope of less than 8 percent; (2) contour furrows are dammed sufficiently to prevent gullying; and (3) the distance between furrows does not exceed 25 feet, with the furrows proportionately closer together as the degree of slope increases.—\$0.25 per 1,000 lin. ft.

(8) Rip-rap.—The construction of rip-rap of rock, timber, cribs, willow mats, log booms, a combination of this material or other suitable material, along water courses for the control of erosion and protection of farmland. Rip-rap of the above materials may be used as head walls at gully terminals or check dams or on the face of dams.—

\$0.50 per sq. yd. of exposed surface.

(9) **Establishing sod waterways.—Establishing a permanent sod waterway on any cropland where a permanent vegetative cover is necessary in a waterway channel or terrace outlet, or in cultivated orchards. The channel of the waterway must be sufficiently wide to carry the run-off from the drainage area, and must be at least one rod in width at the narrowest point. The channel must contain

adapted sod forming perennial grasses, and a good vegetative growth

must be obtained.—\$0.75 per 1,000 sq. ft.

(10) Maintaining sod waterways.—Maintaining an established sod waterway at least one rod wide at the narrowest point in a field which is devoted to intertilled crops, by lifting the plow when the waterway is crossed, mowing, sodding or reseeding breaks in the sod, protecting from damage by livestock, and by use of other practices necessary to maintain a good vegetative cover. No credit will be given for this practice for any waterway for which credit is given

under Practice (9).-\$0.25 per 1,000 sq. ft.

(11) Protecting summer fallow.—Protecting summer fallowed acreage from wind and water erosion by contour listing, pit cultivation, contour cultivation with a shovel-type implement, cultivation with a rod weeder, or any other implement approved by the county committee, and incorporating stubble and straw into the surface soil. The first tillage operation must be performed by the date set by the State committee and must be followed at such intervals and with such implements as will control weed growth, create a firm seed bed and maintain a cloddy, trashy, or pitted surface. No credit will be given for this practice for any acreage qualifying under the practices for Stripcropping. No credit will be given for this practice if the acreage to be summer fallowed has been burned.—\$1.25 per acre.

(12) **Standard terraces.—With the prior approval of the county committee, construction of standard terraces for which proper outlets are provided. The terraces should be constructed to conform with specifications for standard terraces for the area as recommended by

the U.S. Department of Agriculture.-\$1 per 100 lin. ft.

(13) Seeding of depleted pasture on land designated as noncrop open pasture.—

(a) Seedings consisting solely of timothy, red top, sweet clover, or a

mixture of such crops.—\$0.10 per lb.

(b) Seedings consisting of adapted pasture grasses, with perennial or biennial legumes (except sweet clover), or approved pasture mixtures.—\$0.25 per lb.

(14) Mowing weeds.—Mowing weeds on pasture land a sufficient number of times during the growing season to prevent weed seed formation and improve the stand of grasses or legumes, and by carrying out such other pasture improvement practices as the county committee may require. No hay or seed crop may be taken from the acreage.—\$0.50 per mowing per acre.

(15) Renovation of perennial grasses or legumes.—By disking or springtoothing at such periods and in such a manner as to insure a thicker stand and a better growth of the grasses and legumes. This operation should leave the soil in a suitable condition for partial reseed-

ing if necessary.—\$0.50 per acre.

(16) Rotation grazing.—(Applicable only on farms or ranching units having 640 acres or more of noncrop open pasture land.) Natural reseeding of noncrop open pasture normally grazed during the grazing season by withholding 25 percent of the noncrop open pasture on the ranch or farm from grazing for the period May 15, 1945 to August 31, 1945. The area to be kept free from grazing must be fenced, and the fence maintained sufficiently to prevent entry of livestock. The remaining noncrop open pasture in the operating unit

must not be pastured to such an extent that it will decrease the stand

of grass or injure the forage, tree growth, or watershed.

This practice shall not be approved on grassland which is included within the same boundary with cropland. An area which does not have an available supply of stock water will not be considered normal grazing land. This practice shall not be approved on an area deferred in 1943 or 1944 unless nongrazing of such area again in 1945 would be of material benefit.

This practice shall not be approved for any operator unless he has sufficient livestock to be considered a bona fide livestock operator. If any hay is cut within the boundaries of the deferred area, there will be deducted from the deferred area the acreage on which hay is cut. The operator must submit to the county committee in writing the designation of the nongrazing area before starting the practice.

The rate of payment will be 50 percent of the practice allowance computed with respect to noncrop open pasture, except that if grazing is deferred on less than 25 percent of the noncrop open pasture, a pro-

portionate payment will be made.

(17) Dams for livestock water or erosion control.—Construction of earthen, concrete, or masonry dams and reservoirs, including enlargement of inadequate earthen structures. Earthen dams to be used for livestock water must be staked out for prior approval by the county committee before starting construction of the dam. Such a dam must then be constructed with minimum slopes of 3 to 1 on the upstream side and 2 to 1 on the downstream side, and must have a crown width of one foot for every foot in height of fill, but not exceeding 10 feet. Dams 10 feet or less in height must have a minimum free board of 3 feet. Dams over 10 feet in height must have a minimum free board of 4 feet. Spillways must be of sufficient width to carry the expected overflow from the drainage area. Trickle tubes must be installed where necessary.

Fills for the repair of broken dams constructed under previous programs should not be approved for payment in 1945. However, the county committee may require that such dams be repaired before other practices are approved for payment. Masonry dams must be constructed in a durable and workmanlike manner and must have a sufficiently large weir and a spillway adequate to carry the expected

overflow from the drainage area:

(a) For earth or other material moved.—\$0.10 per cu. yd.

(b) For concrete or masonry used in the development.—\$9 per cu. yd.
(c) For rubble masonry.—\$6 per cu. yd.

(a) For commercially treated lumber.—\$0.05 per bd. ft.
(e) For 24-in. metal culvert or the diameter equivalent.—\$2 per lin. ft.
(f) For 24-in. concrete or glazed clay tile or its diameter equivalent.— \$1.50 per lin. ft.

(18) **Harvesting hay seed.—Harvesting for seed an acreage of alfalfa, red clover, alsike clover, white clover, sweet clover, bromegrass, gramma grasses, buffalo grass, bluestems, and featherbunch grass. To qualify for payment, the following minimum yield per acre must be obtained: for buffalo grass—25 lbs. of seed in the burr; for gramma grasses, bluestems, and featherbunch grass—40 lbs. uncleaned seed. Credit will not be given for more than 25 acres per farm.—\$3.50 per acre.

(19) Weed control.—With prior approval of the county committee, eradication or effective control of seriously infested plots of the following perennial noxious weeds: creeping Jenny, leafy spurge, Canada thistle, and perennial sow thistle. Payment for this practice may be approved only on farms where approved weed-control measures are being carried out on all adjacent infested farms and contiguous land, where the infestation is limited to a single farm, or where the county committee determines that there is no likelihood of reinfestation from adjacent or contiguous land:

(a) By use of sodium chlorate or other chemicals.—\$0.10 per lb.

- (b) By clean tillage.—\$10.00 per acre.
 (c) By clean tillage of land which was clean-tilled under the weed control practice in 1944 and was followed in the fall of 1944 by winter rye, and 1945 tillage operations were begun immediately after the 1945 rye crop was removed.—\$2.50 per acre.
- (20) Go-down crops.—Protecting the soil from wind and water erosion by the use of go-down crops, provided a good vegetative growth is obtained and the crop is not pastured or harvested for hay, grain, seed, or forage, or otherwise taken from the land. Credit will be given for this practice only on land where the go-down crops are necessary for the protection of adjacent crop land. The following crops will qualify: Sudan grass, millet, sweet sorghums, or winter rye seeded in the fall of 1944 at the normal seeding rate for grain. No payment will be made for a rye go-down crop if payment was made for such acreage under the 1944 winter cover crop practice.—\$1.50 per acre.

(21) Green manure crops.—Plowing under, or subsurface tilling of a good stand and a good growth of the following crops. If the land is subject to erosion and the green manure is plowed down in the fall, the green manure crop must be followed by a winter cover crop.—

\$1.50 per acre.

(a) Sweet clover.

(b) Winter rye seeded in the fall of 1944 except that acreage for which a 1944 winter cover crop practice payment was made.

(22) Farm drainage ditches.—With prior approval of the county committee, construction or cleaning out of farm ditches (except ditches constructed or maintained by a drainage district), including lateral and lead ditches, for which proper outlets are provided, and adequate provision is made for entrance of water into and out of the ditches. The ditches must have adequate capacity to remove the normal excess surface water. When ditches are constructed under an approved Pooling Agreement, the \$5 per 100 lin. ft. limitation may be removed.—\$0.08 per cu. yd. of material moved, but not in excess of \$5 per 100 lin. ft.

(23) Ditches for tile drainage.—With prior approval of the county committee, excavation for the purpose of installation of tile drains, provided the size of tile, outlets, and gradient meet the specifications for standard drainage as recommended by the U. S. Department of Agriculture; not less than 75 percent of the area to be drained is cropland, and no part of the tile lines is to be used for any other purpose than the drainage of agricultural land. Payment is limited to tile ditches constructed for drainage of swales, wet spots, and irreg-

ular wet margins of cultivated fields.—\$0.40 per rod.

(24) Establishment or reorganization of the farm irrigation system.—With prior approval of the county committee, establishment or reorganization of the farm irrigation system in accordance with a written plan:

(a) Establishment: For earth moved in leveling cropland for irrigation.—

\$0.08 per cu. yd., but not in excess of \$5.00 per acre.

(b) Reorganization: For earth moved in the construction or reorganization of permanent laterals, dikes, borders, or leveling.—\$0.08 per cu. yd., but not in excess of \$8.00 per acre.

(25) Listing for erosion control.—Listing unprotected cropland at right angles to the prevailing winds, except when carried out on protected summer fallow acreage or as part of a seeding operation.—

\$0.30 per acre.

(26) **Spreader ditches.—With the prior approval of the county committee, construction of ditches or dikes for the diversion and spreading of flood water on cropland, pasture land, or hay land. The gradient of the ditches must be such that there will be no erosion hazards.—\$0.08 per cu. yd. of material moved, but not in excess of \$5.00 per 100 lin. ft.

(27) **Prevention of wind erosion by use of straw or hay.— Covering blow-outs with straw or hay to prevent wind erosion and to

encourage revegetation.—\$1 per ton of material used.

- (28) Wells.—(Applicable only on farms having more than 640 acres of noncrop open pasture.) With prior approval of the county committee, drilling or digging wells, or decpening wells by drilling or digging, which have failed to furnish sufficient water for livestock: Provided (1) A windmill or power plant is installed, except where an adequate flow is obtained without mechanical means; (2) the water is conveyed to a tank or storage reservoir; (3) the well is not developed at or for the use of ranch or farm headquarters. The operator must provide a well-driller's statement showing the depth of the well and dimensions of the casing. A representative of the State committee must give final approval of all well sites and water developments:
 - (a) Wells (except artesian) with casings not less than 4 inches in diameter.—\$2 per ft.

(b) Wells with casings less than 4 inches in diameter, or artesian wells.—

- of the county committee, development of springs and seeps by excavation at the source, and making a supply of water available for livestock: *Provided*, (1) That the source is protected from trampling and at least 20 cubic feet of available water storage is provided, and (2) that the total cost of the development is not less than \$20.00. The minimum payment for a single development under this practice shall be \$15.00, and the maximum payment shall be \$200. This practice is applicable only where it contributes to a better distribution of livestock grazing. No payment will be made under this practice for any storage for which payment is made under the practice for Dams for Livestock Water.
 - (a) Soil or gravel.—\$0.30 per cu. ft.
 (b) Rock formation.—\$0.50 per cu. ft.
- (30) **Fireguards.—With prior approval of the county committee, establishment on noncrop open pasture of fireguards not less than

10 feet in width by plowing furrows or otherwise exposing the mineral soil. Plowing not less than 2 furrows on each side of a strip not less than 20 feet wide from which inflammable vegetation is removed will also qualify. Payment will not be made if any fireguard is used in

connection with controlled burning.—\$0.12 per 100 lin. ft.

(31) Tillage of cropland for water conservation and control of annual weeds.—Cultivation of cropland beginning as soon as possible after the harvest of a small grain crop, but not later than the date set by the State committee, with implements that will leave the crop residue on the surface. Tillage operations should be on the contour where necessary to control erosion and performed frequently enough to control annual weeds. No credit will be given for this practice if the land is devoted to a 1945 fall seeded crop.—\$0.35 per acre.

(32) **Prairie dog control.—Control of prairie dogs on noncrop open pasture by use of poison bait. The bait must be prepared in accordance with approved formulas for the locality. If the application of poison does not effectively control the prairie dogs, follow-up

treatments must be used.—\$0.10 per lb. of poison bait used.

- (33) Tree planting.—Prior approval of the site and of the variety of the tree to be planted must be obtained from the county committee. The plantings must be made in accordance with good tree culture and the new planting must be protected from fire and grazing. The following varieties of trees may be approved for payment provided they are adapted to the particular soil type, climatic conditions, moisture conditions, and site: Russian olive, American elm, Chinese elm, cottonwood, box elder, red cedar, green ash, ponderosa pine, Colorado blue spruce, Black Hills spruce, and Scotch pine.
 - (a) Planting for forest purposes or gully control.—\$1.00 per 100 trees, but not in excess of \$7.50 per acre.

(b) Planting for windbreak purposes.—\$2.00 per 100 trees.

(34) Tree maintenance.—Maintaining for forest purposes, a good stand of at least 300 trees per acre, or for windbreak purposes, a good stand of at least 250 trees per acre, which have been planted between January 1, 1940, and January 1, 1945, by cultivating sufficiently to control other vegetation, protecting from fire and grazing and replanting

if necessary.—\$3.00 per acre.

- (35) Fertilizers.—Application of superphosphate, rock phosphate, or potash, when such material is applied (1) to old stands of biennial and perennial legumes, perennial grasses, or permanent pasture, provided the acreage on which such applications are made is not devoted to or cultivated for any other crop during the program year; (2) to new seedings of biennial or perennial legumes, perennial grasses, winter legumes, lespedeza, or permanent pasture (no credit will be given for materials furnished by the Agricultural Adjustment Agency applied to a seeding if wheat is used as a nurse crop); and (3) to green manure crops in orchards:
 - (a) Application of superphosphate or defluorinated phosphate rock.—\$5.75 per 100 lbs. of available $P_{\text{2}}O_{\text{5}}\text{-}$

(b) Application of rock phosphate.—\$0.60 per 100 lbs.

(c) Application of potash.—\$3.50 per 100 lbs. of available K2O.

C. DEFINITIONS

(1) Farm.—Farm means all adjacent or nearby farm land under the same ownership which is operated by one person, including also: (a) Any other adjacent or nearby farm land which the county committee, in accordance with instructions issued by the Agricultural Adjustment Agency, determines is operated by the same person as part of the same unit with respect to the rotation of crops and with workstock, farm machinery, and labor substantially separate from that for any other lands; and

(b) Any field-rented tract (whether operated by the same or another person) which, together with any other land included in the farm, constitutes a

unit with respect to the rotation of crops.

(c) A farm shall be regarded as located in the county in which the principal dwelling is situated, or if there is no dwelling thereon, it shall be regarded as located in the county in which the major portion of the farm is located.

(2) **Cropland.**—Cropland means farm land which in 1944 was tilled or was in regular rotation, excluding any land which constitutes, or will constitute if such tillage is continued, a wind-erosion hazard to the community, and excluding also, any land in commercial orchards.

(3) Noncrop Open Pasture Land.—Noncrop open pasture land means pasture land (other than rotation pasture land) on which the predominant growth is forage suitable for grazing and on which the number or grouping of any trees or shrubs is such that the land could

not fairly be considered as woodland.

(4) Commercial Orchards.—Commercial orchards means the acreage on the farm in planted or cultivated fruit trees, nut trees, vineyards, hops, or bush fruits (excluding nonbearing orchards and vineyards), from which the major portions of the production is normally sold:

(5) **Person.**—Person means an individual, partnership, association, corporation, estate, or trust, or other business enterprise or other legal entity, and wherever applicable, a State, a political subdivision

of a State, or any agency thereof.

(6) **Producer.**—Producer means any person who as landlord, tenant, or sharecropper, participates in the operation of a farm.

D. NONCROP OPEN PASTURE RATES TO BE USED IN COMPUTING FARM ALLOWANCES

	Rate per acre	County	Rate per acre	County	Rate per acre
County	(cents)				,
Armstrong	5. 0	Fall River	 6. 0	Meade	
Aurora	10. 0	Faulk	9.0	Mellette	
Beadle	12. 0	Grant	18.0	Minor	
Bennett_a	7. 0	Gregory	7. 5	Minnehaha	
Bon Homme	15. 0	Haakon	6.0	Moody	20.0
Brookings	18.0	Hamlin	16. 0	Pennington	
Brown	12.0	Hand	9.0	Perkins	6, 5
Brule	7.5	Hanson	19. 0	Potter	
Buffalo	7.5	Harding	 6. 0	Roberts	
Butte	6.0	Hughes	6. 5	Sanborn	13. 0
Campbell	7. 5	Hutchinson_	18. 0	Shannon	7.0
Charles Mix	8. 0	Hyde	7. 5	Spink	12.0
Clark	15, 0	Jackson	6.0	Stanley	
Clay	18.0	Jerauld	9. 0	Sully	
Codington		Jones	6. 5	Todd	
Corson	5, 5	Kingsbury	15. 0	Tripp	7. 0
Custer	6, 0	Lake	18.0	Turner	21.0
Davison	15. 0	Lawrence	7.0	Union	 19. 0
Day	17. 0	Lincoln	19.0	Walworth	7.5
Deuel	180	Lyman	6. 5	Washabaugh_	6. 5
Dewey	5.5	McCook	21.0	Washington	6.5
Douglas		McPherson -	9.0	Yankton	21.0
Edmunds			4 2 0	Zeibach	5. 5

E. POOLING OF PRACTICE ALLOWANCES

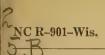
Producers in any local area may agree in writing, with the approval of the State committee, to combine all or any part of their farm allowances, including the special practice allowance for Spreader Ditches when carried out under a Pooling Agreement, for the performance of practices set forth in this section. For purposes of payment, practices carried out under a written Pooling Agreement will be regarded as having been carried out on the farms of the producers who performed the practices. Following are the practices which may be pooled:

- (a) Dams for livestock water or erosion control when the dams are used for erosion control.
 - (b) Spreader ditches.
 - (c) Weed control.

- (d) Establishment or reorganization of the farm irrigation system.
 - (e) Rip-rap.
 - (f) Farm drainage ditches.



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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT AGENCY

Washington, D. C.

1945 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM

NORTH CENTRAL REGION

A

WISCONSIN COMMITTEEMAN'S PRACTICE HANDBOOK

The 1945 Farm Program is designed to assist farmers of Wisconsin to the fullest possible extent in protecting their soils against damage

from erosion and loss of fertility.

The county committee, with the approval of the State committee, may designate those practices which will be approved for payment in the county in order that the farm allowance will be used most effectively to bring about increased conservation, or the county committee may specify for any group of farms a proportion of the farm allowance which may be earned only by carrying out certain designated practices which are very much needed.

A. CONSERVATION PRACTICE ALLOWANCE

The practice allowance is the maximum amount of payment that

may be made for carrying out approved conservation practices.

(1) The allowance for the following special practices shall be an amount equal to 30 percent of the regular practices allowance determined under item (2) below, plus any portion of the regular allowance which is not earned by the performance of regular practices; Establishing Contour Stripcropping, Field Stripcropping to Control Water Erosion, Field Stripcropping to Control Wind Erosion, Green Manure Crops in Commercial Orchards or on Commercial Vegetable Land, Go-Down Crops in Commercial Orchards or on Commercial Vegetable Land, and the Application of Liming Materials.

(2) The allowance for regular practices shall be the sum of the

following, or \$20, whichever is greater:

(a) 50 cents times the acreage classified as cropland.

(b) 50 cents times the acreage classified as noncrop open pasture.(c) 50 cents times the acreage classified as commercial orchards.

B. CONSERVATION PRACTICES

The practices available for 1945 are those which are most needed in order to conserve and improve soil fertility, improve pasture land, prevent wind and water erosion, and promote conservation and better utilization of water. Assistance will be available through the conservation practice allowance for carrying out the following practices during the program year January 1, 1945, through December 31, 1945. To qualify for payment, each practice must be carried out in accordance with the specifications for that practice and be in keeping with good farming practices for the locality.

The total extent of any practice performed shall be reduced for purposes of payment by the percentage of the total cost of the practice which the county committee determines was furnished by a State or Federal agency. The extent of any practice shall not be reduced

because a portion of the cost is represented by materials or services furnished by the A. A. A., or equipment furnished by S. C. S., or materials or services furnished by an agency of a State or political subdivision thereof to another agency or political subdivision of the same State, or trees purchased from a Clark-McNary Cooperative State Nursery.

All special practices listed under this section are designated by asterisks (**). Practices not designated as special practices will be

considered as regular practices.

(1) Contouring intertilled crops.—Contour farming of intertilled crops, provided the crop stubble is left standing, a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained, or the land is fall plowed on the contour. Credit will not be given for this practice on land which has a slope of less than 2 percent. If there is danger of erosion in waterways, such waterways must be permanently established in sod. No credit will be given for this practice for any acreage qualifying under the Contour Strip cropping practices.—\$1.50 per acre.

(2) Contour seeding.—Contour seeding, by drilling, of small grain crops, sorghums, millet, and soybeans. If there is danger of erosion in waterways, such waterways must be permanently established in sod. No credit will be given for this practice for any acreage qualifying under the Contour Stripcropping practices. All tillage operations in connection with the seeding must be on the contour.—\$0.50 per acre.

(3) **Establishing contour stripcropping.—By growing alternate strips of intertilled crops with sown, close-drilled, or sod crops, on the contour: *Provided*, (1) The strips are approximately the same width; (2) the strips are not less than 3 rods nor more than 8 rods in width; and (3) the crop stubble is left standing, a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained, or the land is fall plowed on the contour. Buffer strips must be at least 1 rod in width.—\$2.50 per acre.

(4) Maintaining contour stripcropping.—Maintaining contour stripcropping previously established, by growing alternate strips of intertilled crops with sown, close-drilled, or sod crops, on the contour: Provided, (1) The strips are approximately the same width; (2) the strips are not less than 3 rods nor more than 8 rods in width; and (3) the crop stubble is left standing, a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained, or the land is fall plowed on the contour. When in the normal course of crop rotation it is necessary to have two adjacent strips of sown, close-drilled, or sod crops, payment will be made for the entire field. Buffer strips must be at least 1 rod in width.—\$1.00 per

(5) **Field stripcropping to control water erosion.—By growing alternate strips of intertilled crops with sown, close-drilled, or sod crops: Provided, (1) The strips are approximately parallel and are laid out across the general slope; (2) the strips are approximately the same width; and (3) the strips are not less than 3 rods nor more than 8 rods in width; and (4) the crop stubble is left standing or a good stand of a winter cover crop is obtained. No credit will be given for this practice on land which has a slope of less than 2 percent. Buffer strips must be at least 1 rod in width.—\$0.50 per acre.

(6) **Field Stripcropping to control wind erosion.—By growing alternate strips of intertilled crops with sown, closer-drilled, or sod crops: *Provided*, (1) The strips are approximately parallel and are

laid out at right angles to the prevailing winds or in a continuous "S" so that winds cannot blow parallel to the rows of crops; (2) the strips are not less than 3 rods nor more than 15 rods in width; and (3) except on the strip adjacent to or on the leeward side of a belt of planted coniferous trees at least 12 feet high, the crop stubble must be left standing or a good stand of a winter cover crop must be obtained. Buffer strips must be at least 1 rod in width.—\$0.50 per acre.

(7) Standard terraces.—With prior approval of the county committee, construction of standard terraces for which proper outlets are provided. The terraces should be constructed to conform with specifications for standard terraces for the area as recommended by the U.S.

Department of Agriculture.—\$1 per 100 lin. ft.

(8) Establishing sod waterways.—Maintaining an established sod waterway on any cropland where a permanent vegetative cover is necessary in a waterway channel or terrace outlet, or in cultivated orchards. The channel of the waterway must be sufficiently wide to carry the run-off from the drainage area and must be at least 10 feet in width at the narrowest point. The channel must contain perennial grasses, and a good vegetative growth must be obtained.—\$0.75 per 1,000 sq. ft.

(9) Maintaining sod waterways.—Maintaining an established sod waterway at least 10 feet wide at the narrowest point in a field which is devoted to small grain or intertilled crops, by lifting the plow when the waterway is crossed, mowing, sodding or reseeding breaks in the sod, protecting from damage by livestock, and by use of other practices necessary to maintain a good vegetative cover. No credit will be given for this practice for any waterway for which credit is given under Practice (8).—\$0.25 per 1,000 sq. ft.

(10) Reseeding and renovating depleted pasture on land designated as noncrop open pasture.—The land must be disked or springtoothed sufficiently to prepare a good seed bed if necessary and prac-

ticable, and lime and fertilizer must be applied as needed:

(a) Seedings consisting solely of timothy, red top, sweet clover, or a mixture of such crops.—\$0.10 per lb.

(b) Seedings consisting of adapted pasture grasses, perennial or biennial legumes (except sweet clover), or approved pasture mixtures.—\$0.25 per lb. (c) Disking or springtoothing the land to prepare the soil for reseeding.—

\$0.75 per acre

(11) Mowing weeds.—Mowing weeds on pasture land a sufficient number of times during the growing season to prevent seed formation and improve the stand of grasses and legumes, and by carrying out such other pasture improvement practices as the county committee may require. No hay or seed crop may be taken from the acreage.—

\$0.50 per acre per mowing.

(12) **Go-down crops (applicable only on commercial orchards or commercial vegetable land).—Protecting the soil from wind and water erosion by the use of go-down crops, provided a good vegetative growth is obtained and the crop is not pastured or harvested for hay, grain, seed, or forage, or therwise taken from the land. The following crops will qualify under this practice:

(a) In commercial orchards: Sudan grass, millet, buckwheat, sweet sorghums, oats, barley, wheat, and rye, or mixtures of any of these crops.—\$1.50 per acre.

(b) On commercial vegetable land: Sudan grass, millet, buckwheat, or

sweet sorghums.-\$1.50 per acre.

- (13) Green manure crops.—Disking or plowing under a good stand and a good growth of the following crops. If the land is subject to erosion and the green manure is plowed down in the fall, the land must be protected by a winter cover crop.—\$1.50 per acre.
 - (a) Alsike or red clover turned under in the fall.

(b) Sweet clover.(c) Buckwheat.

(d) Winter rye seeded in the fall of 1944, except that acreage for which a 1944 winter cover crop practice payment was made.

(14) **Green manure crops in commercial orchards or on commercial vegetable land.—Disking or plowing under a good stand and a good growth of the following: Alsike or red clover turned under in the fall, sweet clover, or buckwheat. If the land is subject to erosion and the green manure is plowed down in the fall, the green manure

crop must be followed by a winter cover crop.—\$1.50 per acre.

(15) Farm ditches.—With prior approval of the county committee, construction or cleaning out of farm ditches (except ditches constructed or maintained by a drainage district), including lateral and lead ditches, for which proper outlets are provided, and adequate provision is made for entrance of water into and out of the ditches. The ditches must have sufficient capacity to remove the normal excess surface water.—\$0.08 per cu. yd. of material moved, but not in excess of \$5.00 per 100 lin. ft.

(16) Ditches for tile drainage.—With prior approval of the county committee, excavation for the purpose of installation of tile drains, provided the size of tile, outlets, and gradient meet the specification for standard drainage as recommended by the U. S. Department of Agriculture. No part of the tile lines is to be used for any other pur-

pose than the draining of agricultural land.—\$0.40 per rod.

(17) Harvesting hayseed.—Harvesting for seed an acreage of alfalfa, red clover, alsike, white clover, sweet clover, and Reed's canary grass. Credit will not be given for more than 25 acres per farm.—

\$3.50 per acre.

- (18) Weed control.—With prior approval of the county committee, eradication or effective control of seriously infested plots of the following perennial noxious weeds: Canada thistle, creeping Jenny, leafy spurge, and quack grass. Payment for this practice may be approved only on farms where approved weed control measures are being carried out on all adjacent infested farm and contiguous land, where the infestation is limited to a single farm, or where the county committee determines that there is no likelihood of reinfestation from adjacent or contiguous land. County committees should establish a date by which all weed control practices in the county should be begun. Each farm on which weed control by clean tillage is being carried out, must perform the operation at least every ten days over a period of 8 weeks.
 - (a) By use of sodium chlorate or other chemicals.—\$0.10 per lb.
 (b) By clean tillage (except quack grass).—\$10 per acre.

(c) By clean tillage of quack grass.—\$5 per acre.

(19) **Tree planting.**—Prior approval of the site and of the variety of the tree to be planted must be obtained from the county committee. The plantings must be made in accordance with good tree culture and protected from fire and grazing. The following varieties of trees

may be approved for payment provided they are adapted to the particular soil type, climatic conditions, moisture conditions, and site: Norway pine, jack pine, eastern white pine, white spruce, black spruce, northern white cedar, sugar maple, yellow birch, basswood, American elm, green ash, white ash, white pine, Norway spruce, cottonwood, black locust, and yellow poplar:

(a) Planting for forest purposes or gully control.—\$1 per 100 trees, but not in excess of \$7.50 per acre.

(b) Planting for windbreak purposes.—\$2 per 100 trees.

(20) Tree maintenance.—Maintaining for forest purposes a good stand of at least 300 trees per acre, or for windbreak purposes, a good stand of at least 250 trees per acre, which have been planted between January 1, 1940, and January 1, 1945, by cultivating sufficiently to control other vegetation, protecting from fire and grazing, and replanting if necessary.—\$3 per acre.

(21) Mulching materials.—Application of straw and hav in commercial orchards, in vineyards, on commercial vegetable land, on potato land, or on strawberries or other small fruits. \$5 per ton.

(22) Liming materials (credit rates are contained in NCR-901-Wis., Suppl. I).—Application of the following materials:

(a) One ton of agricultural ground limestone containing at least 80 percent calcium carbonate equivalent, and ground sufficiently fine so that 80 percent, including all of the finer particles obtained in the grinding process, will pass through an 8-mesh sieve. The moisture content at the time of shipment must not exceed 8 percent. The specifications for calcium carbonate content and percent of material passing through an 8-mesh sieve must be such that the multiplication of these specifications will be equal to or in excess of 0.72. If the ground limestone will not qualify with respect to either fineness or calcium carbonate content, or both, the county committee must require a correspondingly greater amount of material

(b) One ton of calcium carbide refuse lime containing at least 85 percent of calcium carbonate and testing not more than 35 percent moisture at the shipping point. A correspondingly greater amount of material must be

required if the material does not meet the specifications.

(c) One cubic yard of marl.

(d) One cubic yard of paper mill refuse lime.(e) One cubic yard of calcareous clay.

(f) One cubic yard of commercial wood ashes.

(g) One ton of byproduct of lead mines, of which 80 percent will pass through an 8-mesh sieve.

(h) One cubic yard of sugarbeet refuse lime.

(i) One ton of commercial burnt lime.

(j) One ton of eggshells.
(k) One ton of burnt lime waste.
(l) One tone of hydrated lime.

(23) Fertilizers.—Application of superphosphate, rock phosphate, or potash, when such material is applied (1) to old stands of biennial and perennial legumes, perennial grasses, or permanent pasture, provided the acreage on which such applications are made is not devoted to, cultivated for, or plowed for any other crop during the program year; (2) to new seedings of biennial or perennial legumes, perennial grasses, winter legumes, or permanent pasture (no credit will be given for materials furnished by the Agricultural Adjustment Agency applied to a seeding if wheat is used as a nurse crop); and (3) to green manure crops in orders:

(a) Application of superphosphate or defluorinated phosphate rock.-\$5.00 per 100 lbs. of available P_2O_5 .

(b) Application of rock pho	sphate.—\$U	0.65 per 100 lbs.	
(c) Application of notash -	-\$3.30 per 10	00 lbs. of available K ₂ U.	
(4) 100 lb a of 0 0 97	¢1 25	(m) 100 lbs. of 0-20-20 \$1. 65	
(a) 100 10s. 01 0-9-21	φ1. 00	() 100 105, 02 0 10 0	
(e) 100 lbs. of 0-10-20	1. 20	(n) 100 lbs. of 2-12-6 80	
(f) 100 lbs. of 0–12–12		(o) 100 lbs. of 3-9-18 1.05	
(a) 100 lbs. of 0-14-7	. 95	(p) 100 100; VI 0 12 12	
(h) 100 lbs. of 0-14-14	1.20	(q) 100 lbs. of 3-18-9 1. 20	
(i) 100 lbs, of 0–18–0	. 90	(7) 100 lbs. 01 4 10 0	
(i) 100 lbs. of 0-19-0	. 95	(8) 100 lbs. of 4-16-080	
(k) 100 lbs. of 0-20-0	1.00	() 100 100. 01 0 0 0======	
(l) 100 lbs. of 0-20-10	1. 35	(u) 100 lbs. of 10-6-445	
(1) 100 108. Of 0-20-10	T' 00	(100 100: 01 10 0 11-1-1	

(24) Sanding cranberry bogs.—Applying sand free from stones or loam to a depth of at least 1/2 inch on fruiting cranberry bogs.-\$5.00 per acre.

CUT-OVER AREA PRACTICES

The cut-over area includes the following counties: Ashland, Barron, Bayfield, Burnett, Chippewa, Clark, Door, Douglas, Dunn, Eau Claire, Florence, Forest, Iron, Langlade, Lincoln, Marathon, Marinette, Oconto, Oneida, Pepin, Pierce, Polk, Price, Rusk, St. Croix, Sawyer,

Shawano, Taylor, Vilas, and Washburn.

(25) Clearing farm land now unsuited for tillage, on farms with less than 60 acres of cropland.—Prior approval by the county committee must be obtained in all cases. All loose stone, stumps, underbrush, and forest-tree growth must be removed and hummocks leveled. No credit will be given for clearing land which is now supporting a stand of merchantable timber. However, approval must not be given where it is clear that water-erosion hazards will result or where the soils of the land to be cleared are not equal to or superior to the soils now under cultivation on the farm. Land on which it appears that it would be necessary to remove stones annually in large quantities should not receive the approval of the committee. Land which must be drained before being put into cultivation must not be approved unless the county committee is assured that adequate draining facilities will be provided by the farmer before the end of the program year. credit will be given if the cost of clearing the land is less than \$20 per acre.—\$10.00 per acre.

(26) Improving pastures.—With prior approval of the county committee, improvement of noncrop open pasture land which the county committee determines will, when improved, be capable of carrying at least one animal unit for each two acres during a pasture season of at least four months. Improvement shall include uprooting and removal of shrubs, leveling hummocks, carrying out an adequate system of mowing, and removing loose stones. Payment will not be made unless sufficient liming materials, fertilizer and seed, where needed, are

applied to obtain a good stand.—\$5 per acre.

(27) Filling and leveling of pot holes on cropland.—Prior approval by the county committee must be obtained in all cases. Payment will be made for filling and leveling pot holes in fields where such depressions constitute a hinderance to the farming operations in such The pot holes must be filled and leveled to such an extent that normal farming operations may be carried out on the entire field. Where necessary, farm ditches to provide drainage may be required.

The county committee at the time of their visit to the farm to give prior approval for this practice, will estimate the number of cubic yards of material necessary to fill all depressions for which approval is given. Payment will be limited to the estimate made by the county committe.—\$0.05 per cu. yd. of material, used in filling the depression.

C. DEFINITIONS

(1) **Farm.**—Farm means all adjacent or nearby farm land under the same ownership which is operated by one person, including also:

(a) Any other adjacent or nearby farm land which the county committee, in accordance with instructions issued by the Agricultural Adjustment Agency, determines is operated by the same person as part of the same unit with respect to the rotation of crops and with workstock, farm machinery,

and labor substantially separate from that for any other lands; and
(b) Any field-rented tract (whether operated by the same or another person) which, together with any other land included in the farm, constitutes

(c) A farm shall be regarded as located in the county in which the principal dwelling is situated, or if there is no dwelling thereon, it shall be regarded as located in the major portion of the farm is

(2) Cropland.—Cropland means farm land which in 1944 was tilled or was in regular rotation, excluding any land which constitutes, or will constitute if such tillage is continued, a wind-erosion hazard to the community, and excluding also, any land in commercial orchards.

(3) Noncrop open pasture land.—Noncrop open pasture land means pasture land (other than rotation pasture land) on which the predominant growth is forage suitable for grazing and on which the number or grouping of any trees or shrubs is such that the land could

not fairly be considered as woodland.

(4) Commercial orchards.—Commercial orchards means the acreage on the farm in planted or cultivated fruit trees, nut trees, vineyards, hops, or bush fruits (excluding nonbearing orchards and vineyards), from which the major portion of the production is normally sold.

(5) **Person.**—Person means an individual, partnership, association, corporation, estate, or trust, or other business enterprise or other legal entity, and, wherever applicable, a State, a political subdivision of a State, or any agency thereof.

(6) Producer.—Producer means any person who as landlord, tenant, or sharecropper, participates in the operation of a farm.

OTHERS SANDERS OF PROPERTY OF PROPERTY BEESTED A PARTIE OF THE PROPERTY OF PRO

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT AGENCY WASHINGTON, D. C.

1945 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM

NORTH CENTRAL REGION

SUPPLEMENT 1 TO WISCONSIN COMMITTEEMAN'S PRACTICE HANDBOOK

1945 CREDIT RATES FOR LIMING MATERIALS—WISCONSIN

Following are the materials for which the credit rates are the same throughout the State:

Type of material	Credit rate
Calcareous clay	\$0.50 per cu. yd.
By-product of lead mines	\$1.10 per ton.
Sugarbeet refuse lime	\$0.90 per cu. yd.
Commercial burnt lime	\$4.00 per ton.
Burnt lime waste	\$1.40 per ton.
Eggshells	\$1.00 per ton.
	\$4.00 per ton.

The following are the credit rates for the other materials for which credit will be given in your county. The rates for limestone and carbide refuse are on a ton basis, and the rates for marl, paper mill refuse, and wood ashes are on a cubic yard basis.

ADAMS COUNTY

ASHLAND COUNTY

50 50

50

	0001			2101137111	.D 00	01111	
Town	Lime- stone	Marl	Paper mill re- fuse	Town	Lime- stone	Carbide refuse	Wood
Adams	2. 20 2. 20 1. 80 2. 10 2. 20 2. 20 2. 20 1. 90 2. 10 1. 80 2. 10 2. 20 2. 20 2. 20 2. 20 2. 20 2. 20	\$1. 10 1. 40 1. 30 1. 20 90 90 1. 40 . 90 1. 40 . 80 1. 10 1. 30 1. 10 1. 30 1. 10 1. 40	\$1. 20 . 90 . 1. 30 1. 20 1. 30 . 80 1. 20 1. 30 1. 30 1. 10 1. 10 1. 10 1. 10 1. 10 1. 10	Agenda	2. 90 2. 90 2. 80 2. 90 2. 90 2. 60 2. 90 2. 90 2. 90 2. 90 2. 90 2. 80	\$2. 00 2. 00	\$0.

BARRON COUNTY

BURNETT COUNTY Lime-Lime-Wood Town Marl Town stone stone ashes Almena_____ \$2, 40 Anderson_____ \$2.80 \$1.00 \$0.80 . 80 Blaine____ 1.40 Arland_____ 2.40 2, 80 2. 50 2. 40 Daniels_____ . 80 1.10 Barron_____ 2. 60 Dewey_____ Bear Lake 2.40 1, 30 . 80 Grantsburg____ 2. 50 2.80 1. 10 . 80 Cedar Lake_____ 2. 70 . 80 2, 50 Jackson.... 1.30 Chetek_____ 2. 60 2. 60 La Follette____ . 80 2, 40 Clinton_____ 1. 10 2. 40 Crystal Lake Lincoln_____ 1.30 . 80 2. 50 Meenon... 2. 40 . 80 1.40 Cumberland_____ Oakland_____ 2, 60 . 80 2.40 1.20 Dallas_____ . 90 . 80 2. 50 2, 50 Dovre_____ Roosevelt_____ Rusk_____ 2, 60 . 80 Doyle_____ 2, 40 1.30 Lakeland_____ 2, 40 2, 60 . 80 Sand Lake_____ 1.30 2. 80 2.40 1.30 . 80 Maple Grove Scott_____

Siren_____

Swiss_____Trade Lake____

Union_____ Weblake_____

West Marshland

Wood River___

2. 50

2.40

2. 00

2, 40

2, 40

2, 40

2.40

2. 40

2.40

2.40

2, 10

BAYFIELD COUNTY

Maple Plain_____

Oak Grove_____ Prairie Farm_____

Prairie Lake_____

Rice Lake_____

Sioux Creek_____

Stanfold_____

Stanley_____

Sumner____ Turtle Lake_____

Vance Creek_____

All towns \$2. 50	All	towns	\$2. 5	50
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BROWN COUNTY

	- 1	
All	towns	 \$1. 40

BUFFALO COUNTY

Alma	\$1.40
Belvidere	1. 40
Buffalo	1.60
Canton	1. 40
Cross	1. 50
Dover	1. 50
Gilmanton	1. 30
Glencoe	1. 50
Lincoln	1.60
Maxville	1. 30
Milton	1.40
Modena	1. 40
Mondovi	1. 30
Montana	1.60
Naples	1.40
Nelson	1.40
Waumandee	1. 60

CALUMET COUNTY

2, 40

2, 50

2. 60

2. 50

2, 80

2, 80

2, 70

1.30

1. 10

1, 10 1, 30

1.40

1. 20

. 90

. 80

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Town	Lime- stone
All towns	\$1. 70

CHIPPEWA COUNTY

Town	Lime-	Marl
10WII	stone	MINI
Anson	\$2, 00	\$1,00
Arthur	2. 10	1.00
Auburn	2. 10	1.00
Birch Creek	2. 40	1.00
Bloomer	2. 00	1. 00
Cleveland	2. 30	1. 00
Colburn	2. 20	1. 00
Cooks Valley	1. 90	1. 00
Delmar	2. 20	1.00
Eagle Point	2. 00	1. 00
Edson	2. 20	1.00
Estella	2. 30	1. 00
Goetz	2. 00	1. 00
Hallie	1. 90	1. 00
Holcombe	2. 40	1.00
Howard	2. 00	1. 00
LaFayette	2. 00	1.00
Ruby	2. 40	1.00
Sampson	2. 30	1.00
Sigel	2. 10	1.00
Tilden	2. 00	1.00
Wheaton	1. 90	1.00
Woodmohr	2. 00	1. 00

CLARK COUNTY

Town Lime-stone Paper mill refuse Wood ashes All towns \$2.40 \$1.20 \$1.20

COLUMBIA COUNTY

Town	Lime- stone
Arlington Caledonia Columbus Courtland Dekorra Fort Winnebago Fountain Prairie Hampden Leeds Lewiston Lodi Lowville Marcellon Newport Otsego	\$1. 30 1. 60 1. 30 1. 40 1. 40 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30
Pacific	1. 30 1. 30 1. 40 1. 30 1. 50 1. 30

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Bridgeport	\$1.50
Clayton	1. 50
Eastman	
Freeman	1. 50
Haney	1. 20
Marietta	
Prairie du Chien	1. 40
Scott	1. 20
Seneca	1. 30
Utica	1. 30
Wauzeka	1. 20

DANE COUNTY

Albion	\$1.30
Berry	1. 10
Black Earth	1. 10
Blooming Grove	1. 30
Blue Mounds	
Bristol	1. 30
Burke	1. 30
Christiana	1. 30
Cottage Grove	1, 20
Cross Plains	

DANE COUNTY—Continued

Town	Lime- stone
Dane	\$1. 30
Deerfield	1. 30
Dunkirk	1. 30
Dunn	1. 30
Fitchburg	1. 10
Madison	1. 10
Mazomanie	1. 20
Medina	1. 30
Middleton	1. 10
Montrose	2.00
Oregon	1. 30
Perry	1. 10
Pleasant Springs	1. 30
Primrose	1.00
Roxbury	1. 40
Rutland	1. 30
Springdale	1.00
Springfield	1. 30
Sun Prairie	1. 30 1. 00
Vermont	1. 00 1. 10
Verona	
Vienna	1. 30
Westport	1. 30
Windsor	1. 30
York	1. 30
	l

DODGE COUNTY

Ashippun	\$1. 50
Beaver Dam	1. 50
Burnett	1. 40
Calamus	1. 30
Chester	1. 50
Clyman	1. 50
Elba	1. 30
Emmet	1. 50
Fox Lake	1. 40
Herman	1. 30
Hubbard	1. 30
Hustisford	1. 50
Lebanon	1. 50
Leroy Lomira	1. 40
Lomira	1. 40
Lowell	1. 30
Oak Grove	1. 30
Portland	1. 30
Rubicon	1. 50
Shields	1. 50
Theresa	1. 30
Trenton	1. 50
Westford	1. 30
Williamstown	1. 30

DOOR COUNTY

ĺ		
ı	Baileys Harbor	\$1, 80
-	Brussels	1. 60
	Claybanks	1, 60
1	Egg Harbor	1. 80

DOOR COUNTY—Continued

Town	Lime- stone
Forestville Gardner Gardner Gibraltar Jacksonport Liberty Grove Nasewaupee Sevastopol Sturgeon Bay Union Washington	\$1, 60 1, 60 1, 80 1, 80 1, 60 1, 60 1, 60 2, 10

DOUGLAS COUNTY

Town	Lime- stone	Paper mill refuse
Amnicon Bennett Brule City of Superior Cloverland Dairyland Gordon Hawthorne Highland Lakeside Maple Oakland Parkland Solon Springs Summit Superior Wascott	\$2. 80 2. 50 2. 80 2. 50 2. 80 2. 60 2. 50 2. 50 2. 40 2. 80 2. 70 2. 40 2. 70 2. 40 2. 50 2. 50	\$1. 50 1. 70 1. 40 1. 70 1. 80 1. 80 1. 50 1. 60 1. 50 1. 40 1. 80 1. 50 1. 40 1. 90

DUNN COUNTY

Town	Lime- stone
Colfax	\$1. 80
Dunn	1. 60
Eau Galle	1. 60
Elk Mound	1, 70
Grant	1. 80
Hay River	1, 60
Lucas	1. 60
Menomonie	1. 60
Now Hoven	1. 80
New Haven	
Otter Creek	1. 70
Peru	1. 60
Red Cedar	1. 60
Rock Creek	1, 70
Sand Creek	2, 00
Sheridan	1, 80
Charman	1. 50
Sherman	
Spring Brook	1. 70
Stanton	1. 60
Tainter	1. 60
Tiffany	1. 60
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

DUNN COUNTY-Continued

Town	Lime- stone
WestonWilson	\$1. 70 1. 90
EAU CLAIRE COUNTY	
Bridge Creek	\$1 90

	Bridge Creek	\$1. 90
	Brunswick	1. 60
	Clear Creek	1. 70
	Drammen	
l	Fairchild	
ľ	Lincoln	
	Ludington	
	Otter Creek	1. 80
	Pleasant Valley	1. 60
	Seymour	
	Union	
	Washington	
ı	Wilson	2. 10

FLORENCE COUNTY

Aurora	\$2.40
Commonwealth	2. 50
Fence	
Fern	2. 50
Florence	2. 50
Homestead	
Long Lake	2. 50
Tipler	2. 50

FOND DU LAC COUNTY

l i	
Alto	\$1, 50
Ashford	1. 50
Auburn	1. 60
Byron	1. 30
Calumet	1. 50
Eden	1. 40
Eldorado	
Empire	1. 40
Fond du Lac	1. 40
Forest	1. 40
Friendship	
Lamartine	1. 40
Marshfield	1. 50
Metomen	1. 50
Oakfield	1. 40
Osceola	1. 50
Ripon	1. 10
Rosendale	1. 50
Springvale	1. 50
Taycheedah	1. 40
Waupun	1. 40

FOREST COUNTY

AlvinArgonne	\$2.	50
Argonne	2.	10

FOREST COUNTY-Continued

Town Lime-stone Armstrong Creek \$2. 10 Blackwell 2. 20 Caswell 2. 10 Crandon 2. 10 Freedom 2. 20 Hiles 2. 20 Laona 2. 20 Lincoln 2. 10 Nashville 2. 20 Popple River 2. 20 Ross 2. 20 Wabeno 2. 20

GRANT COUNTY

Beetown	\$1. 10
Bloomington	1. 10
Boscobel	1. 10
Cassville	1. 00
Castle Rock	1. 10
Clifton	. 90
Ellenboro	1.00
Fennimore	1. 00
Glen Haven	1. 00
Harrison	1. 10
Hazel Green	1.00
Hickory Grove	1. 10
Jamestown	1.00
Liberty	1. 00
Lima	1. 00
Little Grant	1. 00
Marion	1. 10
Millville	1. 20
Mount Hope	1. 10
Mount Ida	1. 10
Muscoda	1. 20
North Lancaster	1. 00
Paris	1. 00
Patch Grove	1. 10
Platteville	1. 00
Potosi	1. 10
Smelser	1. 00
South Lancaster	1. 00
Waterloo	1. 10
Watterstown	1. 10
Wingville	. 90
Woodman	1. 20
Wyalusing	1. 20

GREEN COUNTY

Adams	\$1. 10
Albany	1. 20
Brooklyn	1. 10
Cadiz	1. 10
Clarno	1. 10
Decatur	1. 20
Exeter	1. 10

GREEN COUNTY-Continued

Town	Lime- stone
Jefferson	\$1, 10
Jordan	1. 10
Monroe	1. 10
Mount Pleasant	1. 10
New Glarus	1, 10
Spring Grove	1. 10
Sylvester	1. 10
Washington	1 10
York	1. 10

GREEN LAKE COUNTY

Berlin	\$1. 30
Brooklyn	1. 20
Green Lake	1. 30
Kingston	1. 30
Mackford	1. 30
Manchester	1. 30
Marquette	1. 30
Princeton	1. 30
St. Marie	1. 40
Seneca	1. 40

IOWA COUNTY

Arena	\$1. 20
Brigham	1. 10
Clyde	1. 20
Dodgeville	1. 00
Eden	1. 10
Highland	1. 10
Linden	1. 10
Mifflin	1. 20
Mineral Point	1, 00
Moscow	1. 00
Pulaski	1. 20
Ridgeway	1. 10
Waldwick	1. 00
Wyoming	1. 20

IRON COUNTY

Anderson	\$2, 40
Carey	2. 40
Gurney	2. 30
Kimball	2. 30
Knight	2, 40
Mercer	2. 30
Oma	
Pence	2. 40
Saxon	2. 30
Sherman	2. 30

JACKSON COUNTY

JEFFERSON COUNTY

Town	Lime- stone
All towns	\$1. 30

JUNEAU COUNTY

Armenia \$1. 80 \$0. 90 Clearfield 1. 40 1. 10 Cutler 1. 80 90 Finley 1. 80 90 Fountain 1. 40 40 Germantown 1. 40 40 Kildare 1. 40 40 Kingston 1. 80 40 Lemonweir 1. 40 40 Lisbon 1. 40 40 Lyndon 1. 40 90 Marion 1. 40 90 Necedah 1. 40 90 Plymouth 1. 40 90 Seven Mile Creek 1. 40 40 Summit 1. 40 40 Wonewoc 1. 40 1. 40	Town	Lime- stone	Paper mill refuse
	Clearfield Cutler Finley Fountain Germantown Kildare Kingston Lemonweir Lindina Lisbon Lyndon Marion Necedah Orange Plymouth Seven Mile Creek Summit	1. 40 1. 40 1. 80 1. 40 1. 40	1. 10 . 90

KENOSHA COUNTY

Town	Lime- stone
Brighton Bristol Paris Pleasant Prairie Randall Salem Somers Wheatland	\$1. 50 1. 70 1. 70 1. 70 1. 60 1. 60 1. 60
KEWAUNEE COUNTY	

All towns \$1.80 LA CROSSE COUNTY

All towns	 \$1.60

LAFAYETTE COUNTY

LANGLADE COUNTY

Town	Lime- stone	Wood ashes
Ackley Ainsworth Antigo Elcho_ Elcho_ Evergreen Langlade Norwood Parrish Peck Polar Price Rolling Summit Upham Vilas Wolf River	\$2. 40 2. 70 2. 40 2. 60 2. 40 2. 30 2. 50 2. 30 2. 50 2. 60 2. 60 2. 60 2. 60 2. 50	\$1. 40 1. 40
11 011 1017 01 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2. 50	1. 40

LINCOLN COUNTY

Town	Lime- stone	Paper mill refuse	·Wood ashes
Birch	\$2. 50	\$0. 90	\$0. 80
Bradley	2. 50	. 50	. 80
Corning	2. 50	. 90	. 80
Harding	2. 50	. 90	. 80

Town	Lime- stone	Paper mill refuse	Wood ashes
King Merrill Pine River Rock Falls Russell Schley Scott Skanawan Somo Tomahawk	2. 50 2. 50	\$0. 90 . 70 . 90 . 90 . 90 . 90 . 90 . 70 . 90 . 70 . 70	\$0. 80 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 80 . 80

MANITOWOC COUNTY

Town	Lime- stone	
All towns	\$1. 50	

MARATHON COUNTY

Town		ne- onę	M	arl		per ill ise	Wood
Bergen	\$2.	50	\$1.	20	\$0.	90	
Berlin	2.	50	1.		1.	40	\$1. 50
Bern	2.	50	1.			60	
Bevent	2.	50	1.			20	
Brighton	2.	50	1.			$\frac{1}{40}$	
Cassel	2.	50	1.			20	
Cleveland	2.	50	1.	20		$\overline{20}$	
Day	2.	50	1.	20		20	
Easton	2.	50	1.	20		30	
Eau Pleine	2.	50	1.	20		30	
Elderon	2.	50	1.	20		20	
Emmet	2.	50	1.	20	1.	00	
Flieth	2.	50	1.	20	1.	00	
Frankfort	2.	50	1.	20	1.	30	
Franzen	2.	50	1.	20	1.	30	
Green Valley _	2.	50	1.	20	1.	10	
Guenther	2.	50	1.	20		10	
Halsey	2.	50		20		50	
Hamburg	2.	50	-	20	1.	40	1. 50
Harrison	2.	50	1.	20		70	
Hewitt	2.	50		20		60	
Holton	2.	50		20	-	60	
Hull	2.	50		20		40	
Johnson	2.	50		20			
Knowlton	2.	50	-	20		90	
Kronenwetter_	2.	50		20		80	. 80
McMillan	2.	50		20		30	
Maine		50		20		50	1. 50
Marathon		50		20		10	
Mosinee		50		20			
Norrie		50	1.	20		$\frac{30}{100}$	
Plover		50	1.	20		40	
Reid	2.	50	1.	20	1.	10 .	

LINCOLN COUNTY—Continued | MARATHON COUNTY—Continued

Town	Lir		Marl		Paper mine refuse	Wood
Reitbrock	2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.	50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	1. 00 1. 20 1. 40 1. 30	\$1.50

MARINETTE COUNTY

Town	Lime- stone
All towns	\$2. 30

MARQUETTE COUNTY

Town	Lime- stone	Marl	Paper mill refuse
Buffalo Crystal Lake Douglas Harris Mecan Montello Moundville Neshkoro Newton Oxford Packwaukee Shields Springfield Westfield	\$1. 30 1. 60 1. 70 1. 70 1. 60 1. 40 1. 70 1. 80 1. 60 1. 60 1. 90 1. 80	\$0. 90 . 70 1. 00 . 90 . 70 . 90 . 60 . 90 1. 00 . 70 1. 00 1. 00	\$1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00

MILWAUKEE COUNTY

Town	Lime- stone
All towns	\$1. 60

MONROE COUNTY

	Adrian	\$1. 60
l	Angelo	1. 40
l	Byron	1. 70
	CIII OH	1. 40
	Glendale	1. 40
	Grant	1. 80

MONROE COUNTY—Cont.

PEPIN COUNTY

Town	Lime- stone	Town		Lime- stone
C C I I	01 70			
Greenfield	\$1. 70	Albany		
Jefferson	1. 40	Durand		1. 30
Lafayette	1. 40	Frankfort		1. 40
LaGrange	1. 60 1. 40	Lima		1. 30
Leon	1. 40	Pepin		1. 50
Lincoln	1. 80	Stockholm		1. 60
Little Falls	1. 80	Waterville		1. 40
New LymeOakdale	1. 50			1. 30
Portland	1. 40			1
Ridgeville	1. 50			
Scott	1. 80	PIERCE CO	JNTY	
Sheldon	1. 50	·		
Sparta	1. 40	ATT		04.00
Tomah.	1. 50	All towns		\$1. 80
Wellington	1. 40			
Wells	1. 40			
Wilton	1. 50	POLK COU	NTY	
W 110011	1, 00			
OCONTO COUNTY	<u> </u>	Town	Lime- stone	Marl
A 11. 4	\$2. 00	Alden	_ \$1. 50	\$1.00
All towns	\$2.00	Apple River	_ 1. 60	1. 00
	<u> </u>	Balsam Lake	_ 1. 60	1. 00
ONTER L CONNERS		Beaver	_ 1. 70	1. 00
ONEIDA COUNTY		Black Brook	_ 1. 60	1. 00
		Bone Lake	_ 1. 80	1. 00
431.4	00 50	Clam Falls	_ 1. 80	1. 00
All towns	\$2. 50	Clayton	_ 1. 70	1. 00
		Clear Lake	_ 1. 70	⁻ 1. 00
		Eureka	_ 1. 70	1. 00
OUTAGAMIE COUNTY		Farmington	_ 1. 50	1. 00
		Garfield	1. 50	1. 00
		Georgetown	_ 1.80	1. 00
Black Creek	\$1. 20	Johnstown		1. 00
Bovina	1. 20	Laketown	- 1. 80	1. 00
Buchanan	1. 40	Lincoln	1. 60	1. 00
Center	1. 20	Lorain	- 1.80	1. 00
Cicero	1. 10	Luck	1. 80	1. 00
Dale	1. 10	McKinley	1. 80	1. 00
Deer Creek	1. 30	Milltown	- 1. 70	1. 00
Ellington	1. 10	Osceola Follo	- 1. 50	1. 00
Freedom	1. 30	St. Croix Falls		1. 00
Grand Chute	1. 30	Sterling	1. 80	1. 00
Greenville	1. 20	West Sweden	_ 1. 80	1. 00
Hortonia	1. 10			
Kaukauna	1. 40	PORTAGE CO	TINTTY	
Liberty	1. 20	TORTAGE CC	UNII	
Maine	1. 20			
Maple Creek	1. 20	Lime-	Paper	
Oneida	1. 30	Town stone M	farl mill	achoe
Osborn	1. 20		refuse	402.00
Seymour	1. 20			
Vandenbroek	1. 30	Alban\$2. 10 \$1	. 00	\$1. 30
			. 00 \$1. 10	
			. 00	1. 30
OZAUKEE COUNTY			. 00	1. 20
		Buena Vista 1, 60 1	. 00 . 90	
			00 1, 10	
All towns	\$1. 10		. 00 1. 10	
			. 00 1. 10	
			. 00 2. 1	- I I

PORTAGE COUNTY-Cont.

Town	Lime- stone	Marl	Marl Paper mill refuse	
Grant Hull Lanark Linwood New Hope Pine Grove Plover Sharon Stockton	\$2. 10 2. 10 1. 60 2. 10 1. 80 2. 10 2. 10 2. 10 1. 80	1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00	. 90	1. 30 1. 20 1. 40 1. 30 1. 40 1. 30

PRICE COUNTY

Town	Lime- stone	Paper mill refuse	Car- bide refuse	Wood ashes
All towns	\$2. 40	\$1. 20	\$1. 80	\$0. 80

RACINE COUNTY

little of the second	Lime-
Town	stone
Burlington Caledonia Dover Mount Pleasant Norway Raymond Rochester Waterford Yorkville	\$1. 40 1. 60 1. 60 1. 50 1. 60 1. 60 1. 60 1. 60

RICHLAND COUNTY

Alan	01 00
Akan	\$1. 60
Bloom	1. 60
Buena Vista	1. 60
Dayton	1. 60
Eagle	1. 60
Forest	1. 60
Henrietta	1. 70
Ithaca	1. 60
Marshall	1. 60
Orion	1. 60
Richland	1. 60
Richwood	1. 60
Rock Bridge	1. 70
Sylvan	1. 60
Westford	1. 70
Willow	1. 70

ROCK COUNTY

			-	
	own.	D. T. V.	<i>h</i>	Lime- stone
Avon				\$1. 10
Beloit				1. 10
Bradford			100	1. 10
Center				1. 10
Clinton				1. 10
Fulton	1 2 2 2			1. 30
Harmony	No.			1. 20
Janesville				1, 30
Johnstown				1. 20
La Prairie			2	1. 10
Lima				1. 20
Magnolia				1. 10
Milton				1. 20
Newark				1. 10
Plymouth				1. 10
Porter				1. 30
Rock				1. 10
Spring Valley				1. 10
Turtle				1. 10
Union				1. 30
				1, 00

RUSK COUNTY

Town	Lime- stone	Carbide refuse
All towns	\$2. 50	\$1. 80

ST. CROIX COUNTY

Town	Lime- stone
All towns	\$1. 80

SAUK COUNTY

Baraboo	\$1.70
Bear Creek	1. 80
Dellona	1. 80
Delton	1. 80
Excelsior	1. 90
Fairfield	1. 60
Franklin	1. 40
Freedom	1. 70
Greenfield	1.60
Honey Creek	1. 40
Ironton	1, 40
LaValle	1, 50
Merrimac	1. 50
Prairie du Sac	1. 30
Reedsburg	1. 80
Spring Green	1.40
Sumpter	1. 30
Troy	1, 40
Washington	1. 40

SAUK COUNTY—Continued

Town Lime-stone Westfield \$1.70 Winfield 1.80 Woodland 1.50

SAWYER COUNTY

Bass Lake	\$2. 50
Couderay	2. 50
Draper	2. 50
Edgewater	2. 50
Hayward	2. 50
Hunter	
Lenroot	
Meadow Brook	2. 50
Meteor	2. 50
Ojibwa	2. 50
Radisson	2. 40
Round Lake	2. 70
Sand Lake	2. 50
Spider Lake	2. 80
Weirgor	2. 50
Winter	2. 50

SHAWANO COUNTY

	01 =0
Almon	\$1.70
Angelica	1. 40
Aniwa	1. 70
Bartelme	1. 60
Belle Plaine	1. 40
Birnamwood	1. 70
Fairbanks	1. 60
Germania	1. 60
Grant	1. 60
Green Valley	1. 40
Hartland	1. 40
Herman	1. 50
Hutchins	1. 70
Lessor	1. 40
Maple Grove	1. 40
Morris	1. 60
Morris Navarino	1. 40
Pella	1. 50
Red Springs	
Richmond	1. 50
Seneca	1. 50
Washington	1. 50
Waukechon	1. 40
Waggett	1. 50
Wescott	1. 60
Wittenberg	1. 00
	1

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY

Al	towns	 	 \$1. 70
			A STATE OF THE STA

TAYLOR COUNTY

the state of the s		
Town	Lime- stone	Carbide refuse
Aurora Browning Chelsea Cleveland Deer Creek Ford Goodrich Greenwood Grover Hammel Holway Jump River Little Black McKinley Maplehurst Medford Molitor Pershing Rib Lake Roosevelt Taft Westboro	2. 50 2. 50	\$1.60
	- 0	

TREMPEALEAU COUNTY

Town	Lime- stone
Albion	\$1. 50
Arcadia	1.40
Burnside	1.60
Caledonia	1. 50
Chimney Rock	1.60
Dodge	1. 50
Ettrick	1. 60
Gale	1, 50
Hale	. 1. 60
Lincoln	1, 50
Pigeon	1. 60
Preston	1. 60
Sumner	1.70
Trempealeau	1. 50
Unity	1. 50
	-1.00

VERNON COUNTY

The second secon	
Bergen	\$1.40
Christiana	1. 40
Clinton	1. 50
Coon	1. 40
Forest	1. 50
Franklin	1. 40
Genoa	1. 40
Greenwood	1. 50
Hamburg	1. 40
Harmony	1.40
Hillsboro	1. 50
Jefferson	1. 40
Kickapoo	1. 40
	1

· ·	
Town	Lime- stone
Y 11	
Liberty	\$1.40
Stark	1. 50
Sterling	1. 40
Union	1. 50
Viroqua	
Webster	1. 50
Wheatland	1. 40
Whitestown	1. 50

VILAS COUNTY

Arbor Vitae	\$2.60
Boulder Junction	3. 00
Cloverland	2.60
Conover	
Eagle River	2. 60
Flambeau	2.70
Lincoln_	2.60
Manitowish Waters	2.70
Phelps	2.60
Plum Lake	2.70
Presque Isle	2. 80
St. Germain	2. 60
State Line	2. 60
Washington	2. 60
Winchester	2. 70

WALWORTH COUNTY

Bloomfield	\$1.50
Darien	1. 10
Delavan	1.30
East Troy	2.00
Geneva	1. 50
Lafayette	1.80
LaGrange	1.80
Linn	1. 30
Lyons	1.80
Richmond	1. 30
Sharon	. 90
Spring Prairie	2.00
Sugar Creek	1. 50
Troy	2.00
Walworth	1. 10
Whitewater	1. 50

WASHBURN COUNTY

Town	Lime- stone	Marl
BarronettBashawBass Lake	\$2. 50 2. 50 2. 50	\$1. 40 1. 20 1. 10

VERNON COUNTY—Continued | WASHBURN COUNTY—Cont.

Town	Lime- stone	Marl
Beaver Brook	\$2, 50 2, 50	\$1. 20 1. 20 1. 30 1. 10 1. 30 1. 10 1. 70 1. 20 1. 10 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 30 1. 10
StirmettStone LakeTrego	2. 50 2. 50 2. 50	1. 20 1. 10 1. 20

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Town	Lime- stone
A 1.1*	01 00
Addison	\$1. 30
Barton	1. 30
Erin	1.40
Farmington	1. 30
Germantown	1.40
Hartford	1. 50
Jackson	1. 30
Kewaskum	1. 30
Polk	1. 30
Richfield	1. 40
Trenton	1. 30
Wayne	1. 50
West Bend	1. 30
	100

WAUKESHA COUNTY

Brookfield	\$1. 50
Delafield	1. 50
Eagle	1. 60
Genesee	1.40
Lisbon	1. 30
Menomonee	1. 50
Merton	1. 50
Mukwonago Muskego	1. 50
Muskego	1. 50
New Berlin	1, 50
Oconomowoc	
Ottawa	1. 50
Pewaukee	1.40
Summit	1, 50
Vernon	1, 50
Waukesha	1, 50

WAUPACA COUNTY

Town	Lime- stone	Marl	Wood ashes
Bear Creek Caledonia Dayton Dupont Farmington Fremont Harrison Helvetia Lola Larrabee Lebanon Lind Little Wolf Matteson Mukwa Royalton	\$1. 30 1. 00 1. 50 1. 30 1. 30 1. 10 1. 50 1. 40 1. 40 1. 30 1. 30 1	\$0. 70 . 70 . 70 . 70 . 70 . 70 . 70 . 70	
St. Lawrence Scandinavia Union Waupaca Weyauwega Wyoming	1. 30 1. 30 1. 40 1. 20 1. 10 1. 40	. 70 . 70 . 70 . 70 . 70 . 70	. 70 . 70 . 70 . 70 . 70 . 70

WAUSHARA COUNTY

	1000		The same of
Town	Lime- stone	Marl	Paper mill refuse
Aurora	\$1, 40	\$0. 80	wall with
Bloomfield	1. 10	1. 10	
Coloma		. 80	10.00
Dakota	1. 60	. 70	
Deerfield	1. 60	. 80	
Hancock	1. 80	. 80	
Leon	1. 30	. 70	
Marion	1. 60	. 70	551151
Mount Morris		. 70	1-11-12
Oasis	1. 50	. 80	\$1. 10
Plainfield	_ 1.60	. 80	1. 10
Poysippi	1. 20	. 90	
Richford	_ 1.80	. 70	
Rose	1. 50	. 70	1. 10
Saxeville	_ 1. 30	1. 10	
Springwater	_ 1.40	. 70	
Warren		. 70	
Wautoma	_ 1. 50	70	13/1

WINNEBAGO COUNTY

The state of the s	
Town	Lime- stone
	01.00
Algoma	\$1. 30
Black Wolf	1. 30
Clay ton	1. 40
Menasha	1. 20
Neenah	1. 20
Nekimi	1. 30
Nepeuskun	1. 40
Omro	1. 40
Oshkosh	1, 30
Poygan	1. 40
Rushford	1, 40
Utica	
Vinland	1. 30
Winchester	1. 10
Winneconne	
Wolf River	1. 10
	THE REAL PROPERTY.

WOOD COUNTY

It is a second of the second o		
Town	Lime- stone	Paper mill refuse
Arpin	\$2, 30	
Auburndale		THE PERSON
Cameron		CARL DE
Cary	2. 30	\$1, 10
Cranmoor	2. 30	. 70
Dexter	2. 30	1. 10
Grand Rapids	2. 30	. 80
Hansen	2. 30	. 90
Hiles	2. 30	1. 10
Lincoln	2. 30	
Marshfield	2. 30	
Milladore	2. 30	
Port Edwards	2. 30	. 80
Remington	2. 30	. 90
Richfield	2. 30	1. 10
Rock	2. 30	
Rudolph	2. 30	. 90
Saratoga	2. 30	. 80
Seneca		1. 10
Sherry	2. 30	1. 10
Sigel	2. 30	. 90
Wood	2. 30	1. 10
		17 1000

LIBRARY
CURRENT SERIAL RECORD

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U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE